

KEK物質構造科学研究所
パルス中性子ミュオン発生40周年記念
オンラインシンポジウム
20201223

Grand design of neutron instruments in J-PARC

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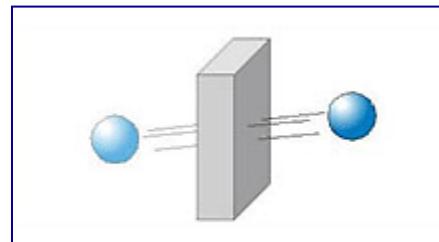
Toshiji
Kanaya

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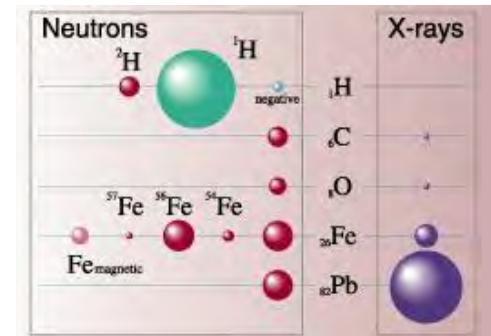
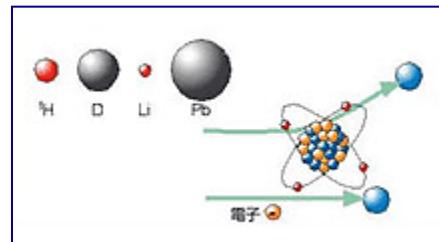
1. Focusing points for grand design for J-PARC instruments
 - Science:
 - Characteristic features of neutron
 - Science and industrial use
 - Current status and future direction in the world
 - Complementary use of pulse and steady neutron
 - Operation system (KEK, JAEA, Ibaraki, CROSS)
 - Human resource development
 - Collaboration quantum beams
2. Discussion with community and grand design
3. Construction of instruments
4. Evaluation of instruments and future problems

Characteristic features of neutron

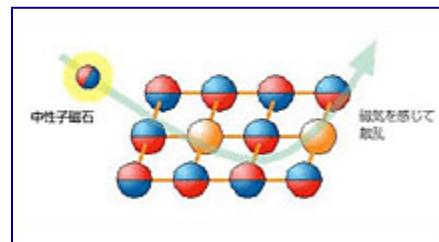
1. High penetration capability



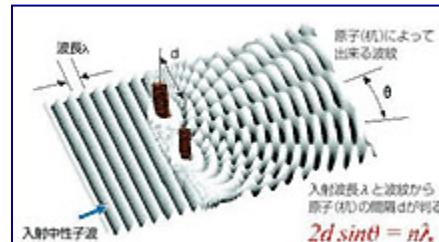
2. Distinction of isotopes



3. Small magnet

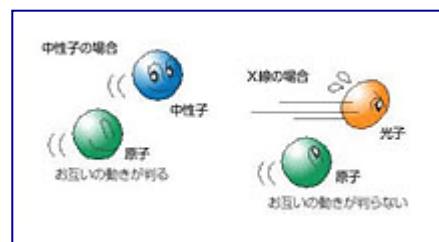


4. Structure study



Bragg's law
 $2dsin\theta=n\lambda$

5. Dynamic study



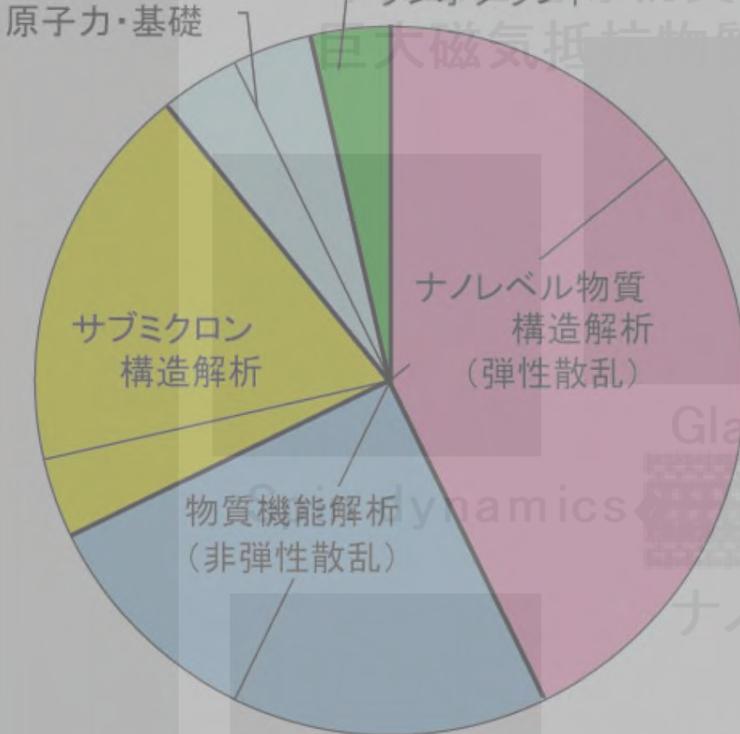
$$300 \text{ K} = 25.8 \text{ meV} = 1.8 \text{ \AA}$$

Use of Neutron

Industrial use



中性子利用の予想研究分野 (学術利用と産業利用のバランス)



大学等からの利用は2000人以上と予想されている。



Pulse neutron sources in the world : new era of neutron researches

5MW

ESS
欧洲
2019~



ISIS, RAL

UK

TS2
2008~

0.16MW

0.3MW



CSNS
China
2019~
500kW

MLF, J-PARC
Japan
2008~

1MW



IPNS, ANL
@Illinois, USA
0.01MW

LANSCE, LANL
@Los Alamos, USA
0.06MW

SNS, ORNL
USA
2006~

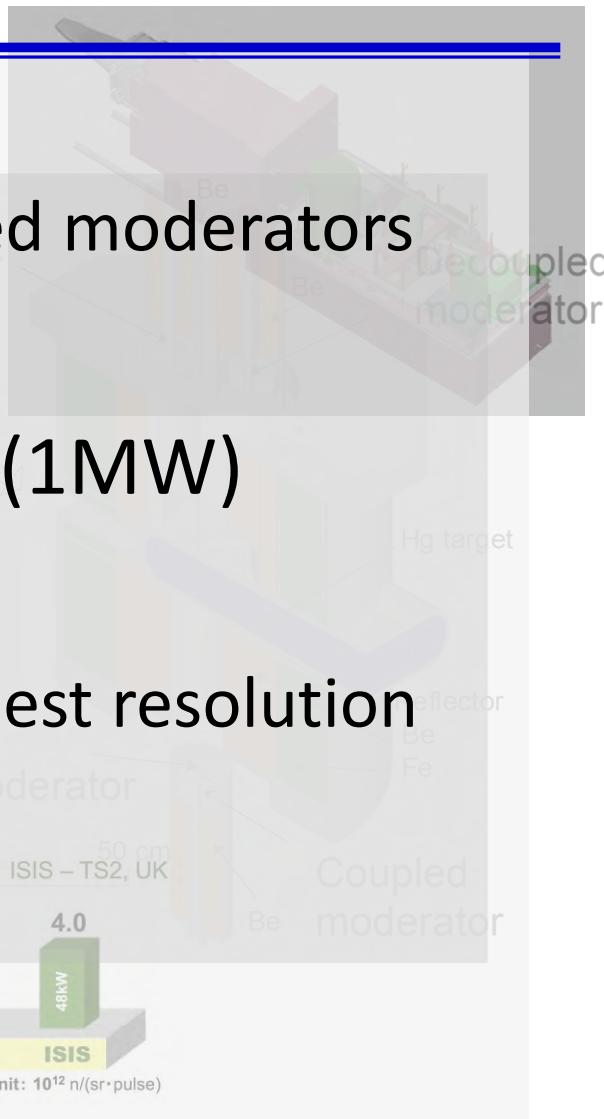
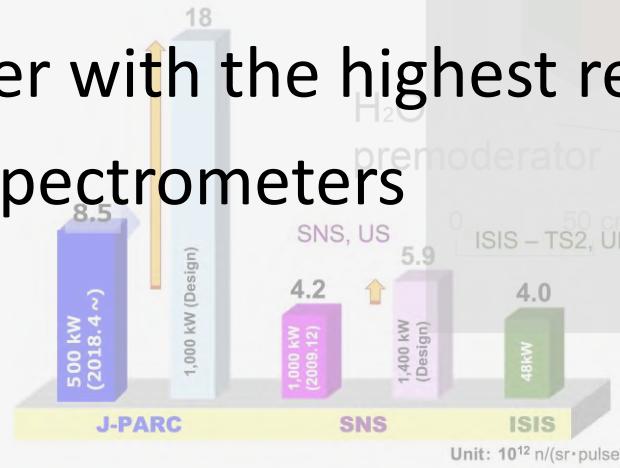
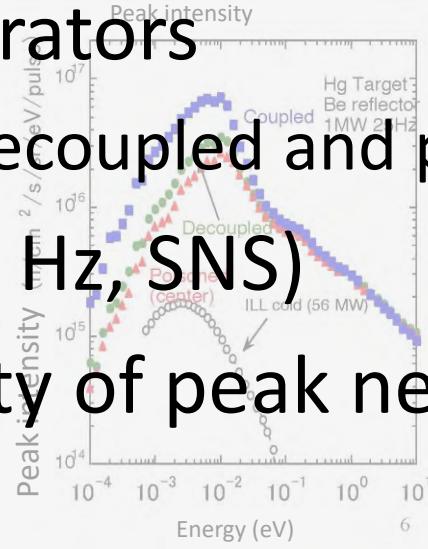
1.4MW



Characteristic features of J-PARC pulse neutron

- Three moderators
 - Coupled, decoupled and poisoned moderators
- 25 Hz (cf. 60 Hz, SNS)
- High intensity of peak neutron (1MW)

➤ Power diffractmeter with the highest resolution
➤ Inelastic neutron spectrometers



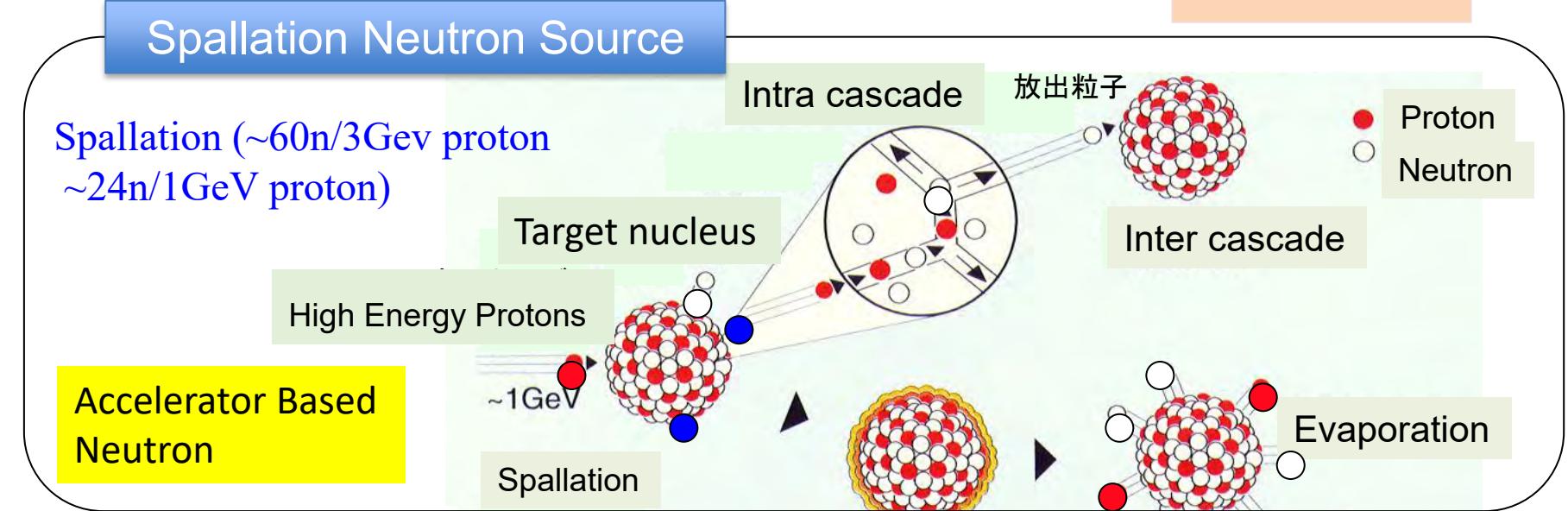
Neutron Production

J-PARC MLF

Spallation Neutron Source

Spallation (~60n/3Gev proton
~24n/1GeV proton)

Accelerator Based
Neutron



Fission Reaction Neutron Source

Fission
Reaction (~2.5n/reaction)

Reactor Based
Neutron

Fission reaction

Slow neutrons

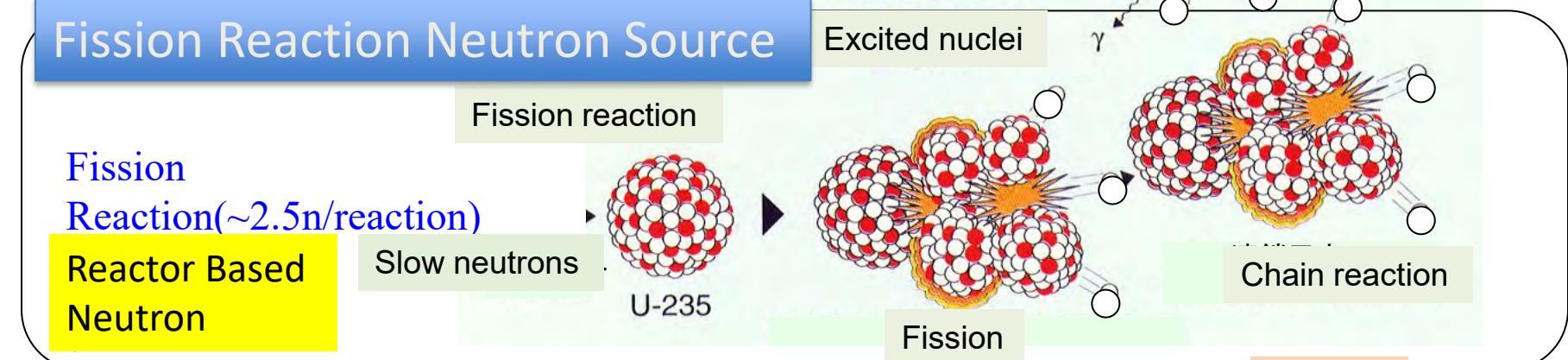
U-235

Excited nuclei

Fission

Chain reaction

JRR-3



Complementary use of pulse neutron (J-PARC) and steady neutron (JRR-3)



J-PARC: high peak intensity

JRR-3: high integrated intensity

Japanese Society of Neutron Science (JSNS)

Role of JSNS

Various fields of science

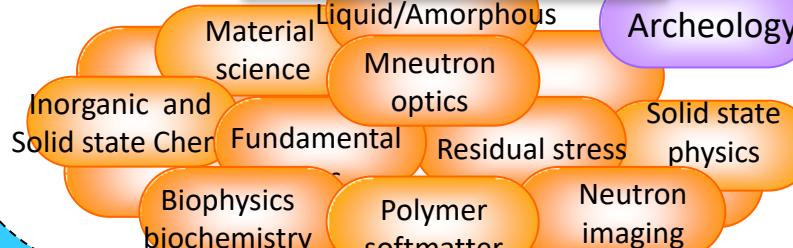
Neutron science

Industrial use

Academic research

JSNS

User community



Cooperation with other quantum beams

- SR-X-ray
- Spring-8
- PF
- Muon

facilities

J-PARC
KEK/KENS

Complementary use

Pulse neutron

Steady neutron

JRR-3
KUR

Overseas cooperation

- Japan-US (ISSP,JAEA)
- Japan-UK (KENS)

etc

Ad hoc committee for public use of large facility

- President of JSNS,

1. Y. Fujii,
Report of phase 1 (2004–8)

2. Y. Endo,
Report of phase 2: On comprehensive use of large facility (2006–3)

3. Y. Endo,
Report of phase 3: Facility management for comprehensive use of large facility — Roadmap for construction of neutron platform — (2007–4)

4. K. Yamada,
Report of phase 4: Grand design of J-PARC (2008–10)

5. K. Yamada,
Report of phase 5: Instrument selection for the law for Promotion of Public Use* (2009–9)

*Act on the Promotion of Public Utilization of Specific Advanced Large Research Facilities (成20年10月)

6. T. Kanaya,
Report of phase 6: Consideration for next research reactor (2012–12)

7. Y. Kiyanagi,
Report of phase 7: Roadmap to next neutron science (2018–07)

8. K. Kakurai → Promotion committee for neutron science

- Chair of the committee

T. Fukunaga

J-PARC
大規模施設共用問題特別委員会
グランドデザイン策定に向けて
最終報告書

日本中性子科学会
第1期大型施設共用問題特別委員会
2010年10月

Recommendations from ad hoc committee for public use of large facility

2006 「The committee: Phase 2」

2007 「The committee: Phase 3」

2008 「The committee: Phase 4」

- **all-Japan system (cooperation of users
(academia, industry), facility and government)**
 - **construction of neutron platform
(towards comprehensive use of neutron)**
-

- ◆ **Academic and industrial use**

- contribution to society

- academic research for industrial use

- ◆ **Unified user office and unified operation**

- user oriented operation system

- ◆ **Neutron platform**

- complementary use of pulse and steady neutron sources

- complementary use of quantum beams

- cooperation with universities

- facility projects

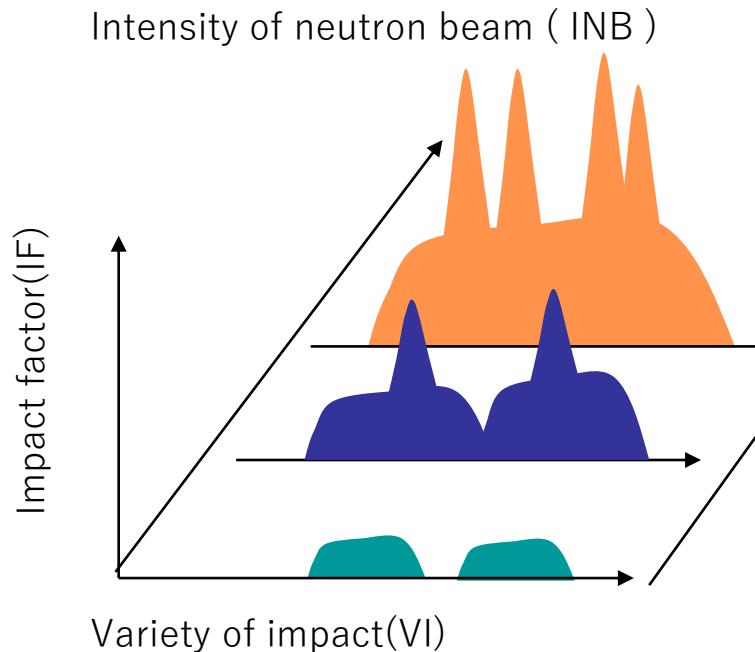
- human resource development

Characteristic in neutron science

Report of phase 4: Grand design of J-PARC (2008–10)

○ wide range of science

Otop science



Compatibility of two aims

We need grand design

In the early stage, versatile machines with high performance are important.

(Serendipity)

Increasing the beam intensity and number of instruments, it is expected

- 1) spreading research fields
- 2) merging science fields
- 3) increasing high impact results

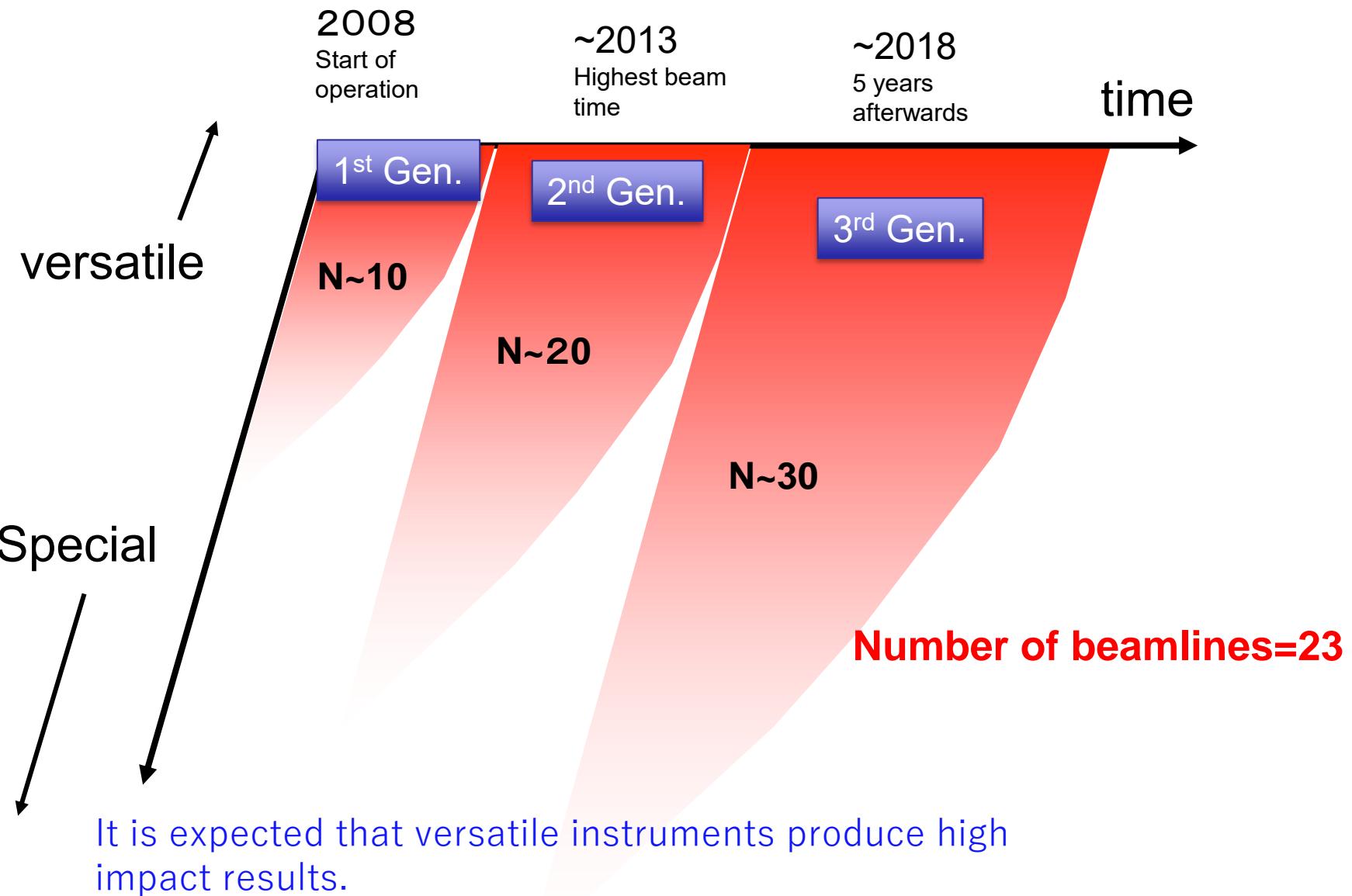
Idea for instrument selection

As neutron science covers various fields of science, it is not meaningless to discuss if the instruments in J-PARC cover all fields of science or not. We have to discuss how we can produce high quality and high impact results in academic researches and industrial use from J-PARC instruments

Two directions

- High quality versatile instruments to promote material science in various science fields
(Serendipity)
- Special instruments aiming at high science impact
(high science impact)

Timeline for instrument construction



Summary of opinions on grand design from user community

- Satisfied with the grand design
- But, **need of science peaks**

The community requested:

- **special sample and measurements environments**
(extreme conditions, deuteration lab., etc)
- future developments of instruments
- Industrial use
- **Proper operation management** (user support, review system of proposals, confidentiality, etc)
- **New user promotion**

proposal of grand design of J-PARC instruments

1st generation (instruments constructed before beam operation)

1. inel. Instr. (Chop., Instr. for exploring 4D space (4SEASONS, BL01))
2. inel. Instr. (Chop., (AMATERAS, BL14), cold N, branched beamline)
3. el. Instr. (Ibaraki pref. biomol. struct. (iBIX, BL03)) industrial use
4. el. Instr. (Ibaraki pref. mater. struct. (iMATERIA, BL20))
5. el. Instr. (high res. power (SHRPD, BL08), branched beamline)
6. el. Instr. (res. stress for eng. Mater. (TAKUMI, BL19) , branched beamline)
7. el. Instr. (high int. total scat. (NOVA, BL21))
8. other instr. (test port for neutron source, (NOBORU, BL10))
9. other instr. (instr. for neutron-nuclear reaction (BBRI, BL04))
10. other instr. (neutron optics for fundamental physics, (NOP, BL05))

1 : It is necessary to unify the naming system

2 : detailed description of each instrument can be found in the report from J-PARC

2nd generation (instruments constructed until the maximum beam intensity (~5 years)

11. reflectometer (horizontal, BL16, KEK)
12. small angle scattering (HI-SANS, wide-Q, BL15, JAEA)
Complementary use with JRR-3 SANS machine
13. inel. Instr. (back scattering instr., BL02, DNA, JAEA)
High energy resolution machine
14. inel. Instr. (Chop., versatile, wide-q and E range)
Cooperation between KEK and ISSP
15. reflectometer (vertical, polarized Neutron, GI-SANS, BL17, JAEA)
Development of polarized neutron science and technology
16. el. Instr. (versatile, extrem condition)
Complementary use with JRR-3
17. Imaging instr. (energy selective, JAEA)
Complementary use with JRR-3
18. inel. Instr. (Spin echo, MEZEI type, slow dynamics)
Complementary use with JRR-3
has to clarify the relation between MIEZE type spin echo machine
under support by JST

3rd generationn (instruments 10 years after the beam operation. possibility of replacement by new instruments)

19. el. intr. (high pressure measurement, branched beamline)

Developing by Univ. of Tokyo

20. small angle machine (USANS by two crystals, branched beamline, cheap machine)

21. inel. instr. (molecular spectroscopy)

many users, construction team is necessary

22. inel. instr. (chop., polarized neutron, extream condition)

23. inel. instr. (backscattering machine with thermal neutron)

24. reflectometer (spin echo type, branched beamline)

25. el. instr. (high magnetic field)

New machine for high magnetic field is under developing

26. reflectometer (horizontal, special environmental)

27. inel. instr. (spin echo, MIEZE type, resonance type)

Has to clarify the relation between MEIZEI type spin echo machine [18]

28. Small angle machine (microfocus, cascade type)

Under developing in JRR-3

29. inel. instr. (epithermal neutron)

30. el. instr. (3D material structure)

History of BL construction

1st generation:

中性子源特性試験装置: NOBORU
 (1)BL10: JAEA
 4次元空間中性子探査装置: 4SEASONS
 (8)BL01: Public (JAEA, KEK, 東北大学)
 茨城県生命物質構造解析装置: iBIX
 (3)BL03: Ibaraki
 中性子核反応測定装置: ANNRI
 (9)BL04: TIT, Hokkaido, Univ. JAEA
 中性子光学基礎物理実験装置: NOP
 (10)BL05: KEK
 超高分解能粉末中性子回折装置: S-HRPD
 (5)BL08: KEK
 低エネルギー分光器: AMATERAS
 (2)BL14: JAEA
 工学材料回折装置: TAKUMI
 (6)BL19: JAEA
 茨城県材料構造解析装置: iMATERIA
 (4)BL20: Ibaraki
 高強度汎用全散乱装置: NOVA
 (7)BL21: NEDO, KEK
 高分解能型チョップバー分光器: HRC
 (14)BL12: KEK, U Tokyo
 高性能試料水平型中性子反射率計: SOFIA
 (11)BL16: KEK, Kyushu Univ.

2nd Generation:

ダイナミクス解析装置: DNA
 (13)BL02: Public (JAEA)
 大強度型小角散乱装置: TAIKAN
 (12)BL15: Public (JAEA)

超高压物質科学ステーション: PLANET

(19)BL11: Public (JAEA, 東京大学)

垂直型偏極中性子反射率計: SHARAKU

(15)BL17: Public (JAEA)

物質構造解析装置: SENJU

(16)BL18: Public (JAEA)

制限視野高分解能パルス中性子回折装置: SPICA

(XX)BL09: NEDO, KEK

中性子スピニエコーパルス装置: SPICA

(27)BL06: Kyoto Univ., KEK

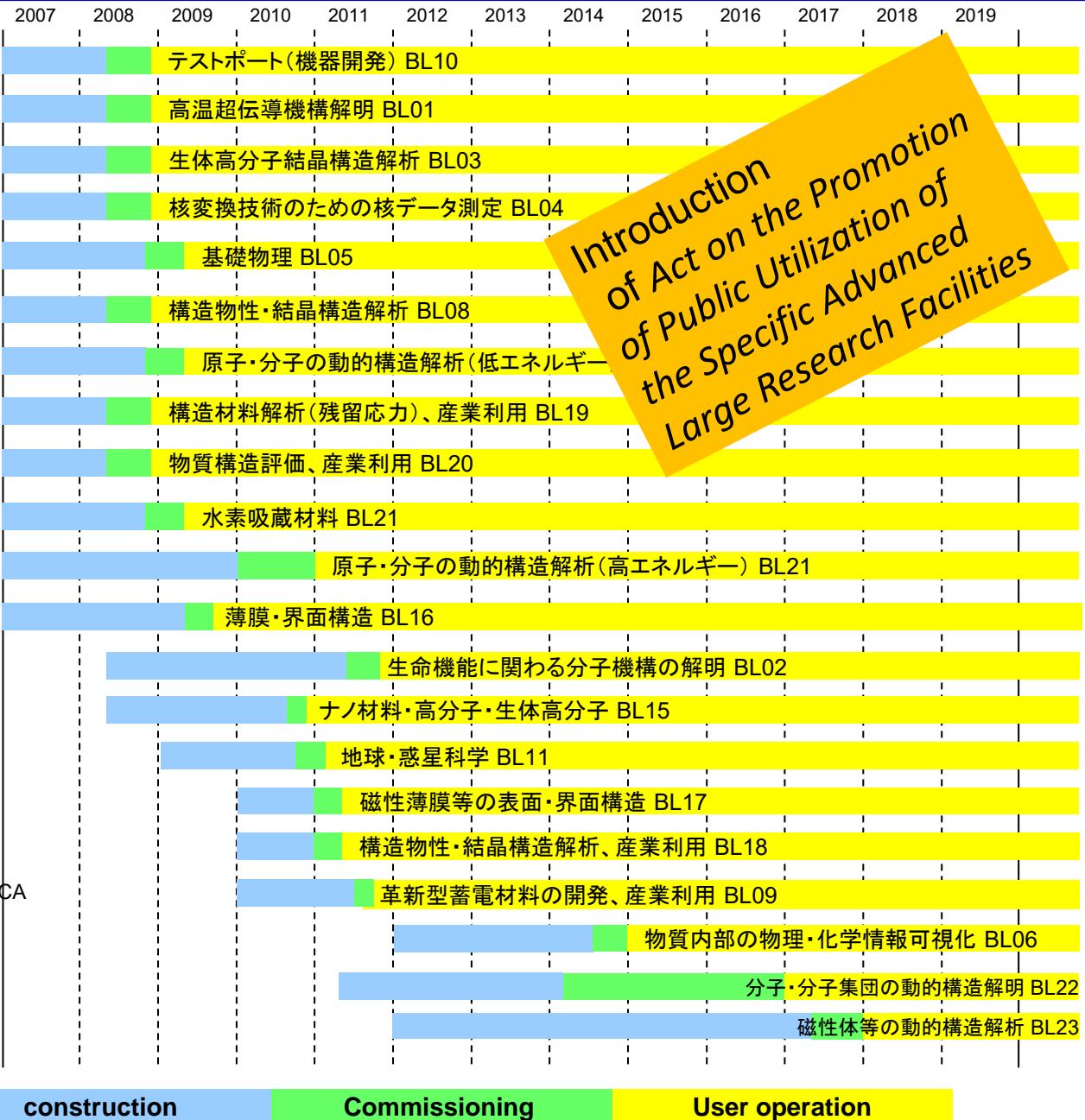
物質情報3次元可視化装置: SPICA

(17)BL22: Public (JAEA)

偏極中性子散乱装置: POLANO

(22)BL23: Tohoku Univ., KEK

3rd generation:



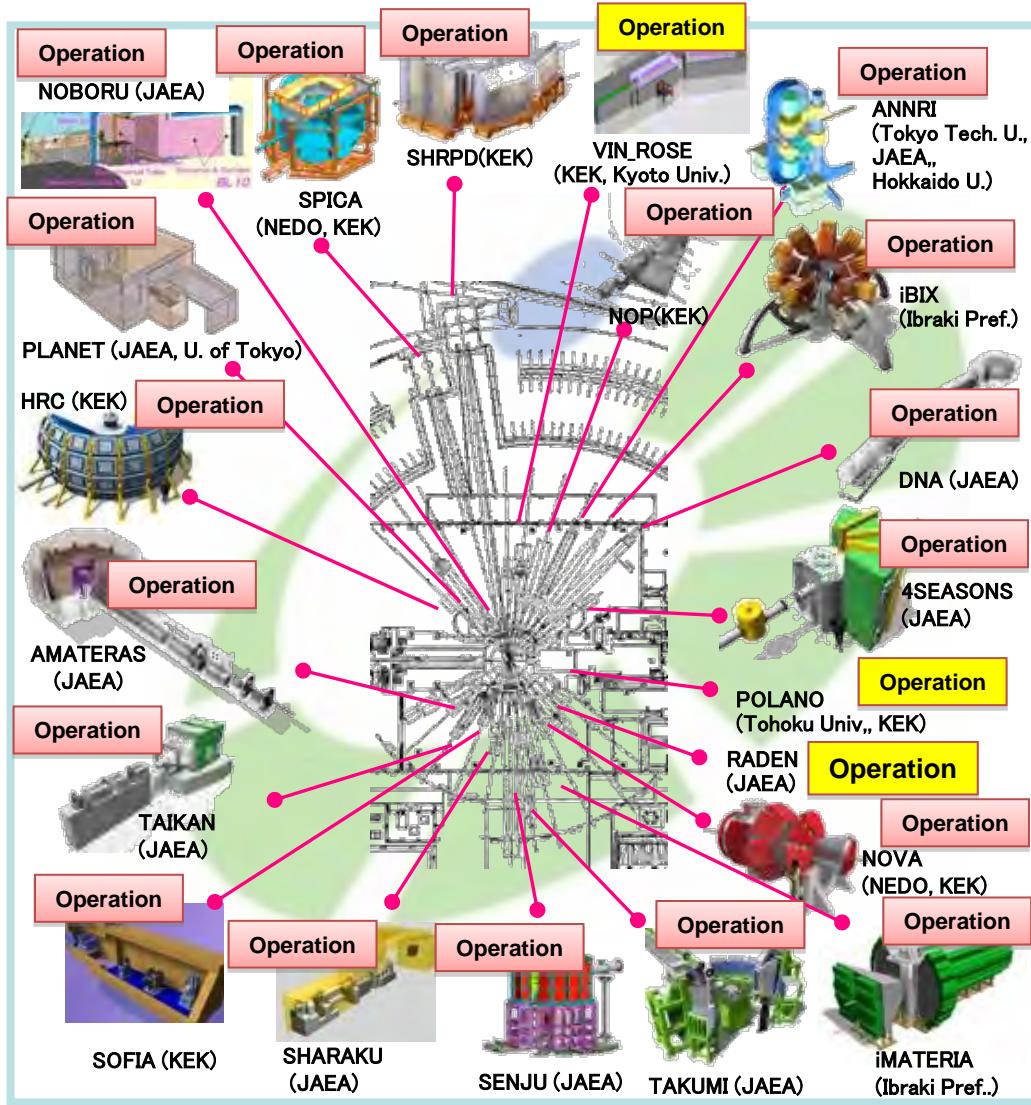
construction

Commissioning

User operation

* この他、現在、生体高分子専用高分解能中性子結晶回折計(生体高分子精密構造解析、反応過程解析)の提案がなされている。

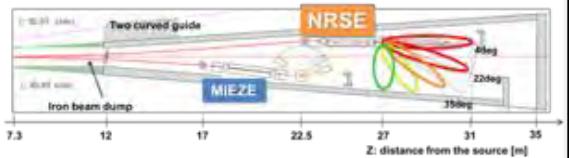
Neutron Instruments in MLF at 2020



■ 23 Neutron Beam Ports
■ Operation: 21 (April, 2018)
Commissioning: 0

VIN-ROSE (NSE): opened to users @2017B

Schematic top view of VIN_ROSE



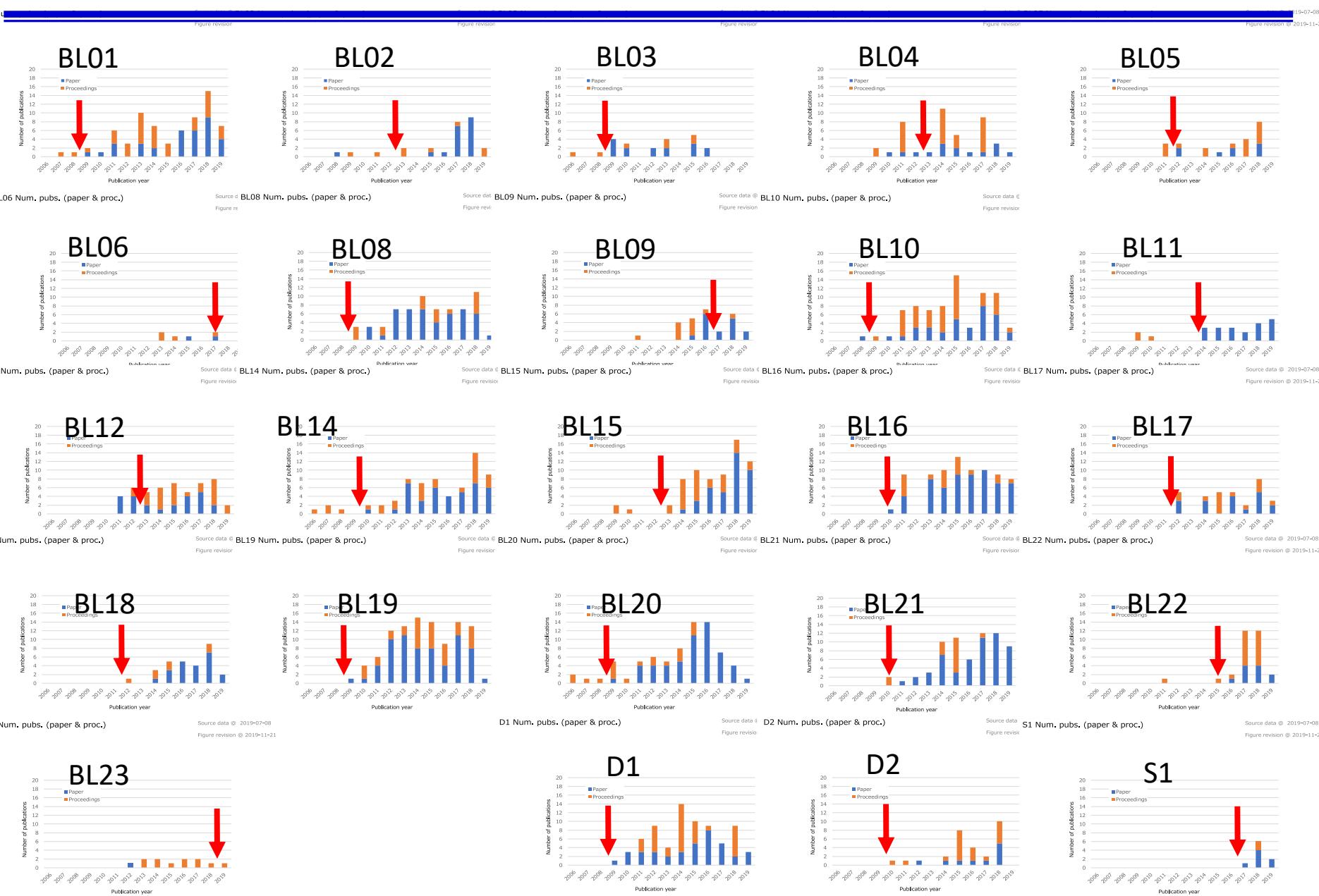
POLANO
(Polarization Analysis Spect.)



Opened to users @2019A

Number of publications from each BL (2006 - 2019(July))

(paper&proc.)



Red arrows indicate the start of user operation

Evaluation of beamlines

evaluation by many committees

- Instrument committee (MLF)
 - 5 year evaluation after operation (encouragement to BL)
 - 10 year evaluation after operation (evaluation of 10 years activity and future plan)
- Review in NAC, MAC and IAC
 - Evaluation on neutron and muon target
 - Evaluation of neutron and muon instruments (no evaluation on each instrument)
- Committee for KEKS S-type proposals
 - Evaluation on instrument and science activity in KEK BL
- Committee for JAEA Instrument group proposals
 - Evaluation on instrument and science activity in JAEA BL
- Many other committees

Suites of instruments received comprehensively
high evaluation

Problems in beamline operation

1) Gap between ground design and actual construction of BL

We have prepared a ground design of beamline construction with the neutron community to decide the construction order, but due to the budget problem, **versatile machines were not necessary public beamlines.**

* public beamlines are supported by Budget for Promotion of Public Use (*Act on the Promotion of Public Utilization of the Specific Advanced Large Research Facilities*) and the users are support by CROSS

2) Unbalance of budget and man-power between public beamlines and KEK/JAEA beamlines

Introducing a law of Promotion of Public Use, user support and financial condition have been well developed (5~6 persons/BL) for public beamlines, but not in KEK/JAEA beamlines.

Number of public beamlines is only 7, it is not considered by users that MLF is a public facility opened to users. → **We need “Public Beam Time”.**

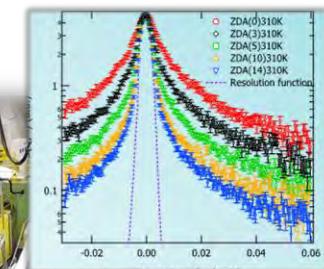
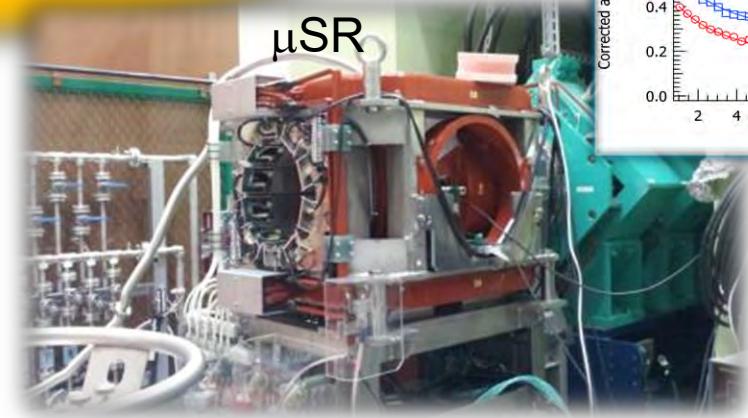
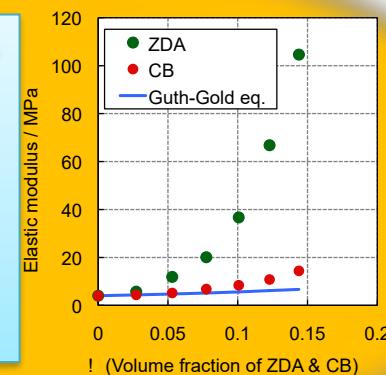
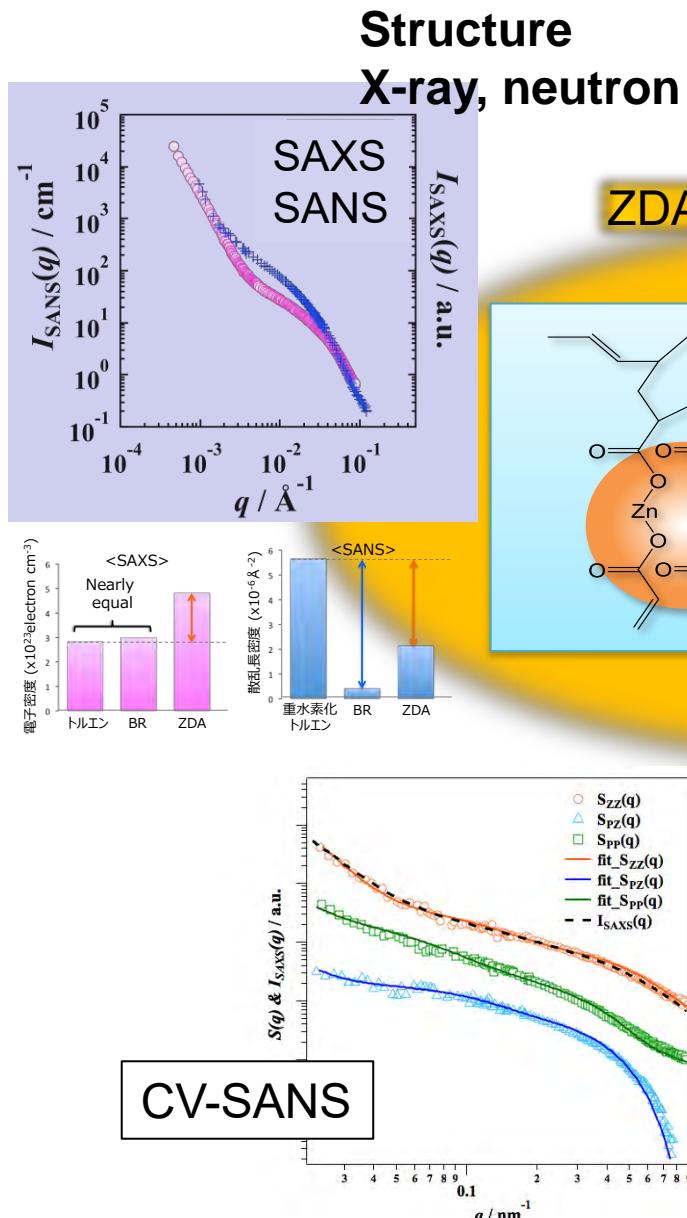
3) Budget for investment for facility development

To keep the facility in the world highest level, we need budget for investment

4) Aging problems are serious

An example of soft matter research

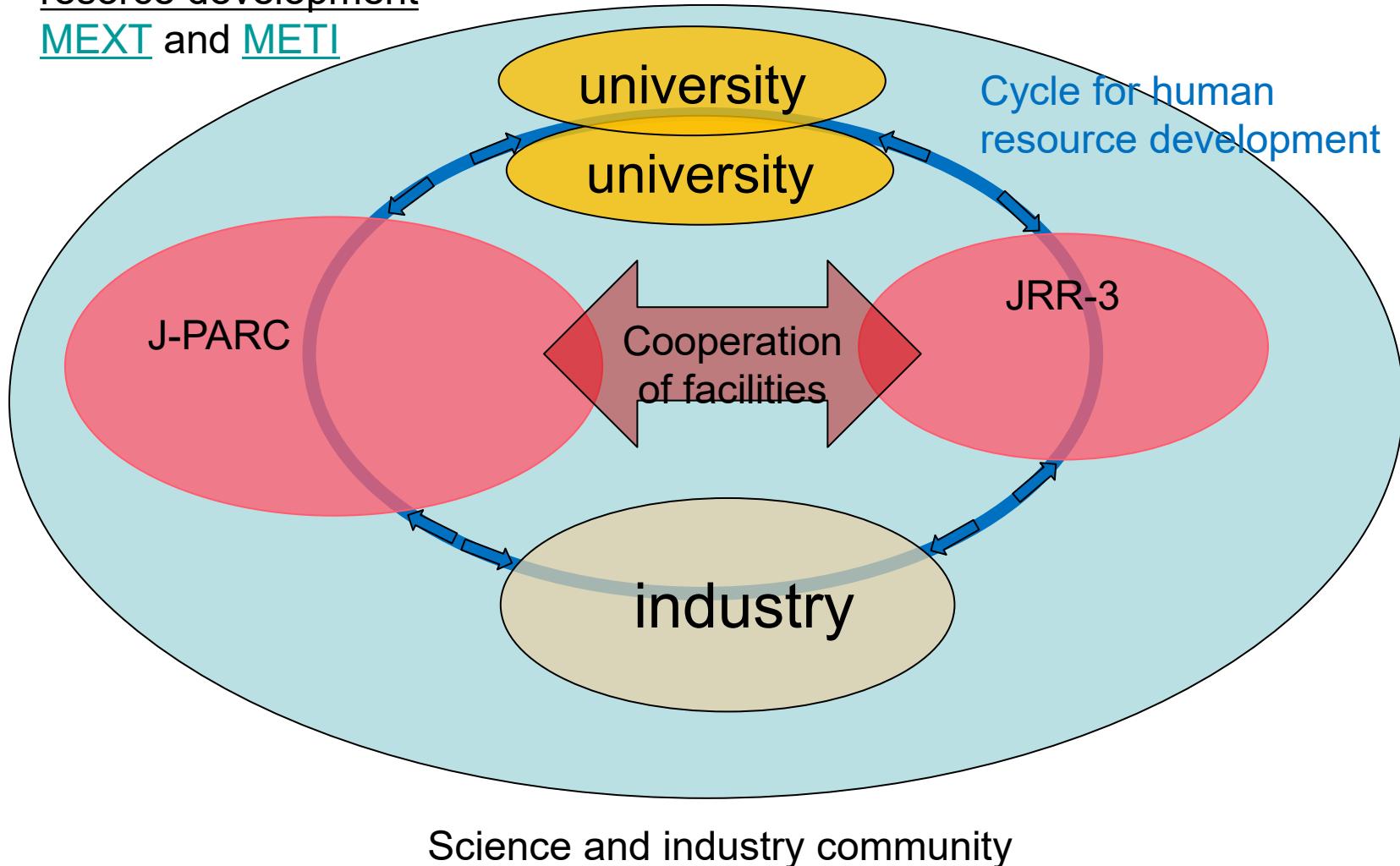
Cooperation with **industry**, Complementary use of **quantum beams**



Development of human resource: cooperation with university and industry

Positive growth cycle in university and industry collaboration for human resource development

MEXT and METI



summary

- **Balance between versatile instruments and specialized instruments**
- **Construction of all Japan system, including academic and industrial users, facilities and government**
- **Promotion of industrial use**
- **Complementary use of pulse and steady neutron sources**
- **Cooperation between universities, facilities and industries for human resource development**
- **Cooperation of quantum beams**
- **Neutron platform (quantum beam platform)**

Thank you for your kind
attention