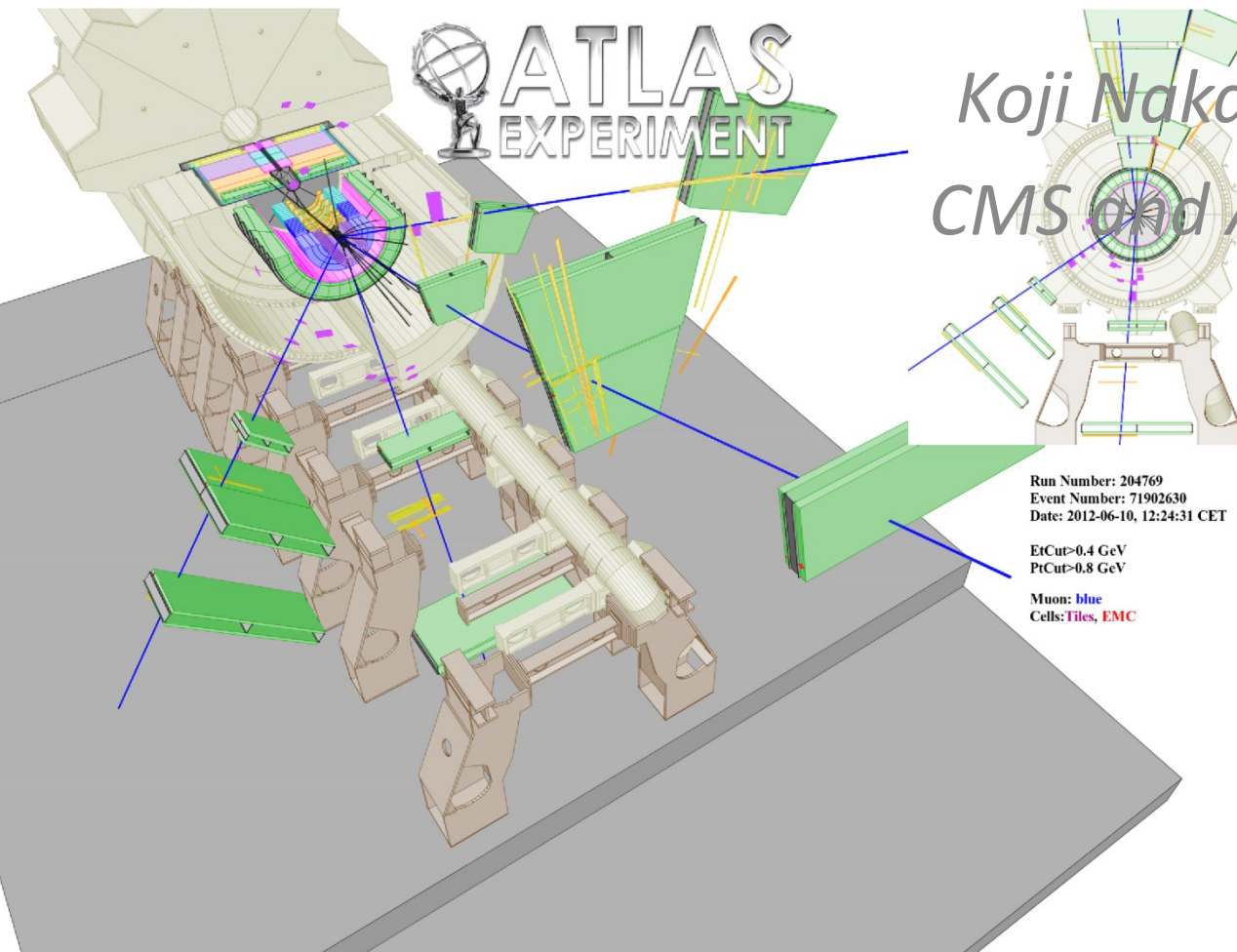


# Latest Results on the Standard Model Higgs Searches at the LHC



*Koji Nakamura On behalf of  
CMS and ATLAS collaboration*

Run Number: 204769  
Event Number: 71902630  
Date: 2012-06-10, 12:24:31 CET

EtCut > 0.4 GeV  
PtCut > 0.8 GeV

Muon: blue  
Cells: Tiles, EMC



THE UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO



# Independence day in U.S.

## • Examples of NEWS PAPERS



**Physicists Find “Elusive Particle” Seen as Key to Universe.**

# Independence day in ~~U.S.~~ of Higgs ?

Congratulations!

- Examples of NEWS PAPERS



**Physicists Find “Elusive Particle” Seen as Key to Universe.**



# Independence day in U.S.

of Higgs ?

- Examples of NEWS PAPERS

of a New Boson

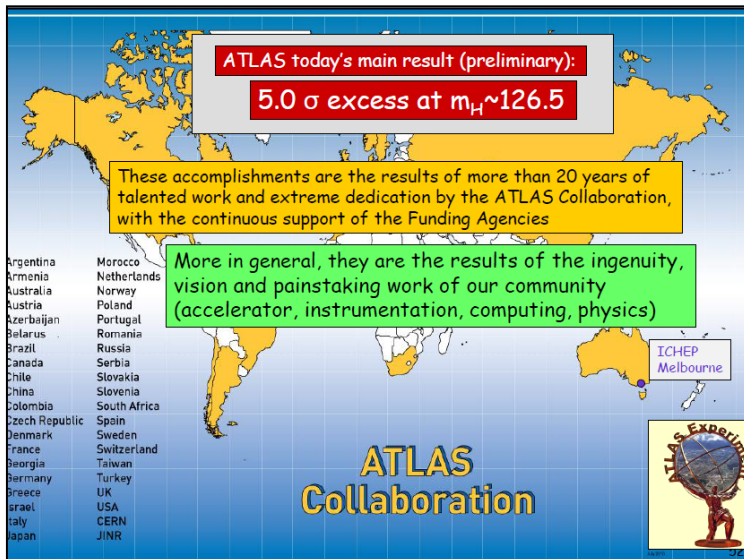


Physicists Find “Elusive Particle” Seen as Key to Universe.

# Seminar at July 4th

In summary

We have observed a new boson with a mass of  
 **$125.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV}$**   
at  
 **$4.9 \sigma$  significance !**



Global Effort → Global Success

Results today only possible due to extraordinary performance of accelerators – experiments – Grid computing

Observation of a new particle consistent with a Higgs Boson (but which one...?)

Historic Milestone but only the beginning

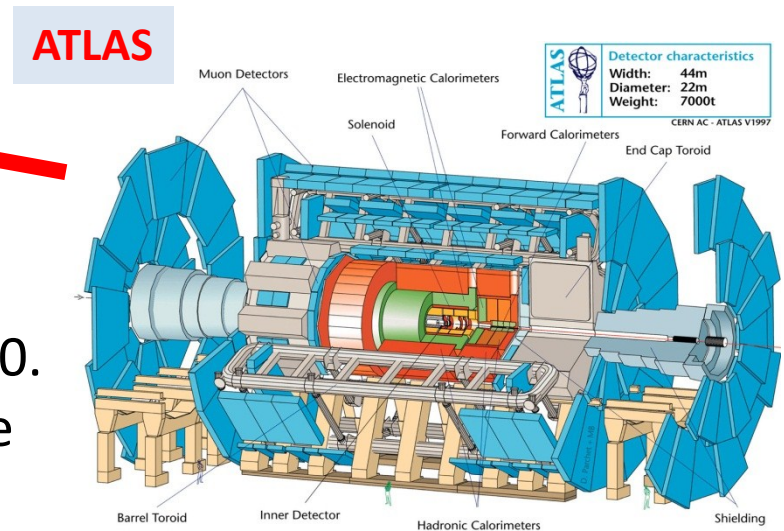
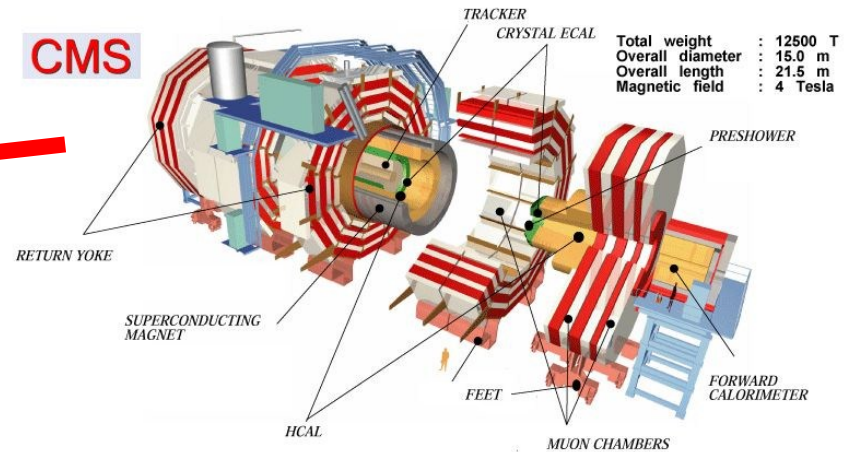
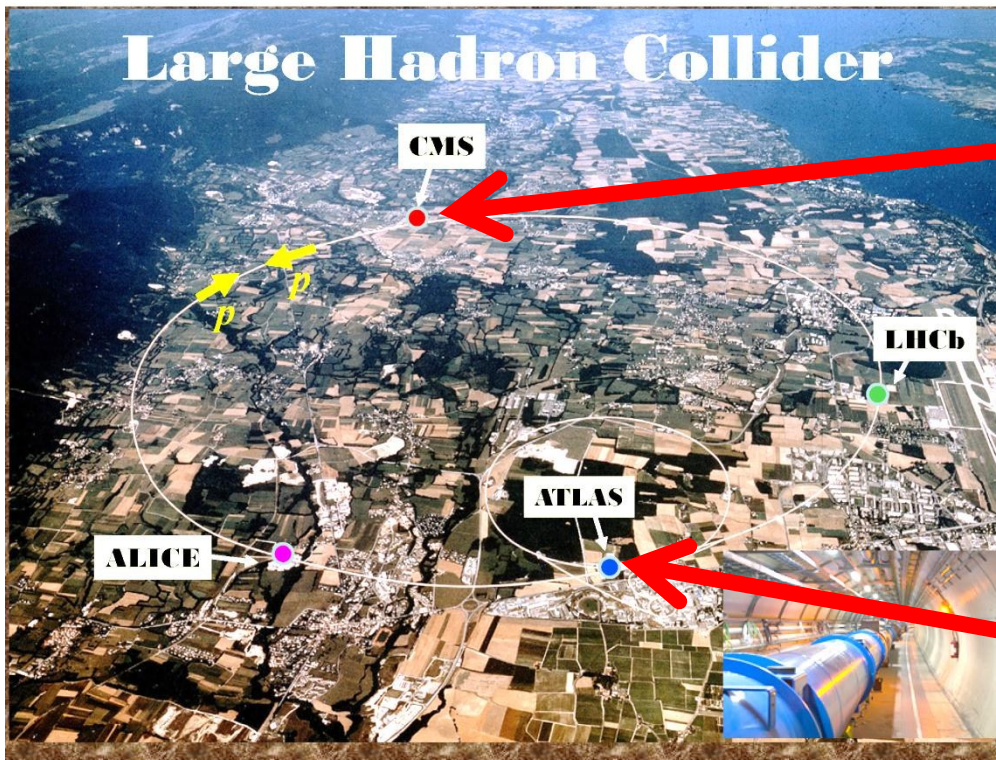
Global Implications for the future

R-D Heuer



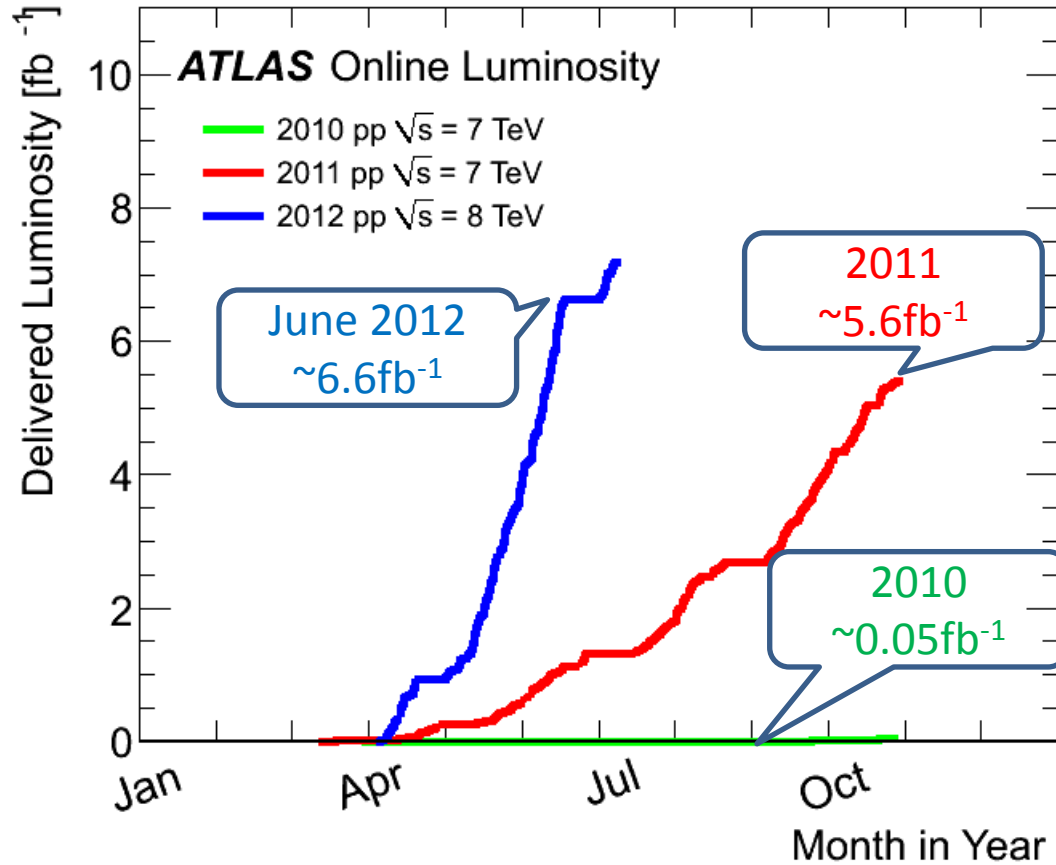
- How does it observed?
- What should we do next?

# LHC experiments

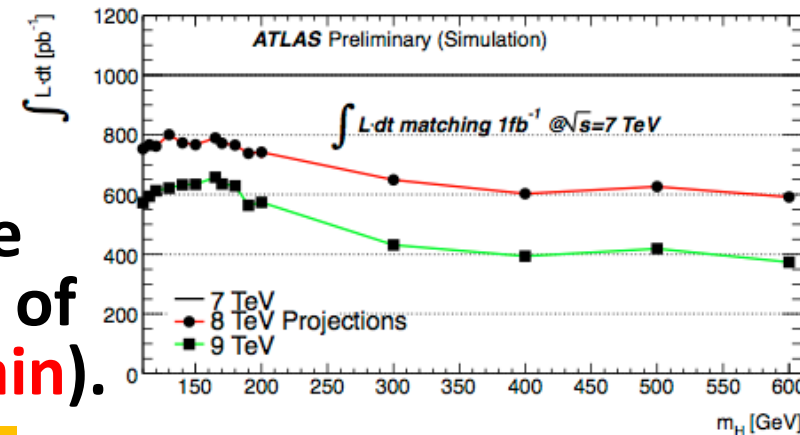


- 7TeV collisions are Started in March 2010.
- Extremely successful operation for these 2.3 years.
- Upgraded CM energy to 8TeV in 2012.

# LHC operations and Higgs searches



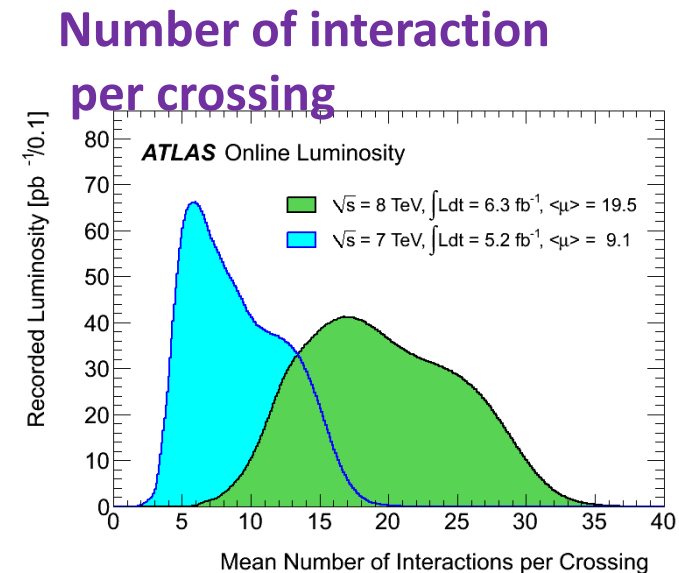
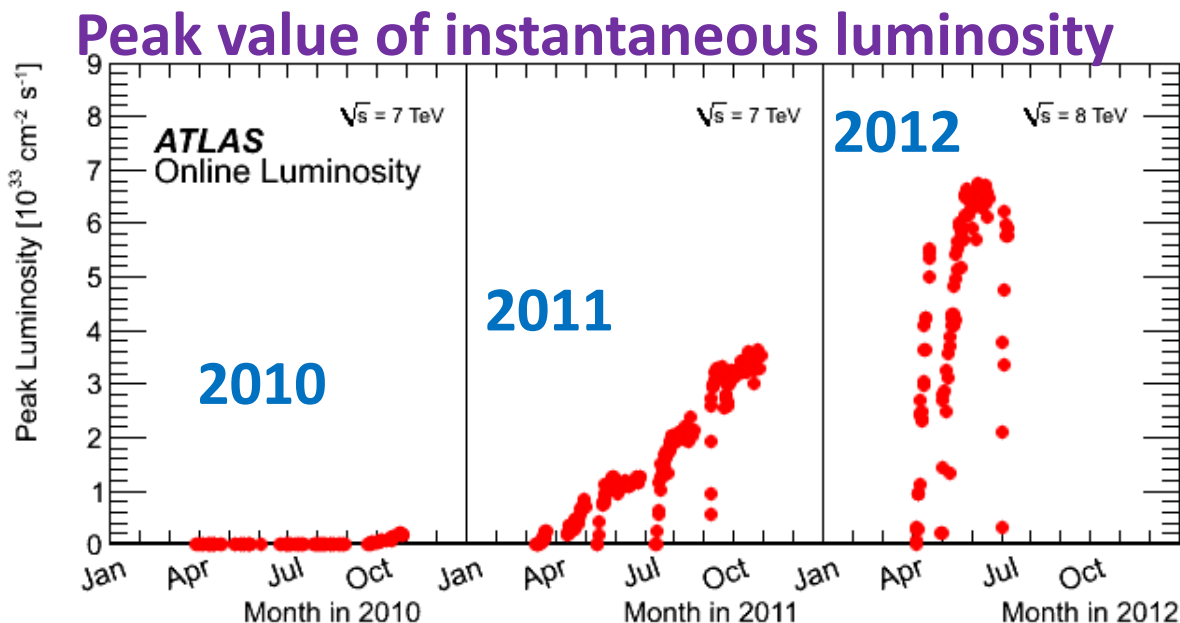
- Thanks to very smooth operation of LHC, **4.8-5.1  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  of 7TeV** and **5.3-5.8  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  of 8TeV data** are available to use for the physics analysis.



- Thanks to 8TeV collisions, the same sensitivity can be achieved by 80% of integrated luminosity data (**25% gain**).

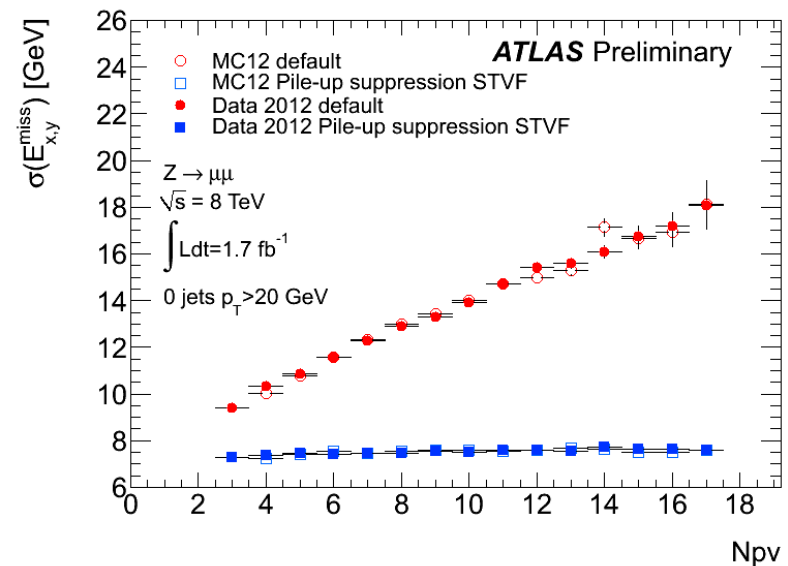
# Understanding data

- We had many experience in these two years to understand both detector and Physics backgrounds.
  - Although need better understanding of the tail of SM processes to observe “New particle”.
- What we had to understand in addition to the 2010 and 2011 data was Pileup events!



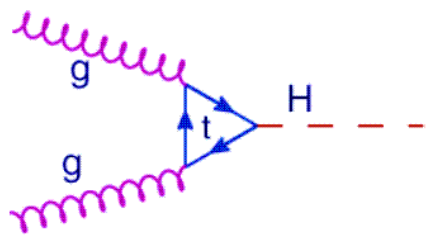
# Pileup effect and removals

- Each object reconstruction was affected by pileup jets.
- Track in jets can be used to suppress the effect since tracking can point the vertex.
- Defined Jet Vertex Fraction(JVF)
  - $JVF = \sum_{PV} p_T^{track} / \sum_{ALL} p_T^{track}$
- **Jet** : identify the jets by requiring  $JVF > 0.75 (0.5)$  in 2011(2012) data.
- **MET** : JVF fractions are multiplied to the Jets before summing up the transverse energy.
  - Huge improvement of MET resolution.
- **Lepton isolation** :  $N_{pv}$  correction have to be applied.
- **Tau** : track impact parameter( $Z_0$ ) are tightened to avoid pileup tracks.

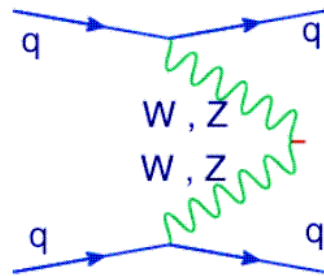


# Higgs production and decay @ LHC

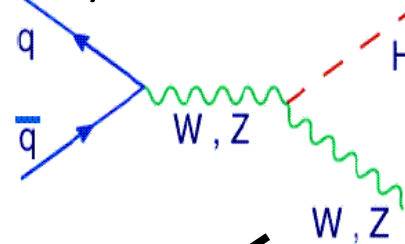
Gluon Fusion(ggF)



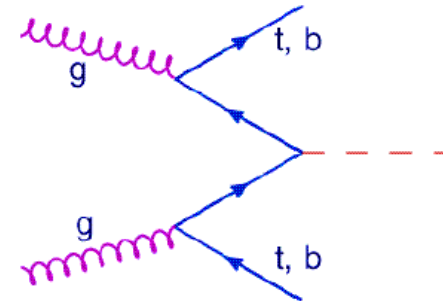
Vector Boson Fusion



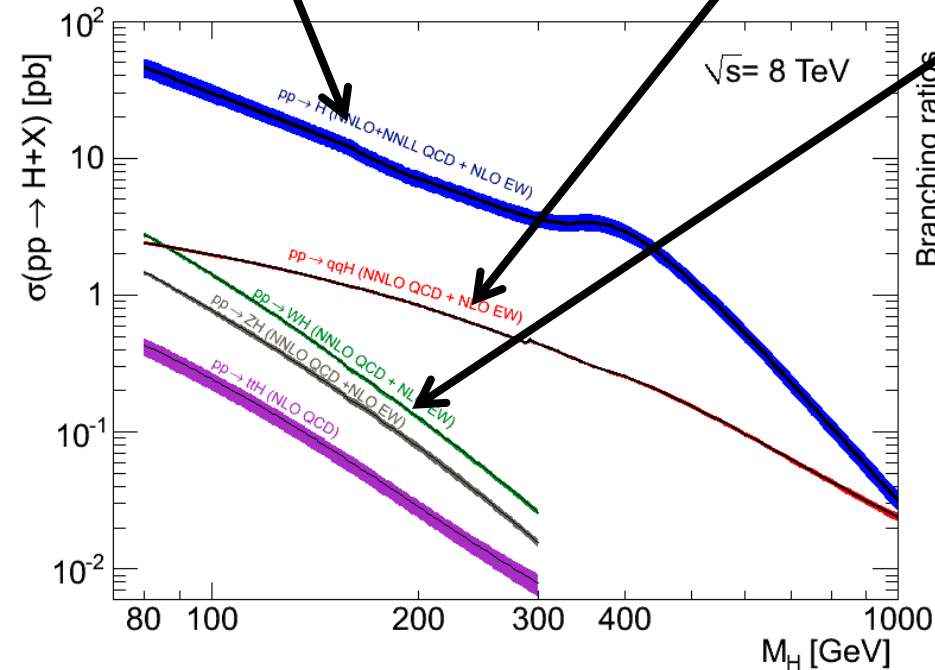
W/Z Associated



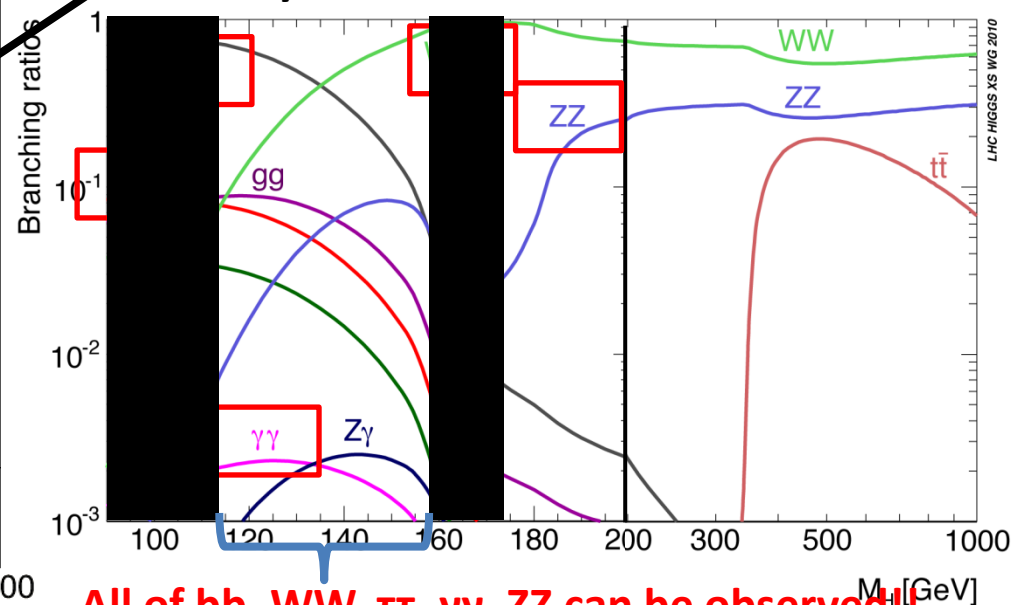
tt/bb Associated



Production



Decay



All of  $bb$ ,  $WW$ ,  $\tau\tau$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $ZZ$  can be observed!!

# Analysis Channels

CMS

H decay	H prod	Analyses Exclusive final states	No. of channels	$m_H$ range (GeV)	$m_H$ resolution	7 TeV	8 TeV	Ref
$\gamma\gamma$	untagged	$\gamma\gamma$ (4 diphoton classes)	4	110–150	1–2%	5.1	5.3	[73]
	VBF-tag	$\gamma\gamma + (jj)_{VBF}$ (low or high $m_{jj}$ for 8 TeV)	1 or 2	110–150	1–2%	5.1	5.3	[73]
$bb$	VH-tag	$(\nu\nu, ee, \mu\mu, e\nu, \mu\nu)$ with 2 b-jets $\otimes$ (low or high $p_T^V$ )	10	110–135	10%	5.0	5.1	[74]
	$t\bar{t}$ H-tag	$(\ell$ with 4,5, $\geq 6$ jets) $\otimes$ (3, $\geq 4$ b-tags); ( $\ell$ with 6 jets with 2 b-tags); ( $\ell\ell$ with 2 or $\geq 3$ b-tagged jets)	9	110–140		5.0	-	[75]
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	0/1-jets	$(e\tau_h, \mu\tau_h, e\mu, \mu\mu) \times$ (low or high $p_T^{\tau\tau}$ ) $\times$ (0 or 1 jets)	16	110–145	20%	4.9	5.1	[76]
	VBF-tag	$(e\tau_h, \mu\tau_h, e\mu, \mu\mu) + (jj)_{VBF}$	4	110–145	20%	4.9	5.1	[76]
	ZH-tag	$(ee, \mu\mu) \times (\tau_h\tau_h, e\tau_h, \mu\tau_h, e\mu)$	8	110–160		5.0	-	[77]
	WH-tag	$\tau_h ee, \tau_h \mu\mu, \tau_h e\mu$	3	110–140		4.9	-	[78]
$WW \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}$	untagged	$(e\nu, \mu\nu) \otimes ((jj)_W)$ with 0 or 1 jets	4	170–600		5.0	5.1	[79, 80]
$WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$	0/1-jets	(DF or SF dileptons) $\otimes$ (0 or 1 jets)	4	110–600	20%	4.9	5.1	[81, 82]
$WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$	VBF-tag	$\ell\nu\ell\nu + (jj)_{VBF}$ (DF or SF dileptons for 8 TeV)	1 or 2	110–600	20%	4.9	5.1	[81, 82]
$WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$	WH-tag	$3\ell 3\nu$	1	110–200		4.9	-	[83]
$WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$	VH-tag	$\ell\nu\ell\nu + (jj)_V$ (DF or SF dileptons)	2	118–190		4.9	-	[84]
$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$	inclusive	$4e, 4\mu, 2e2\mu$	3	110–600	1–2%	5.0	5.3	[85]
$ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2\tau$	inclusive	$(ee, \mu\mu) \times (\tau_h\tau_h, e\tau_h, \mu\tau_h, e\mu)$	8	200–600	10–15%	5.0	5.3	[85]
$ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2q$	inclusive	$(ee, \mu\mu) \times ((jj)_Z)$ with 0, 1, 2 b-tags	6	$\begin{cases} 130-164 \\ 200-600 \end{cases}$	3%	4.9	-	[86]
$ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2\nu$	untagged	$((ee, \mu\mu)$ with MET) $\otimes$ (0 or 1 or 2 non-VBF jets)	6	200–600	7%	4.9	5.1	[87]
$ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2\nu$	VBF-tag	$(ee, \mu\mu)$ with MET and $(jj)_{VBF}$	2	200–600	7%	4.9	5.1	[87]

ATLAS

Higgs Decay	Subsequent Decay	Sub-Channels	$m_H$ Range [GeV]	$\int L dt$ [fb $^{-1}$ ]	Ref.
2011 $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV					
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	–	9 sub-channels $\{p_{T_\gamma} \otimes \eta_\gamma \otimes \text{conversion}\} \oplus \{2\text{-jets}\}$	110–150	4.8	[14]
$H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$	$\ell\ell\ell'\ell'$	$\{4e, 2e2\mu, 2\mu 2e, 4\mu\}$	110–600	4.8	[15]
	$\ell\ell\nu\bar{\nu}$	$\{ee, \mu\mu\} \otimes \{\text{low, high pile-up}\}$	200–280–600	4.7	[16]
	$\ell\ell q\bar{q}$	$\{b\text{-tagged, untagged}\}$	200–300–600	4.7	[17]
$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$	$\ell\nu\ell\nu$	$\{ee, e\mu, \mu\mu\} \otimes \{0\text{-jets, 1-jet, 2-jets}\} \otimes \{\text{low, high pile-up}\}$	110–200–300–600	4.7	[18]
	$\ell\nu q\bar{q}'$	$\{e, \mu\} \otimes \{0\text{-jets, 1-jet, 2-jets}\}$	300–600	4.7	[19]
$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	$\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{lep}}$	$\{e\mu\} \otimes \{0\text{-jets}\} \oplus \{\ell\ell\} \otimes \{1\text{-jet, 2-jets, } VH\}$	110–150	4.7	[20]
	$\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$	$\{e, \mu\} \otimes \{0\text{-jets}\} \otimes \{E_T^{\text{miss}} < 20 \text{ GeV}, E_T^{\text{miss}} \geq 20 \text{ GeV}\} \oplus \{e, \mu\} \otimes \{1\text{-jet}\} \oplus \{\ell\} \otimes \{2\text{-jets}\}$	110–150	4.7	
	$\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$	$\{1\text{-jet}\}$	110–150	4.7	
$VH \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	$Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} \in \{120 - 160, 160 - 200, \geq 200 \text{ GeV}\}$	110–130	4.6	[21]
	$W \rightarrow \ell\nu$	$p_T^W \in \{< 50, 50 - 100, 100 - 200, \geq 200 \text{ GeV}\}$	110–130	4.7	
	$Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$p_T^Z \in \{< 50, 50 - 100, 100 - 200, \geq 200 \text{ GeV}\}$	110–130	4.7	
2012 $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV					
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	–	9 sub-channels $\{p_{T_\gamma} \otimes \eta_\gamma \otimes \text{conversion}\} \oplus \{2\text{-jets}\}$	110–150	5.9	[14]
$H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$	$\ell\ell\ell'\ell'$	$\{4e, 2e2\mu, 2\mu 2e, 4\mu\}$	110–600	5.8	[15]

---

$$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

# Event selection & categorization

- Select di-photon with MVA id. (except ATLAS 8TeV)

- ATLAS :  $p_{T1} > 40\text{GeV}$ ,  $p_{T2} > 30\text{GeV}$
- CMS :  $p_{T1} > m_{\gamma\gamma}/3$ ,  $p_{T2} > m_{\gamma\gamma}/4$

- Categorizers

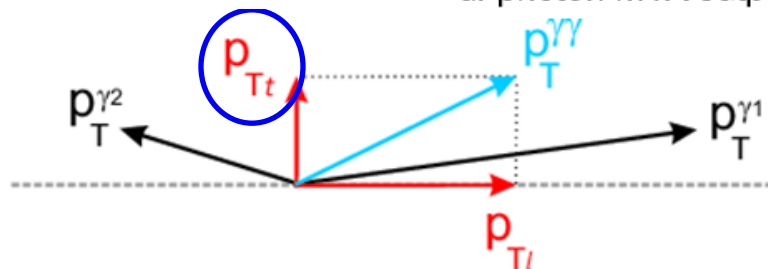
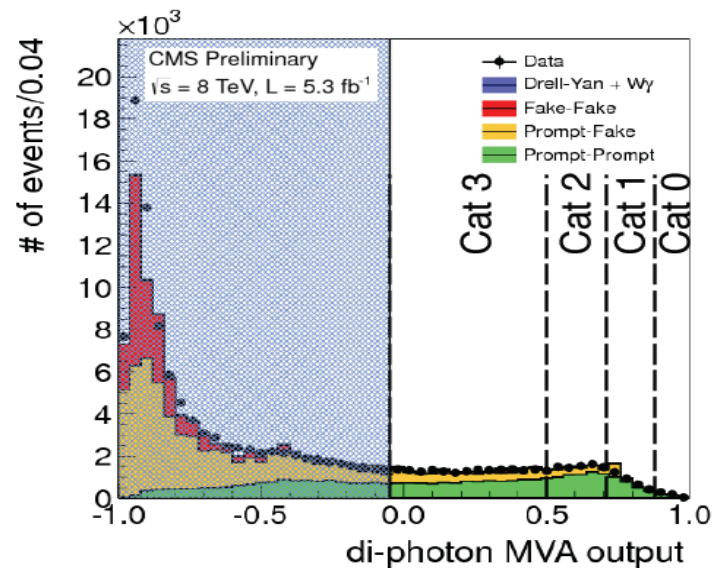
- Converted photon event or un-converted
- Calorimeter transition region (ATLAS)
- Higgs pt thrust variable(ATLAS)

- CMS used MVA selection

- 4category by MVA score.

- ATLAS have cut based 9 categories

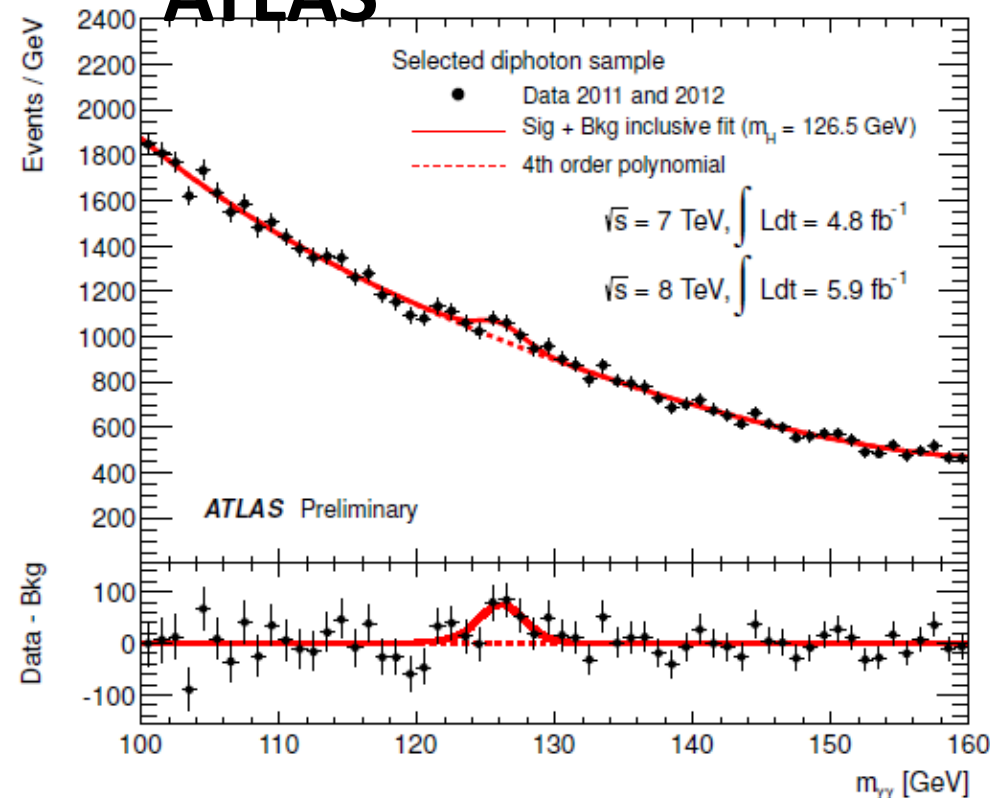
- One(or two) more category “VBF” for experiments.



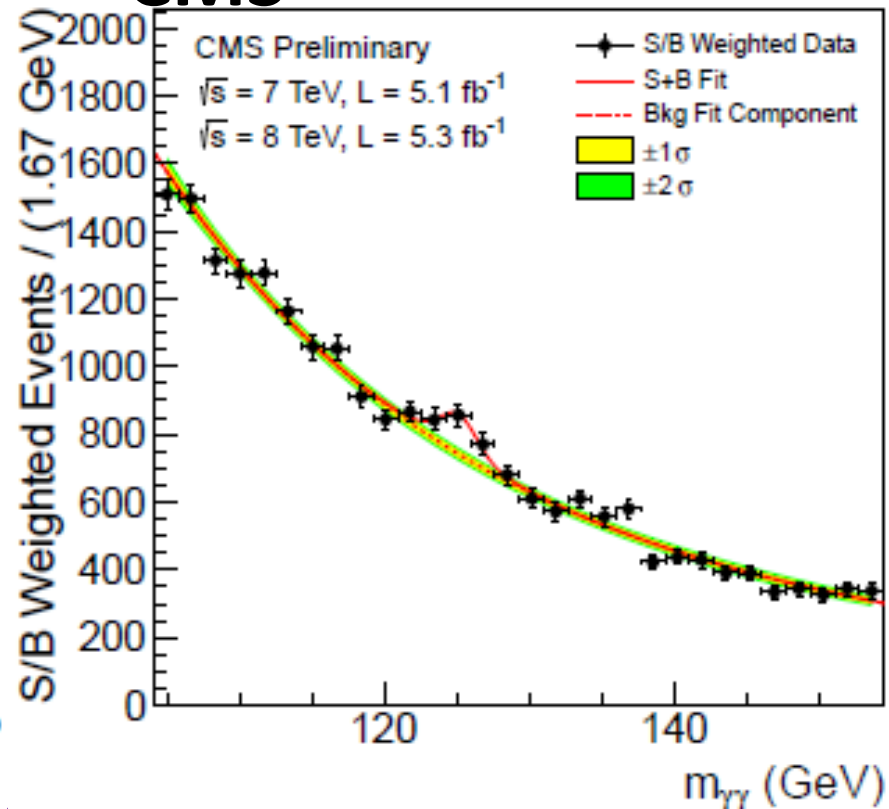
$$\left[ \text{Thrust axis : } \vec{t} = \vec{p}_T(\gamma_1) - \vec{p}_T(\gamma_2) \right]$$

# Inclusive view

## ATLAS



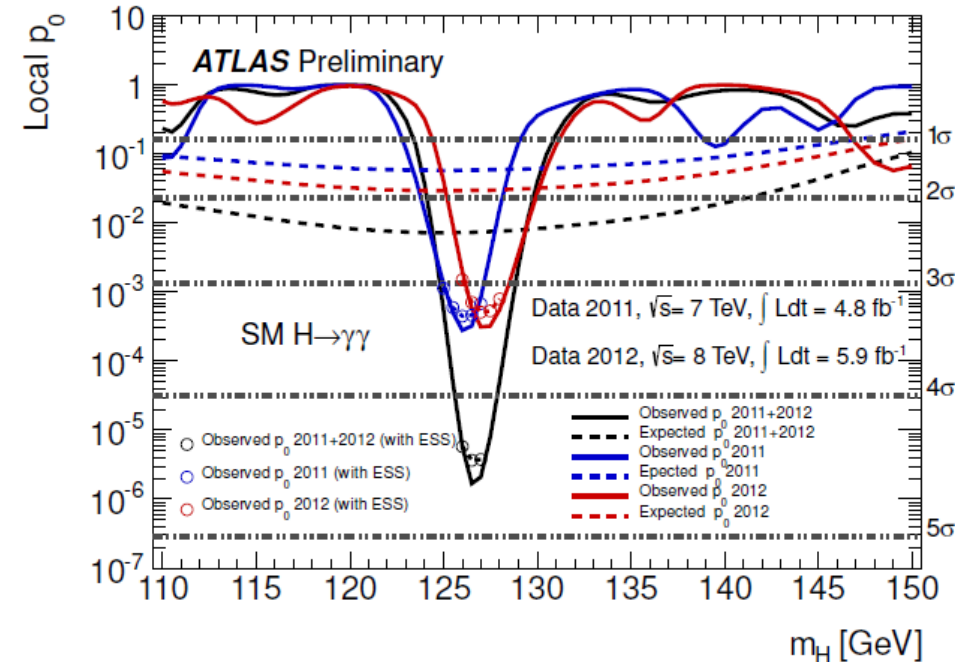
## CMS



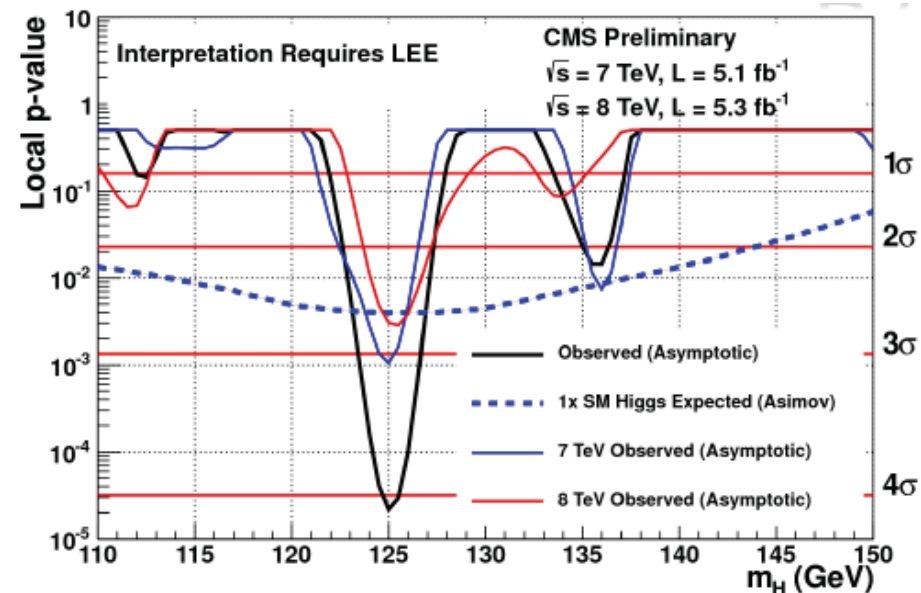
- These plots were not used for the any sensitivity calculations, but just illustrating purpose.
- CMS events are weighted by sensitivity. (1.67GeV/bin ??)

# Results : Discovery significance

## ATLAS



## CMS



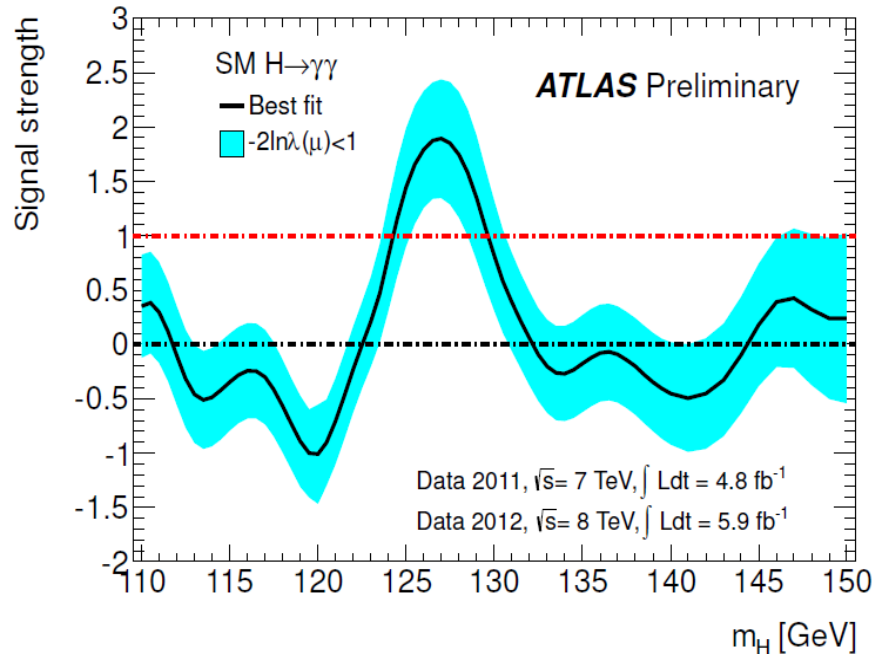
Expected significance  $2.4\sigma$  Expected significance  $2.6\sigma$

Observed significance  **$4.5\sigma$**  Observed significance  **$4.1\sigma$**

(global significance  $3.6\sigma$ ) (global significance  $3.2\sigma$ )

# Signal cross section times branching ratio

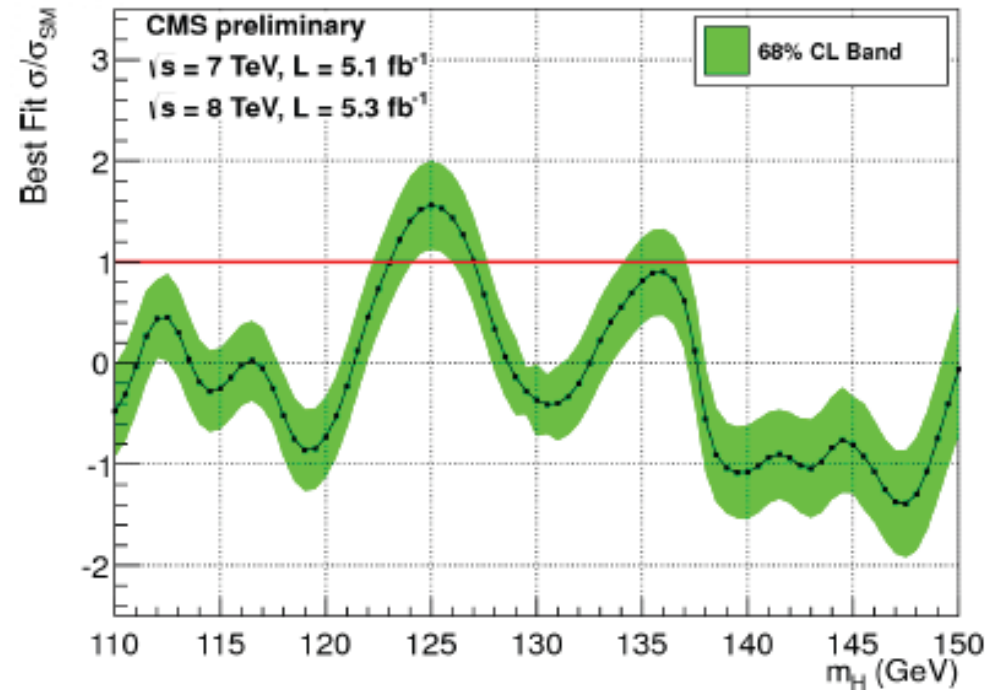
## ATLAS



Best fit Signal strength

$$1.9 \pm 0.5$$

## CMS



Best fit Signal strength

$$1.56 \pm 0.43$$

---

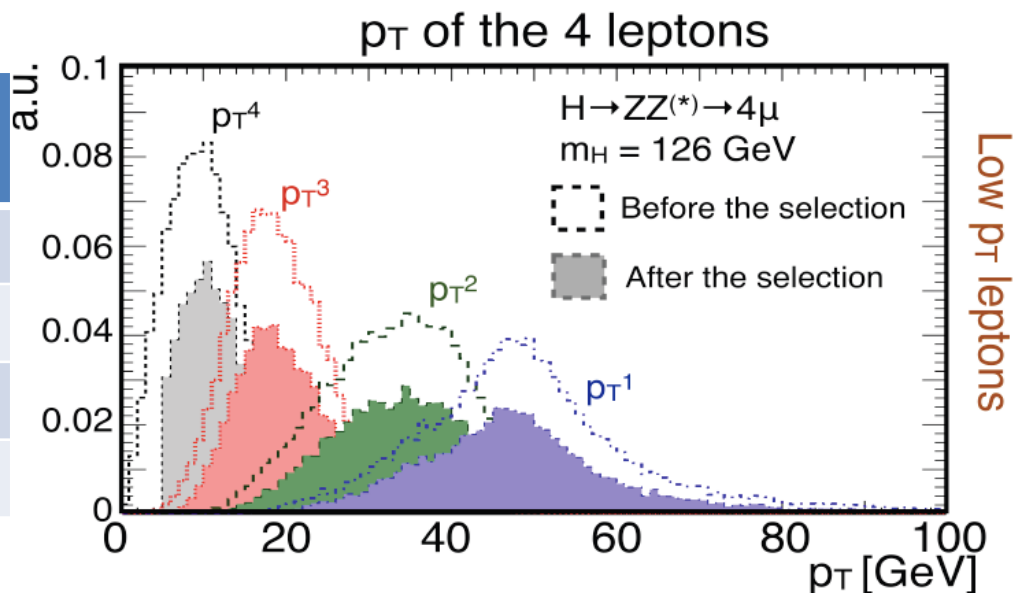
$$H \rightarrow ZZ$$

# Event selection

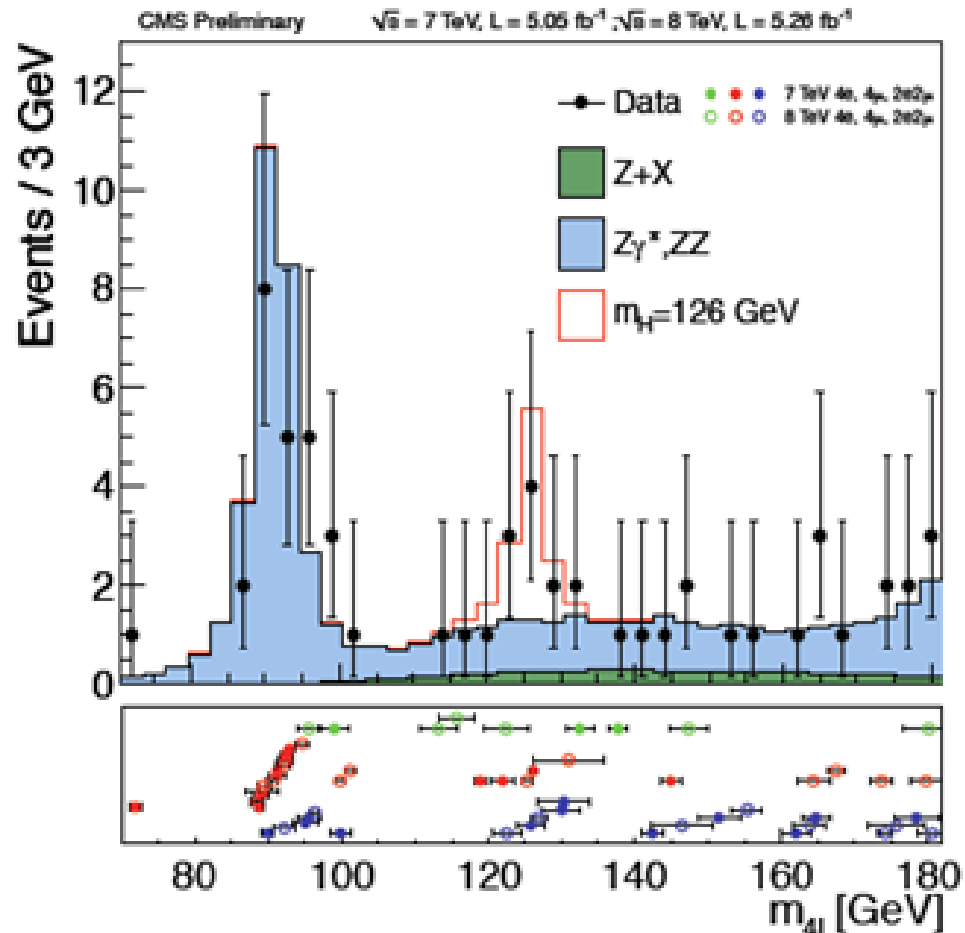
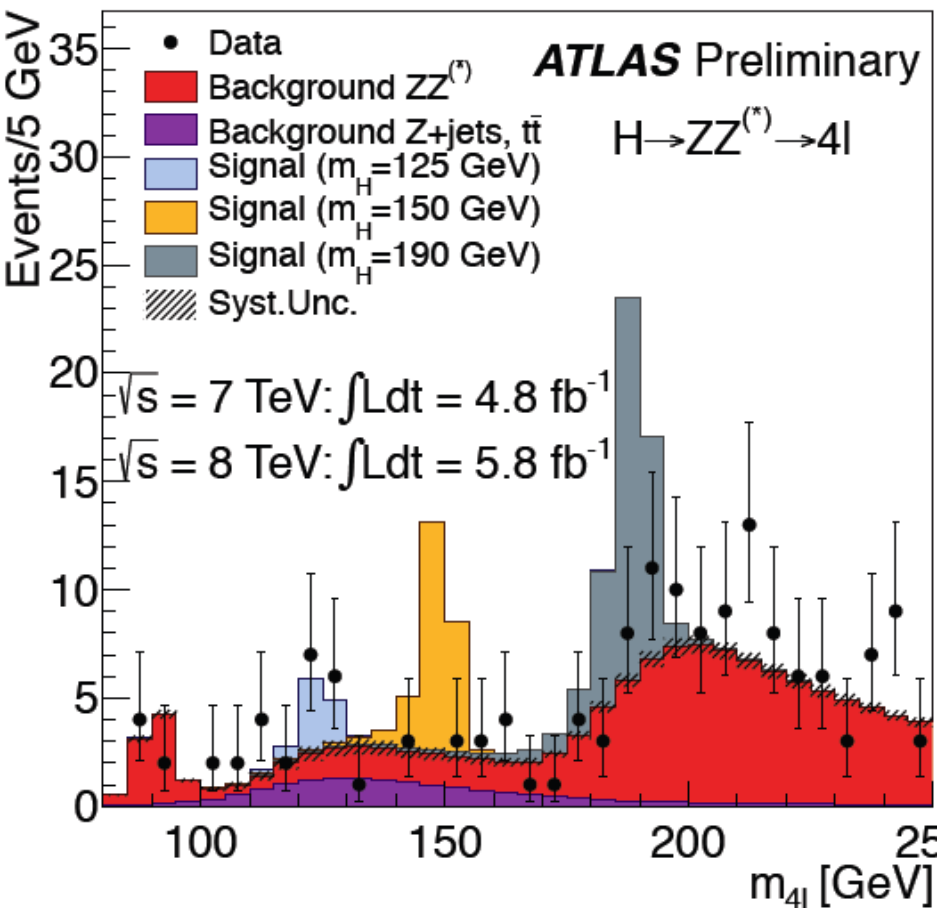
- Select a pair of same-flavour opposite-charge di-leptons.
  - **ATLAS** :  $p_{T1,2,3,4} > 20, 15, 10, 7(6)$  GeV for  $e(\mu)$
  - **CMS** :  $p_{T1,2,3,4} > 20, 10, 7(5), 7(5)$  GeV for  $e(\mu)$
- At least one Z candidate have :
  - ATLAS :  $m_{thr} < m_{ll} < 120$   $m_{thr}=17.5-50$  (22.5 @125GeV)
  - CMS :  $40 < m_{ll} < 120$
  - Isolations and  $dR(ll)$  cut(ATLAS) or  $m_{ll}$  for second Z  $m_{ll}>4$ GeV(CMS)

	ATLAS [120-130]	CMS [110-160]
ZZ bkg.	$(22.5 \pm 0.8)$	$15.5 \pm 1.0$
Z+jets+top	$(11.8 \pm 1.4)$	$4.4+2.2-1.7$
Bkg total	$5.1 \pm 0.8$	$19.9 \pm 2.4$
$m_H$ 126GeV	$5.3 \pm 0.8$	$8.3 \pm 1.2$

( ) is the number for 0-160GeV



# Results : $m_{4l}$ distribution

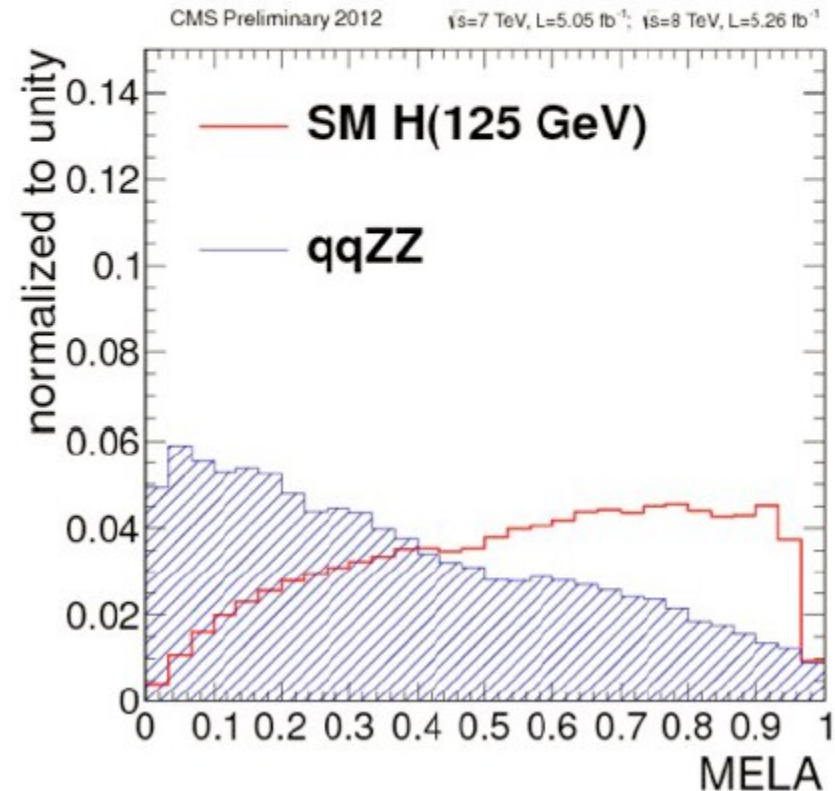
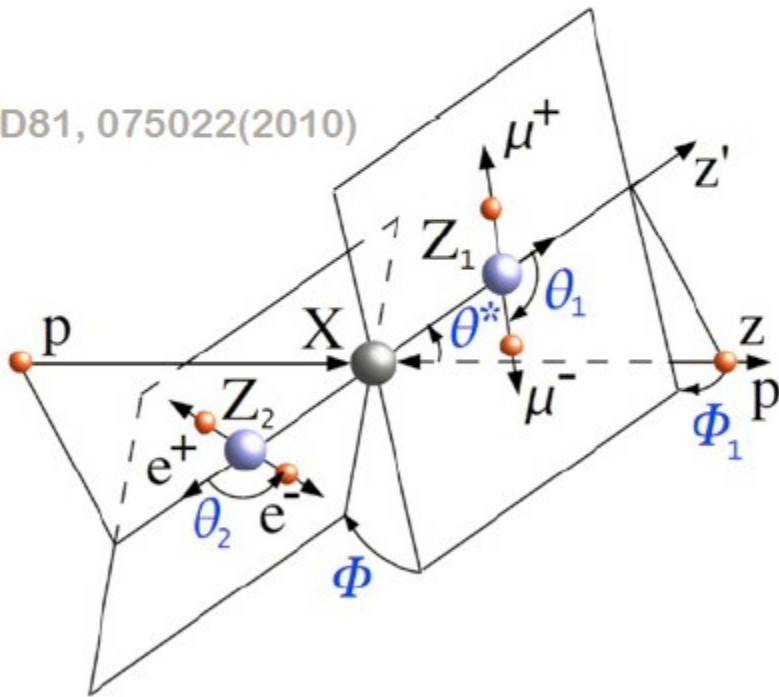


# CMS: Additional improvement by ME

- Decay kinematic fully described by 5 angles and 2 masses
  - discriminates spin 0 particle from background
  - analogous of  $\Delta\phi$  in  $H \rightarrow WW$  analysis
  - MELA: matrix element likelihood analysis

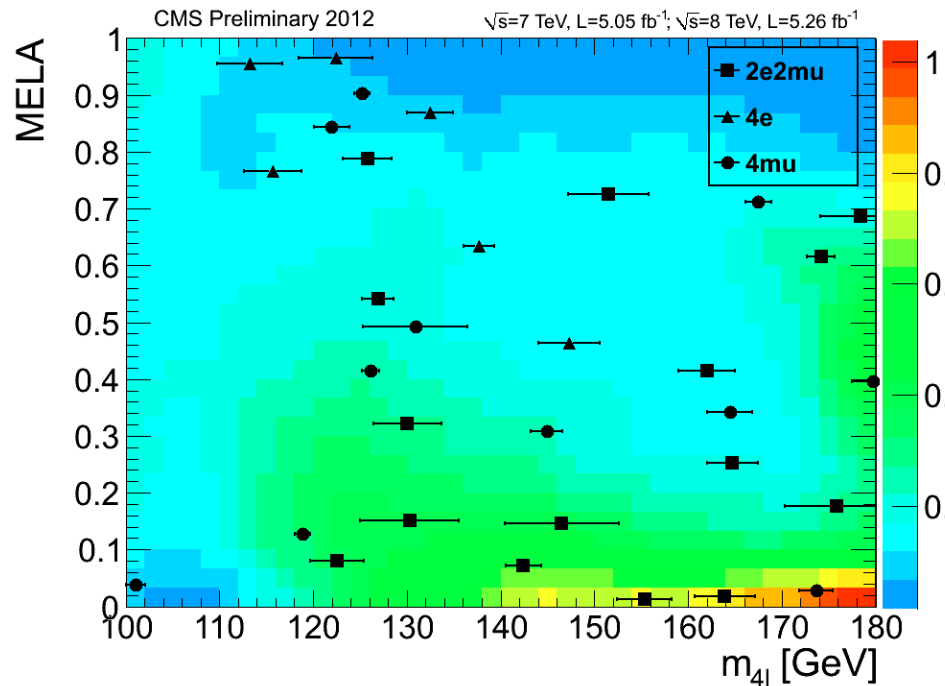
$$\text{MELA} = \left[ 1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{\text{bkg}}(m_1, m_2, \theta_1, \theta_2, \Phi, \theta^*, \Phi_1 | m_{4\ell})}{\mathcal{P}_{\text{sig}}(m_1, m_2, \theta_1, \theta_2, \Phi, \theta^*, \Phi_1 | m_{4\ell})} \right]^{-1}$$

PRD81, 075022(2010)

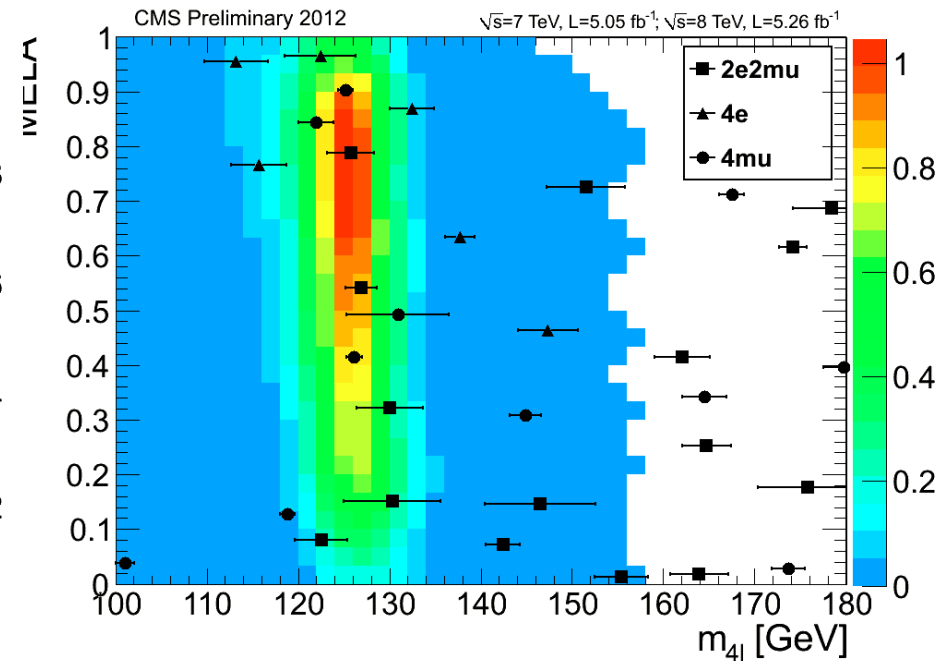


# MELA Likelihood-mass 2D

## Background



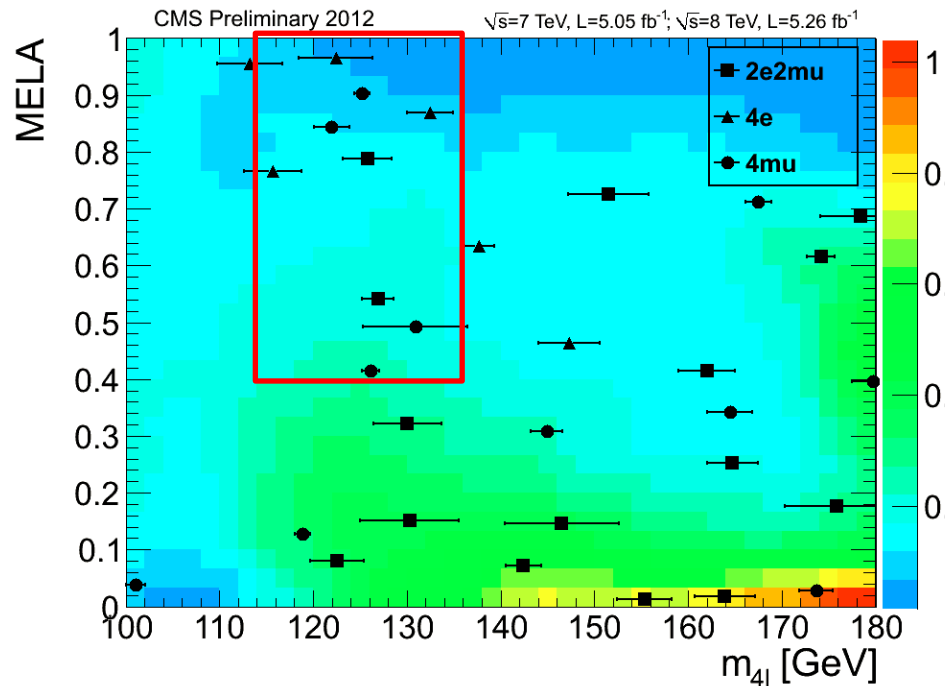
## Signal @126GeV



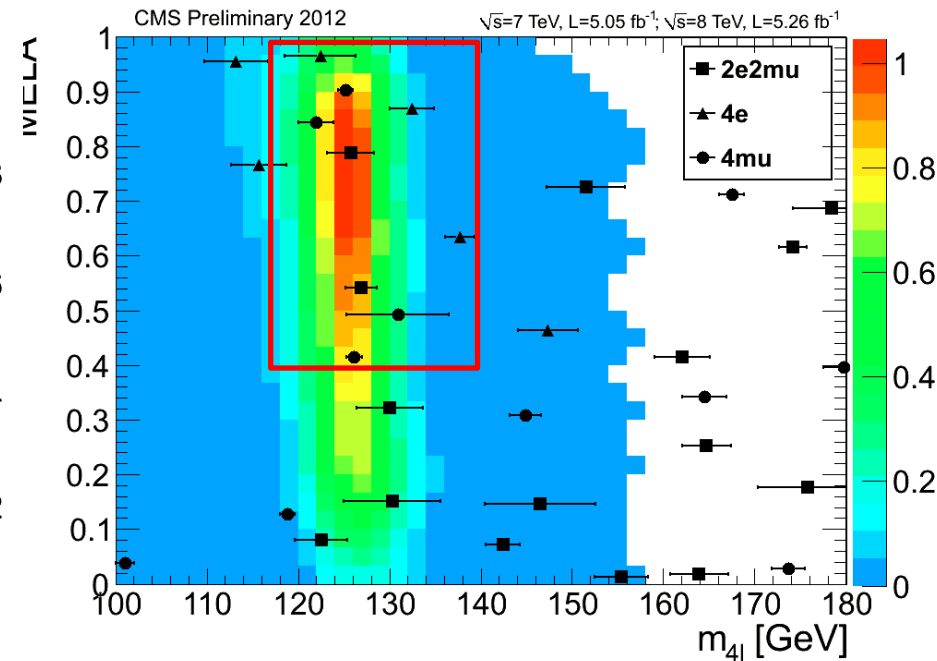
Data points are the same for both plots.

# MELA Likelihood-mass 2D

## Background



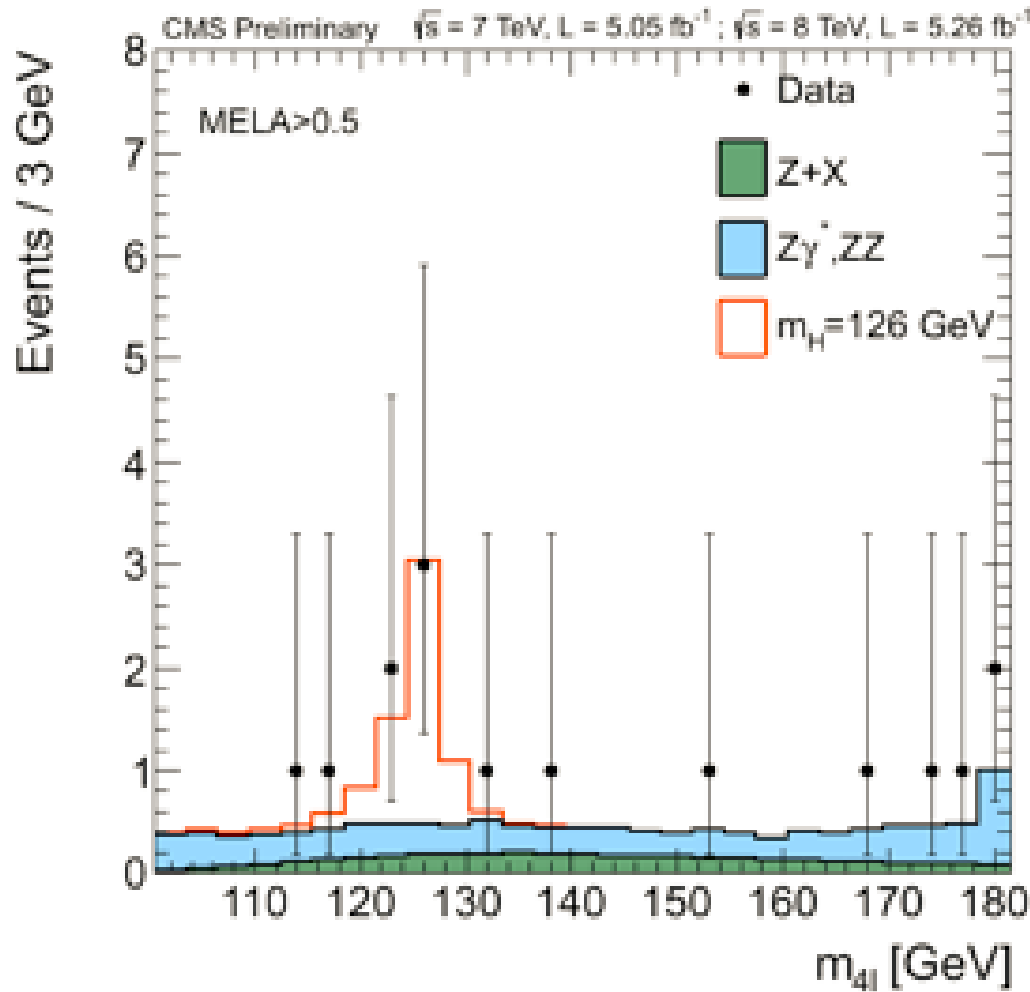
## Signal @126GeV



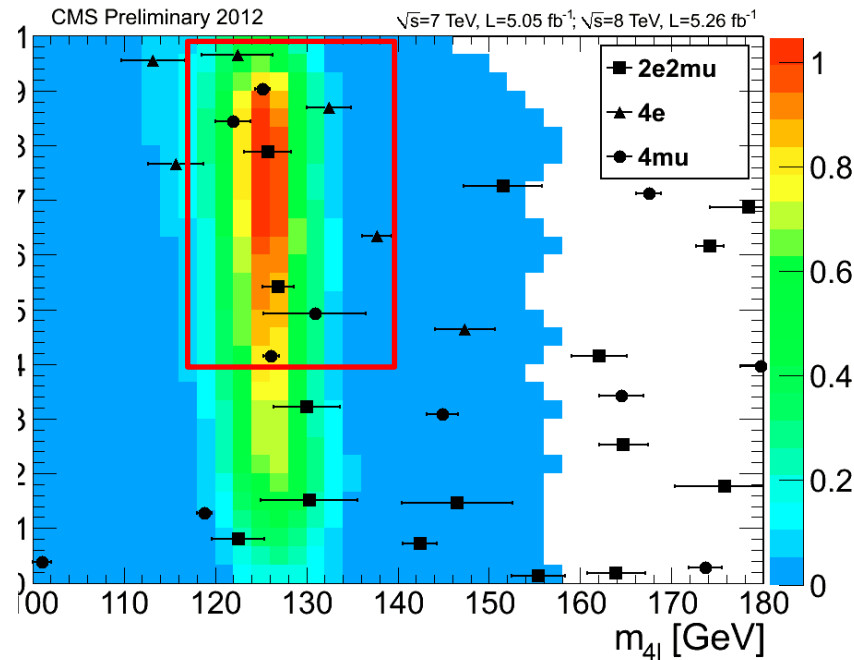
Data points are the same for both plots.

If data is only background, not much events are expected in this region.

# MELA Likelihood-mass 2D



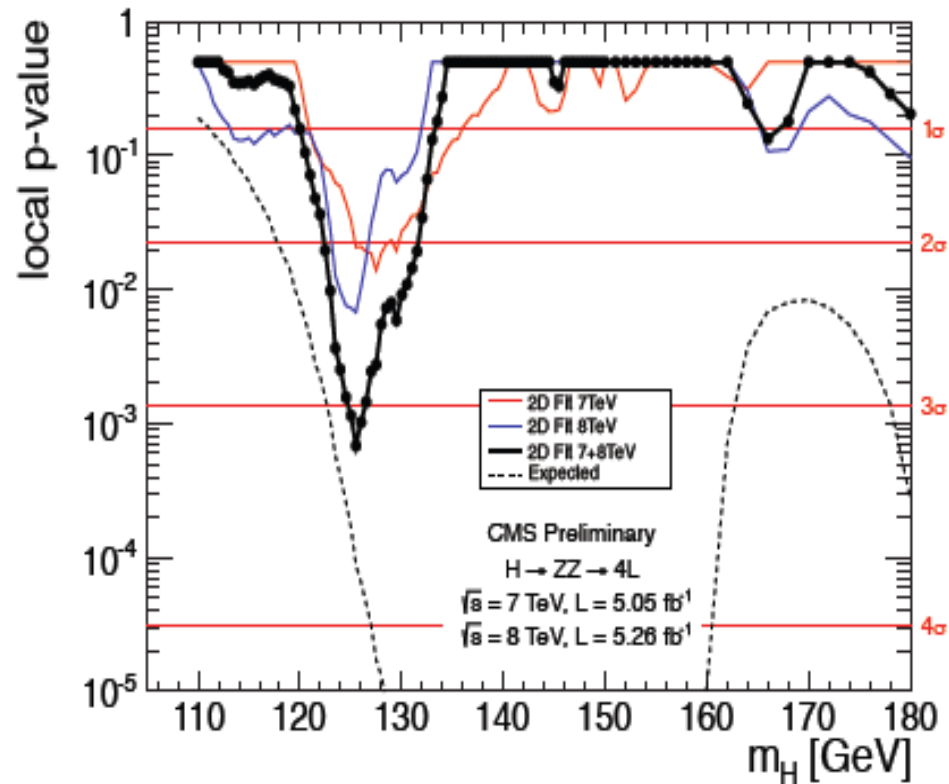
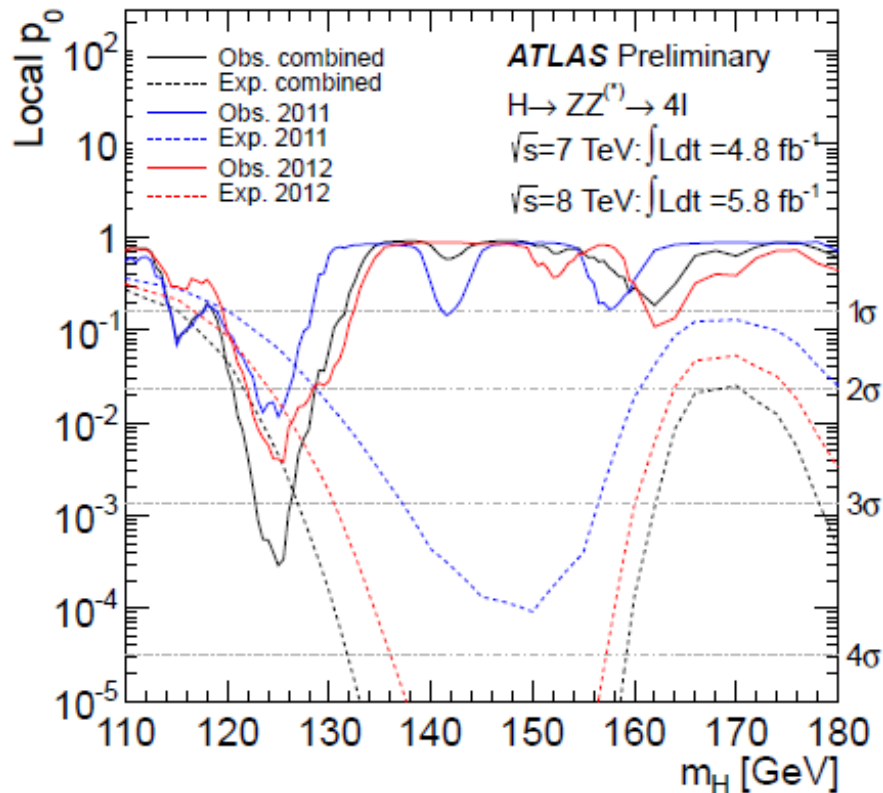
gnal @126GeV



the same for both plots.

events are expected in this region.

# Results : Discovery significance



Local  $p_0$

ATLAS

**3.4 $\sigma$  at 125GeV, expected 2.6 $\sigma$**

Local  $p_0$

CMS

**3.2 $\sigma$  at 125.5GeV, expected 3.8 $\sigma$**

---

$H \rightarrow WW$

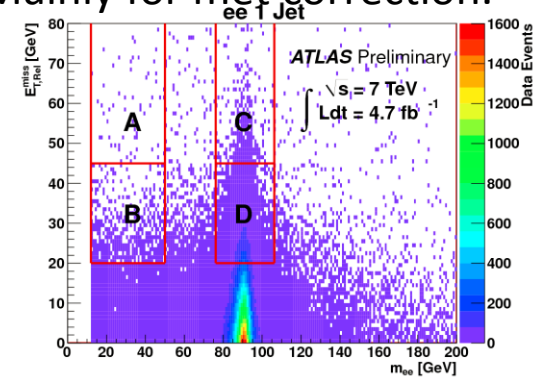
# Event selection & background estimation

- two leptons + Missing ET
- ggF : 0,1 jet, VBF : 2 jets

**Z+jets :**

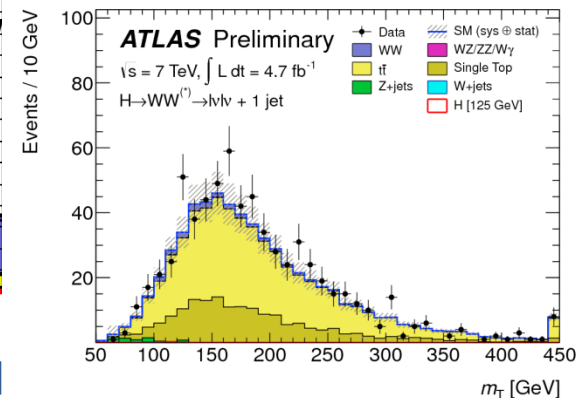
MET vs m<sub>ll</sub>

Mainly for met correction.



**Top :**

Apply b-tagging to enhance ttbar background.

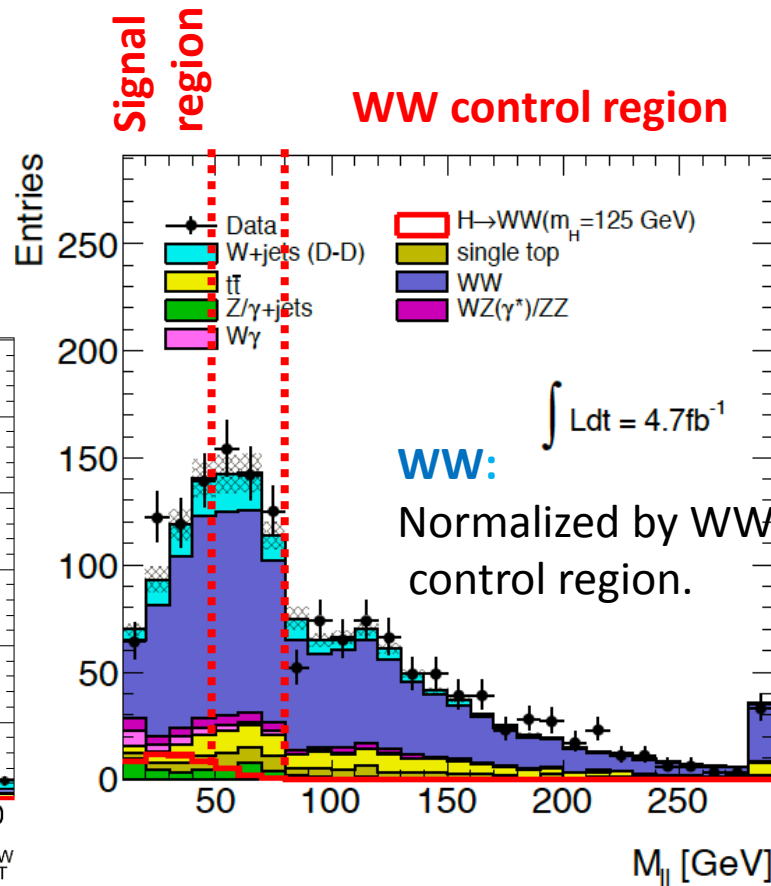
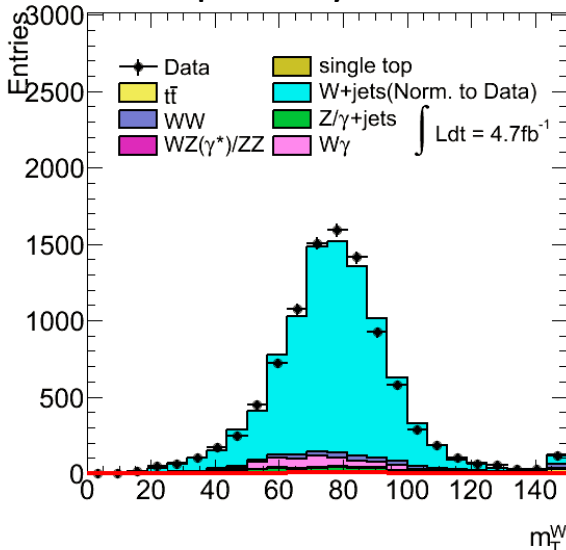


**W+jets :**

Fake lepton background.

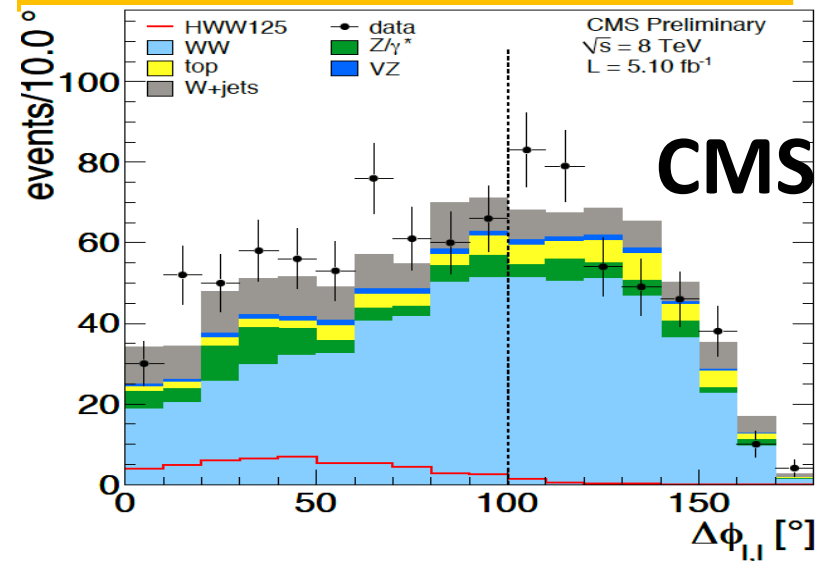
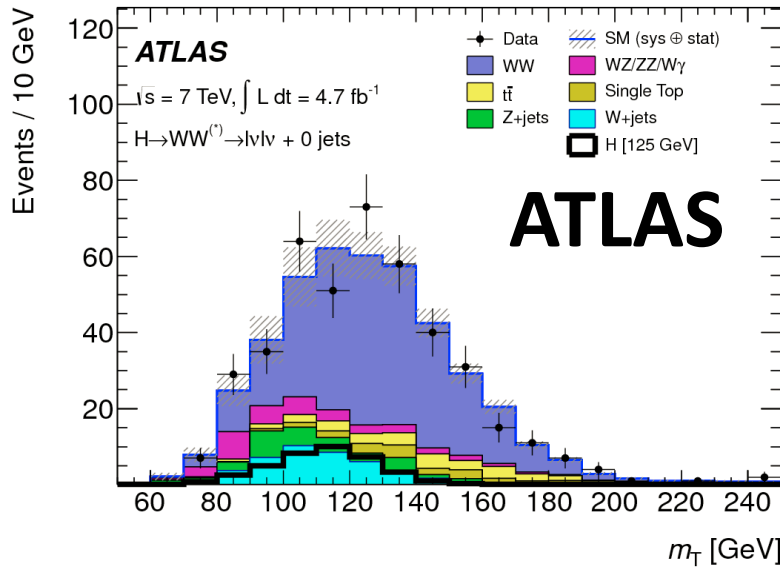
Prepare Loose lepton CR

And multiplied by Fake rate.

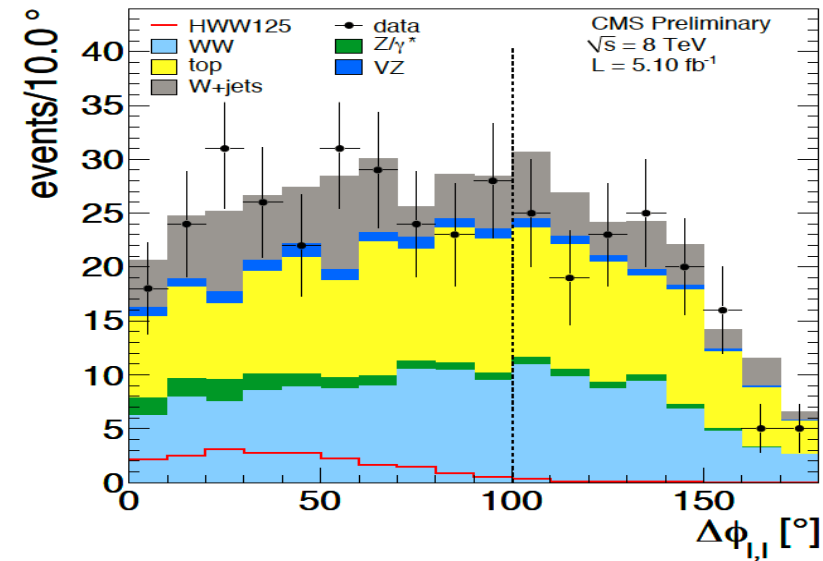
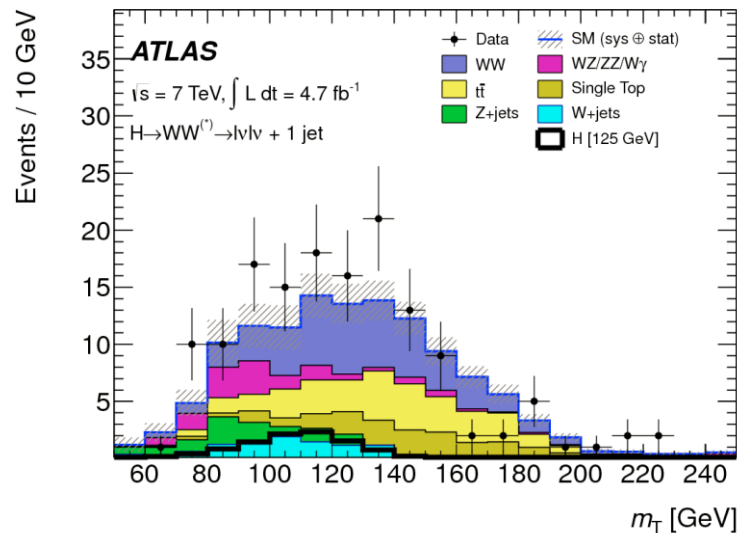


# Distributions in signal region

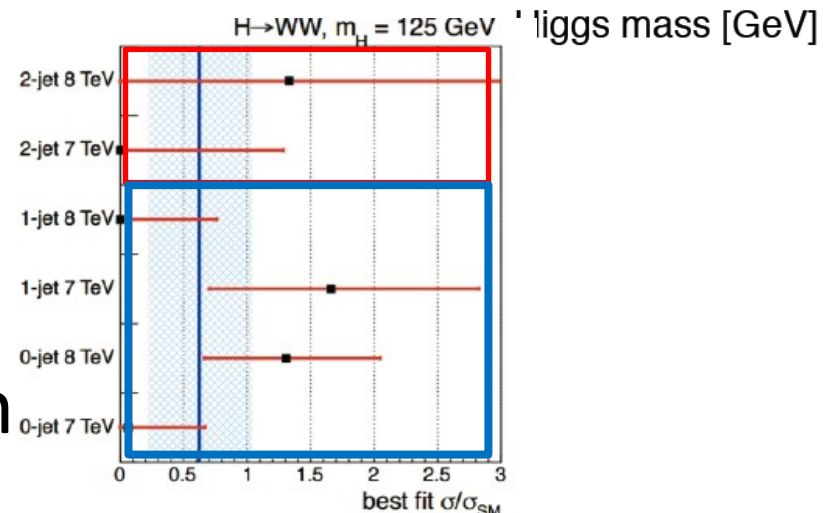
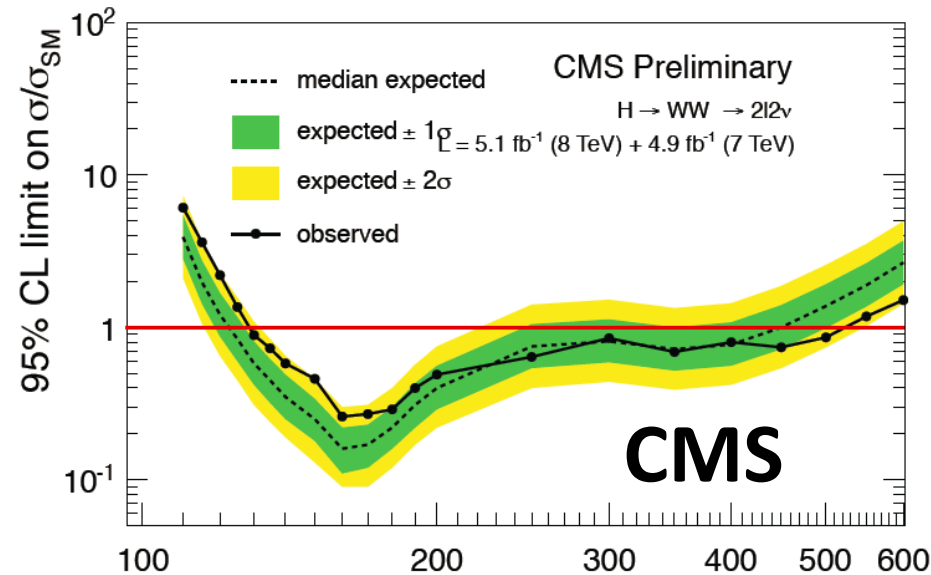
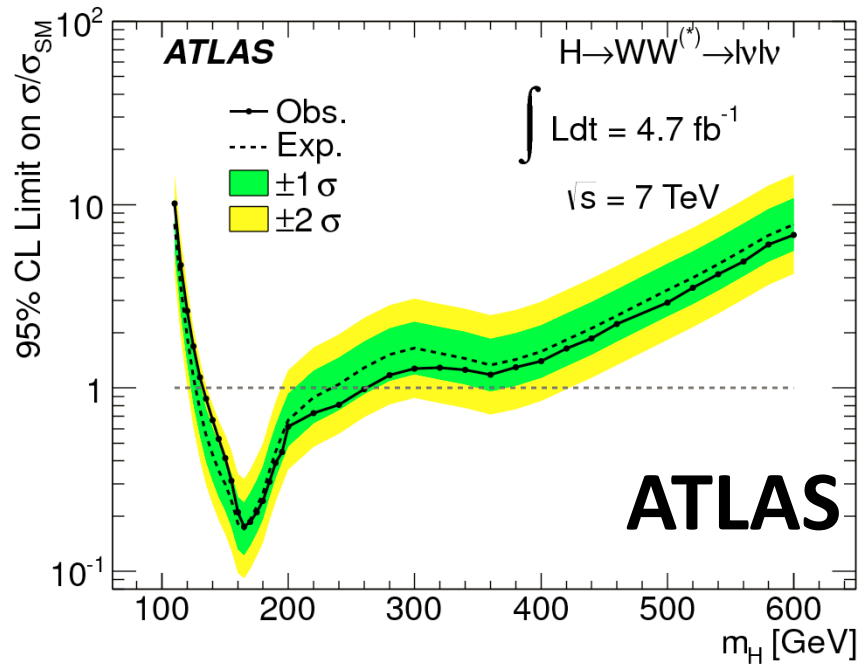
0jet



1jet



# Results : 95% CL upper limit

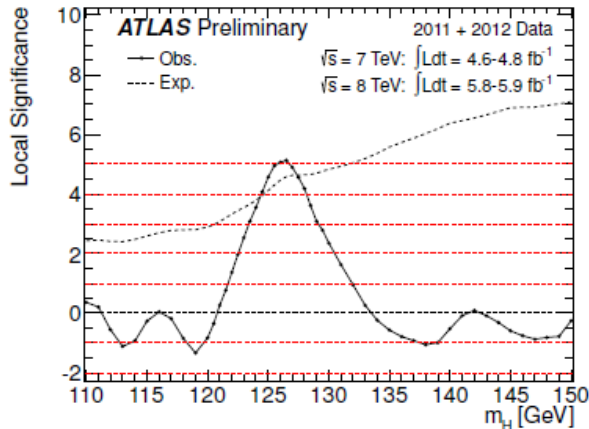
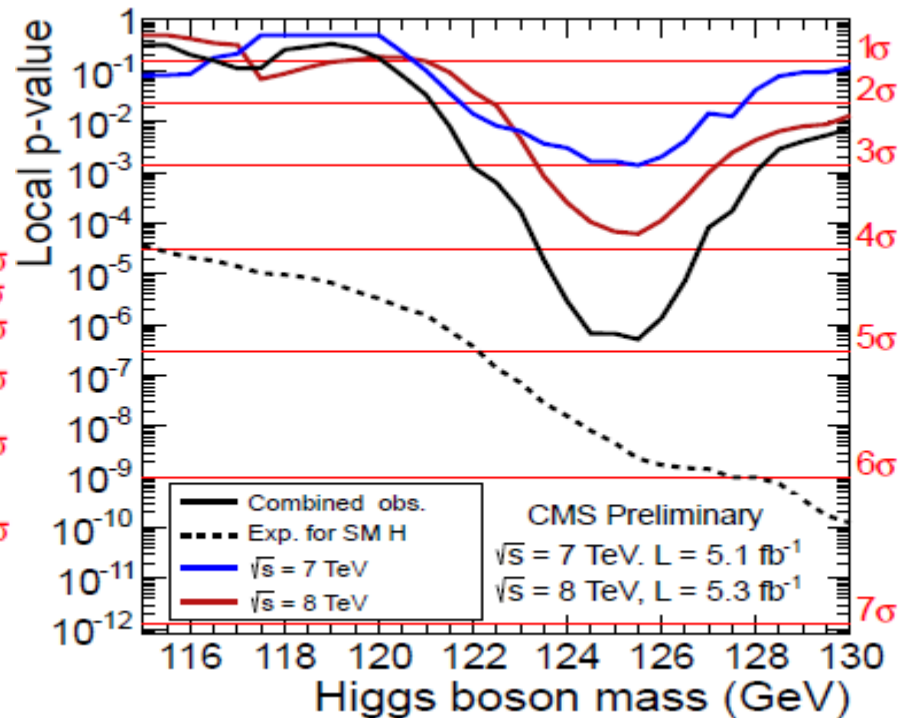
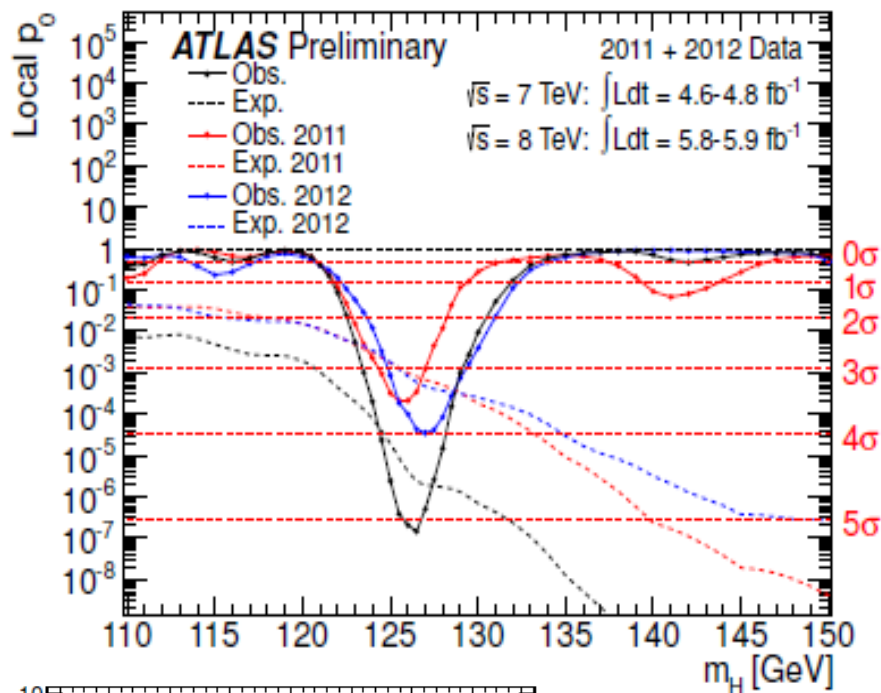


- Excluded wide range.
- No significant  $>3\sigma$  excess.
- ATLAS will include 8TeV soon

---

# Observation of new particle (including $\tau\tau$ and $b\bar{b}$ )

# Results : Discovery significance



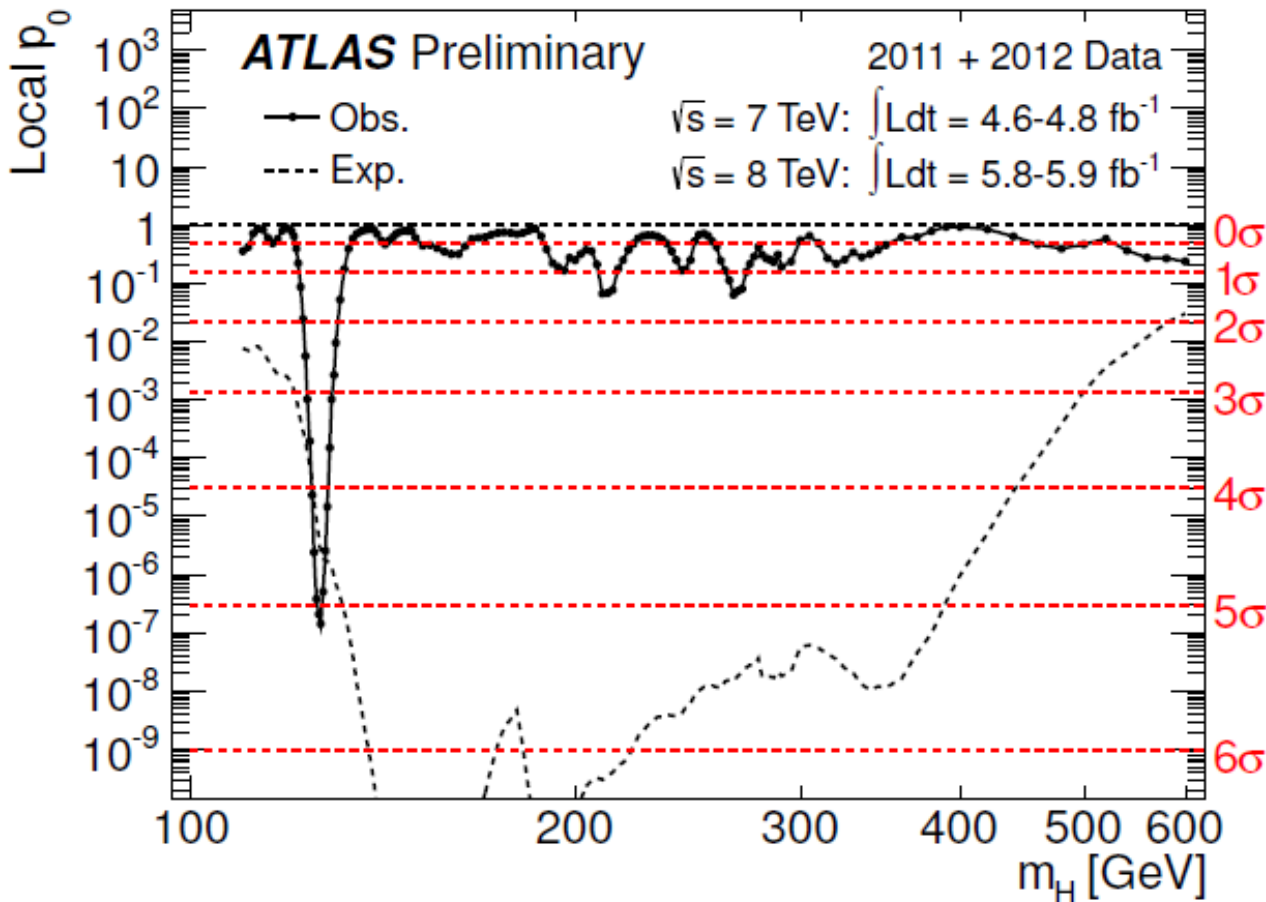
**ATLAS (expected=4.6 $\sigma$ )**

Local  $p_0 = 3.0 \times 10^{-7} \Rightarrow 5.0\sigma$  at 126.5 GeV

**CMS (expected=5.6 $\sigma$ )**

Local  $p_0 = 5.5 \times 10^{-7} \Rightarrow 4.9\sigma$  at  $\sim 125$  GeV

# Large range and LEE?



Look Elsewhere Effect  
(global significance)

ATLAS

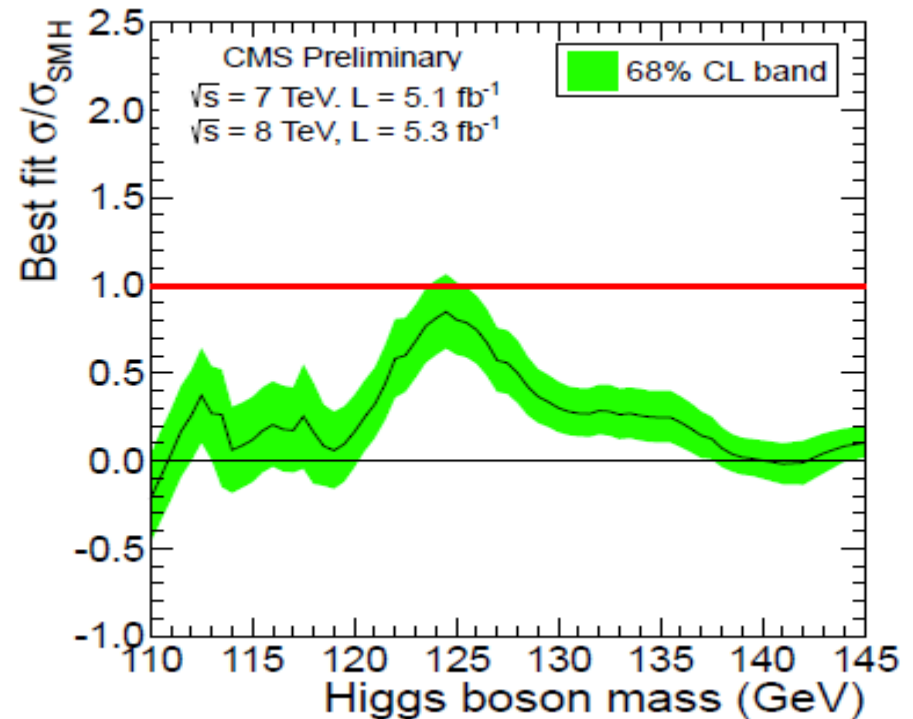
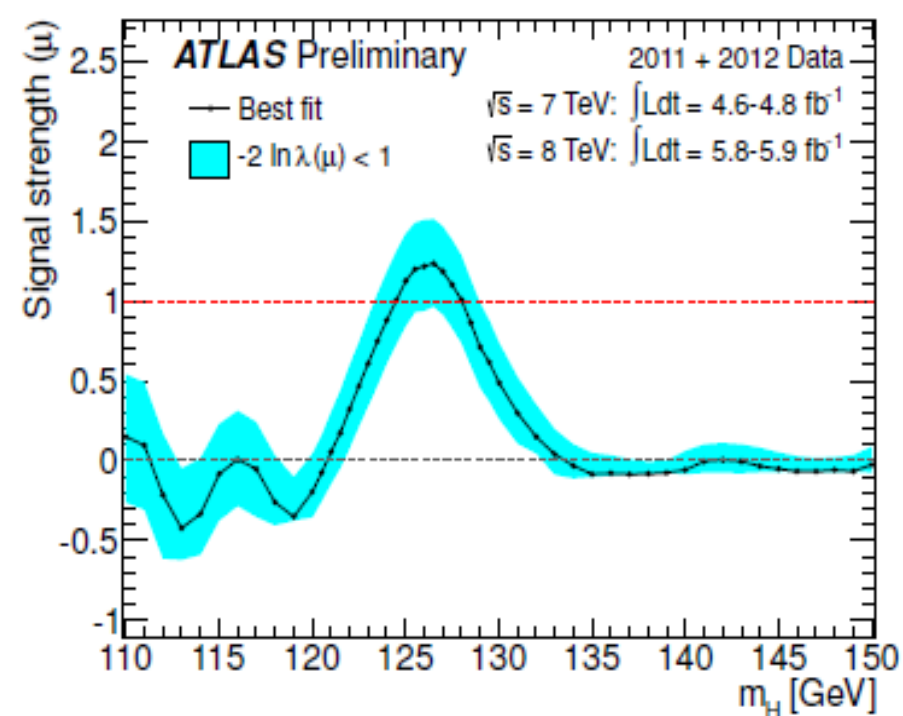
4.1 $\sigma$  (110-600GeV),  
**4.3 $\sigma$  (110-150GeV)**

CMS

4.0 $\sigma$  (110-600GeV),  
4.5 $\sigma$  (115-130GeV),  
**4.4 $\sigma$  (110-145GeV)**

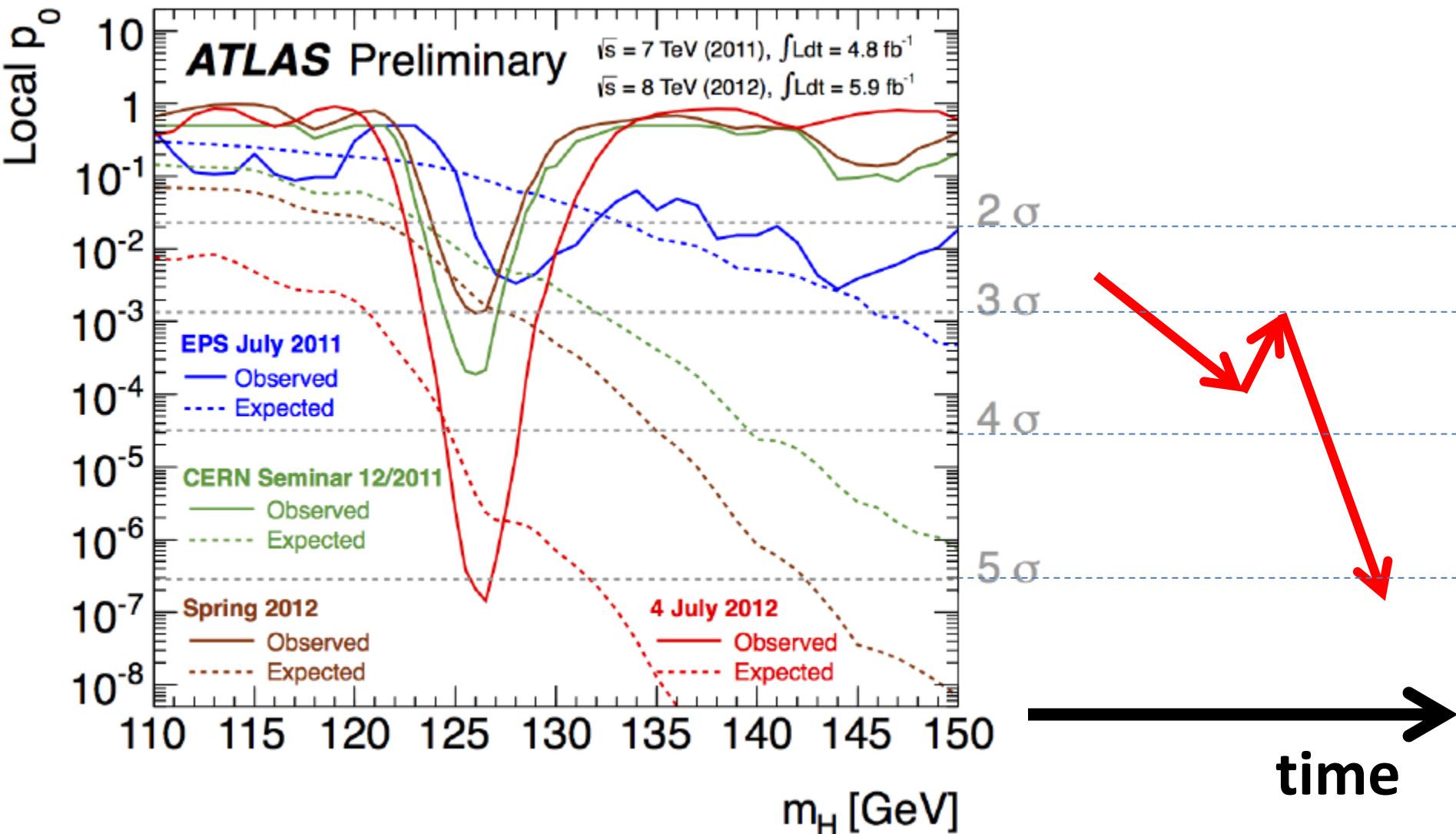
- Here is only one place we observed significant excess
- LEE is just a protection to avoid wrong discovery.

# Signal strength as a function of $m_H$



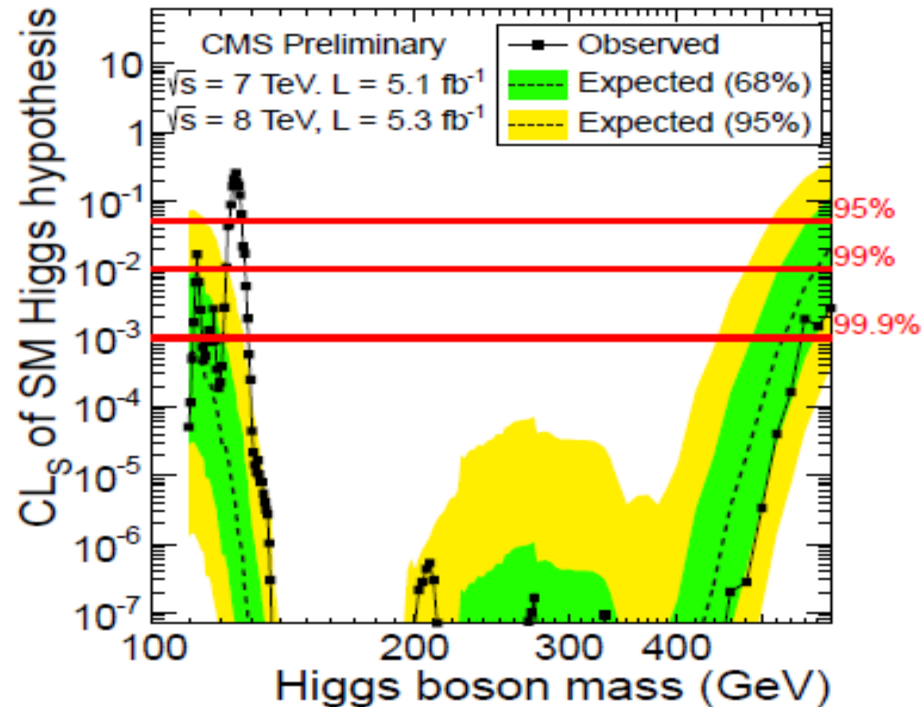
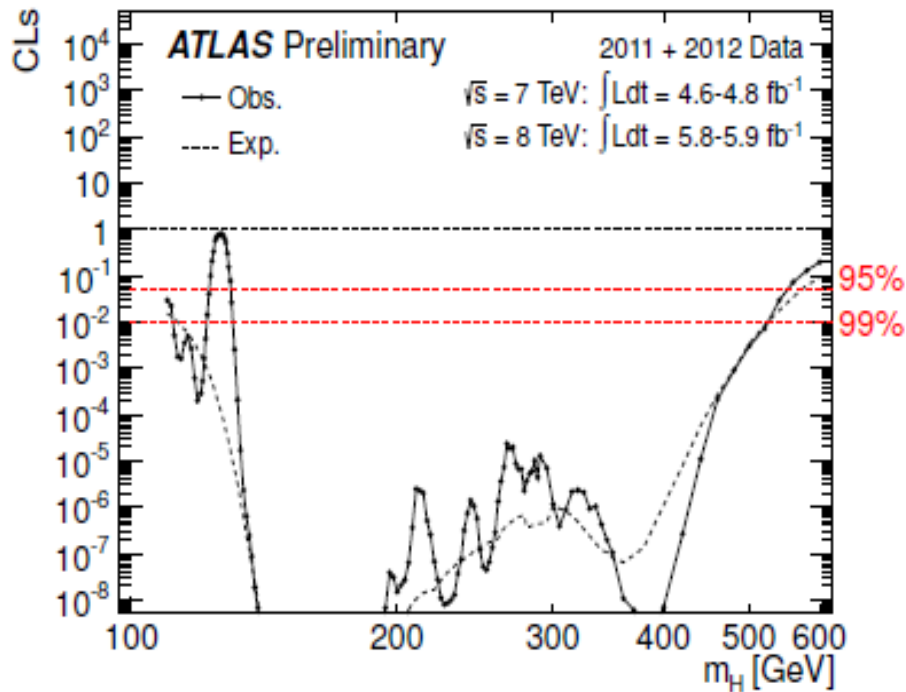
**Best Fit Signal Strength** **Best Fit Signal Strength**  
**1.2 $\pm$ 0.3** at 126.5GeV **0.88 $\pm$ 0.22** at  $\sim 125$ GeV

# History of the observed significance



# Possibility of second Higgs ?

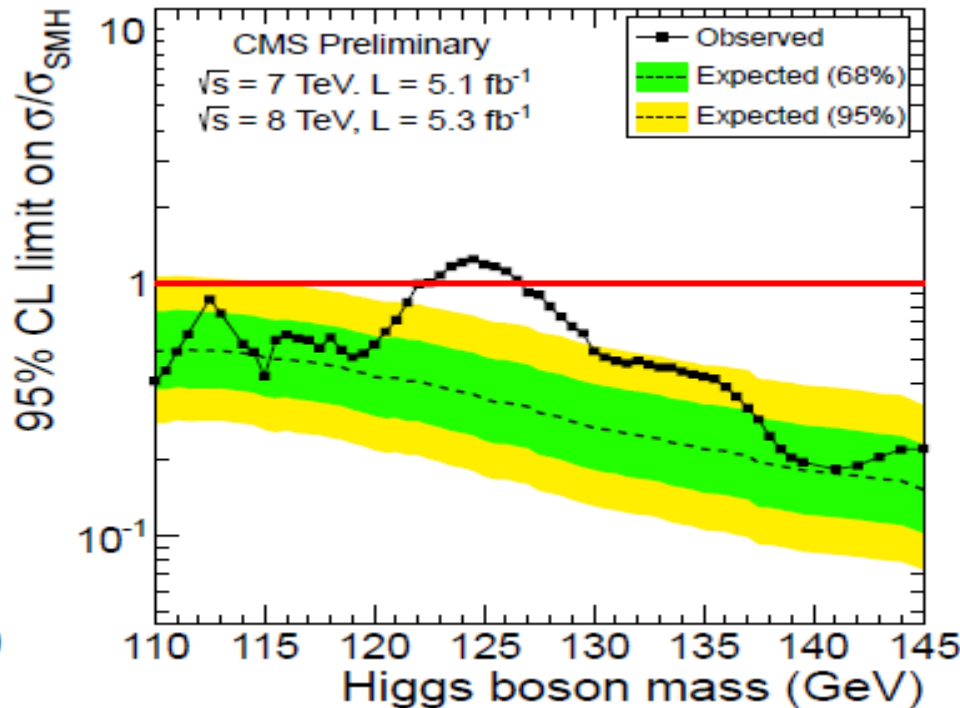
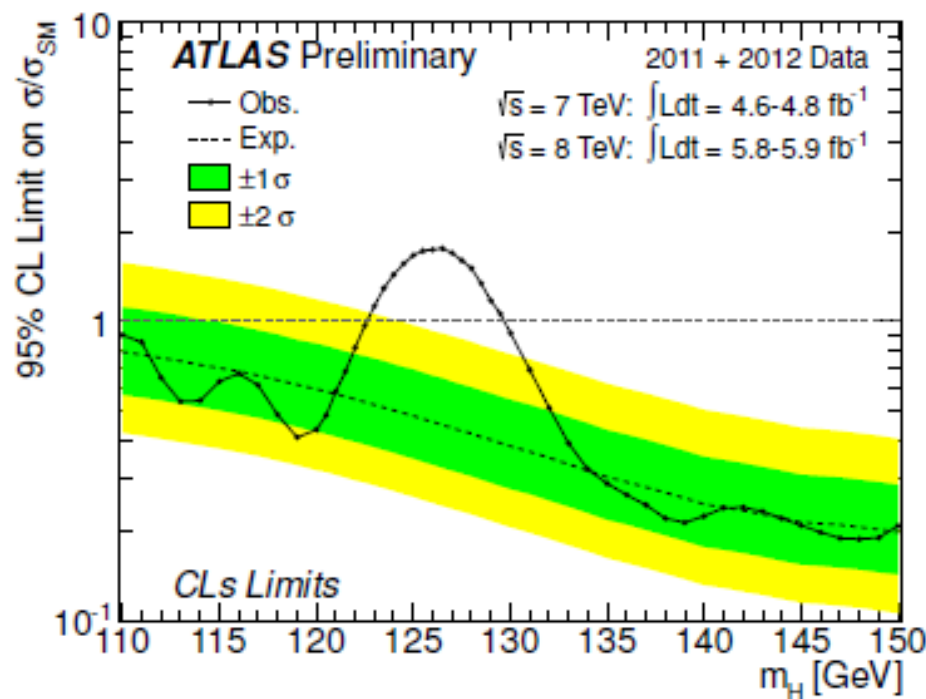
- If second higgs have the same cross section...



- Excluded except very high mass(>500GeV) by 99% CL

# Possibility of second Higgs ?

- If the cross section is lower than SM...



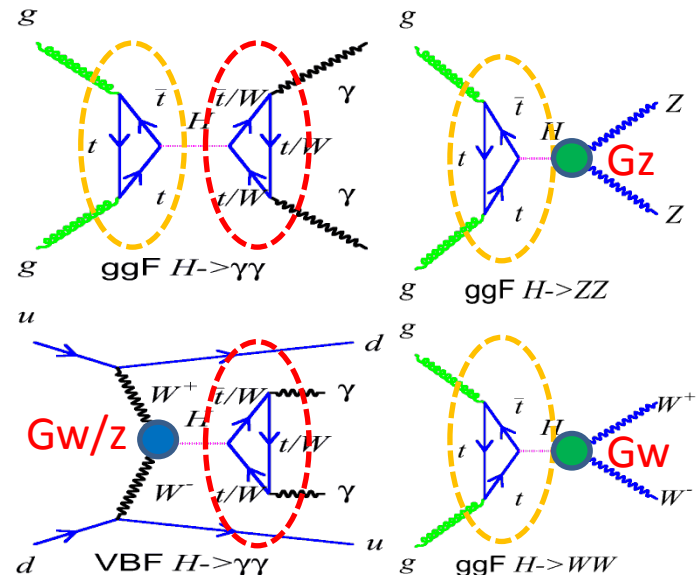
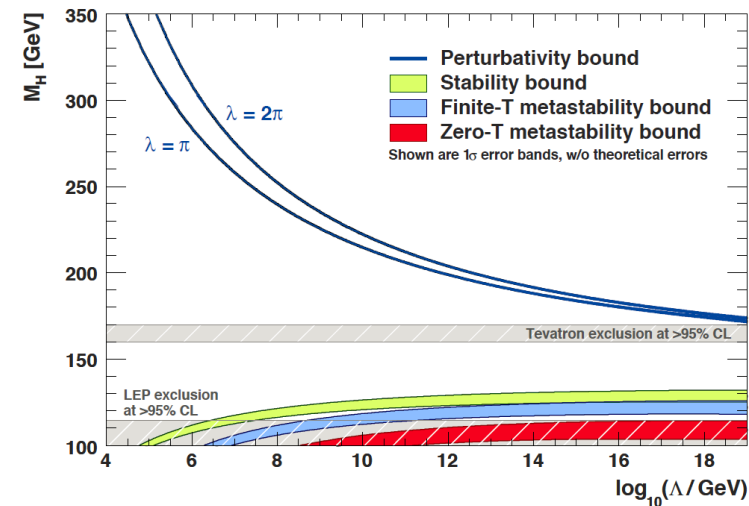
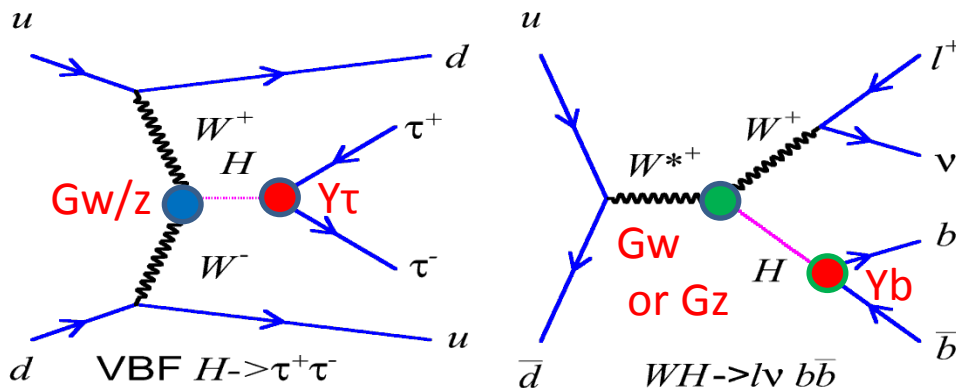
- Of cause possible.

---

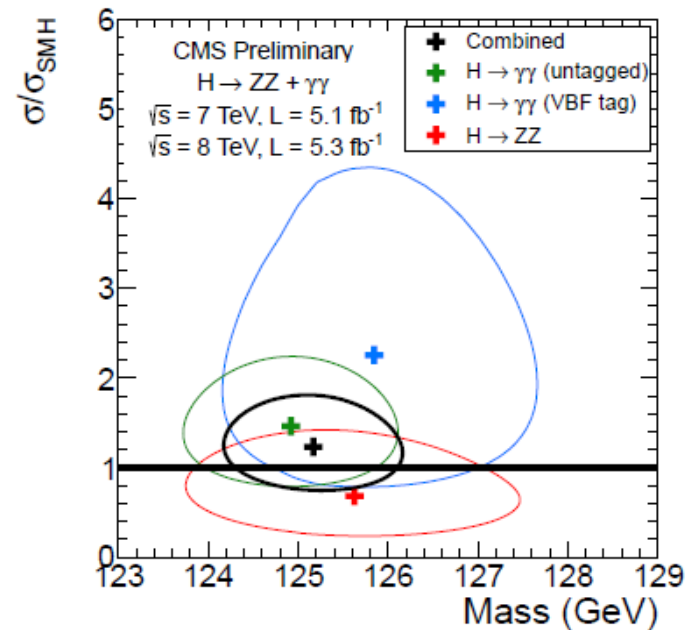
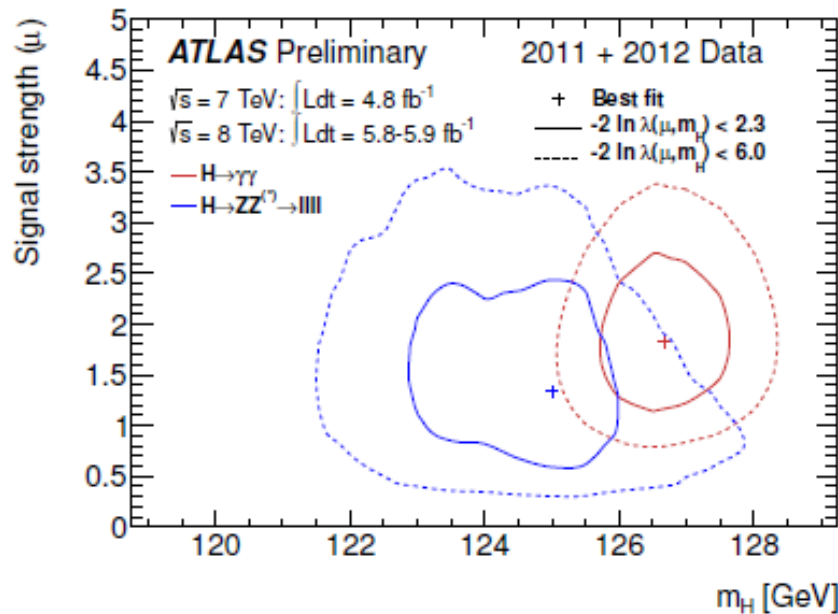
# What should we do next?

# What should we do next?

- Mass measurement  $\rightarrow$  can be done by  $\gamma\gamma/ZZ$ 
  - To prove the scale of breaking?
  - **But 0.5GeV precision is really necessary?**
- Spin measurement  $\rightarrow$  spin 0 or 2?  $WW/ZZ$  ?
  - Spin 0 is necessary, if this is Higgs.
- **Coupling measurement**
  - Almost sure the quark Yukawa does exist (by  $ggF$  discovery) and may be via top Yukawa coupling.
  - But how about  $Y_b$ ?  $Y_b \sim m_b/246\text{GeV}$ ?
  - $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  must be only the channel which can indicate about lepton Yukawa coupling.

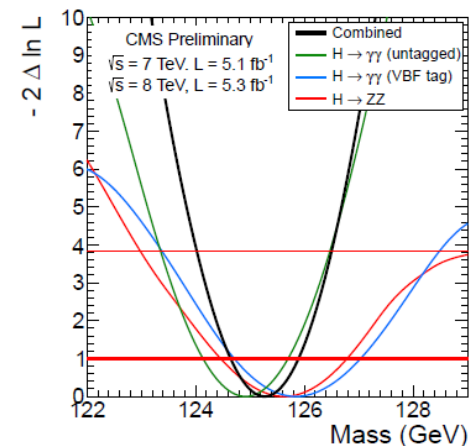


# Mass measurement



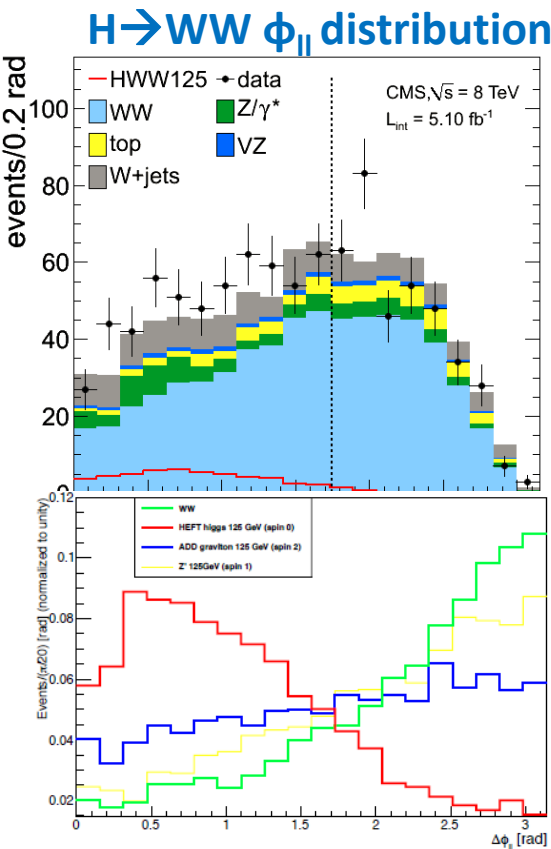
Note : ATLAS did not mention this as “mass measurement”. But only the “consistency among channels”

**CMS :  $m_X = 125.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV}$**

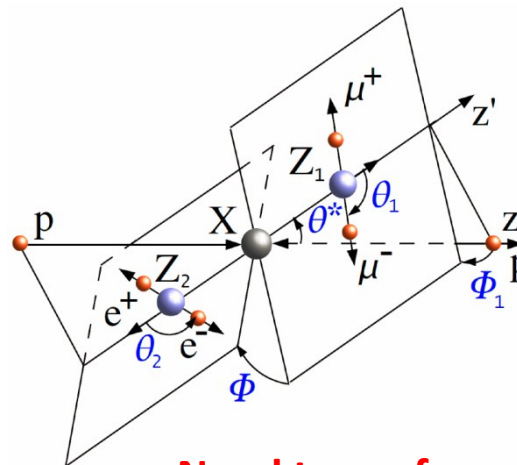


# Spin of the observed particle

- It should be spin 0 or 2 by observation of  $\gamma\gamma$  decay.
- But which?
  - We heavily rely on the spin=0 information in the analysis.  $\rightarrow$  WW and ZZ

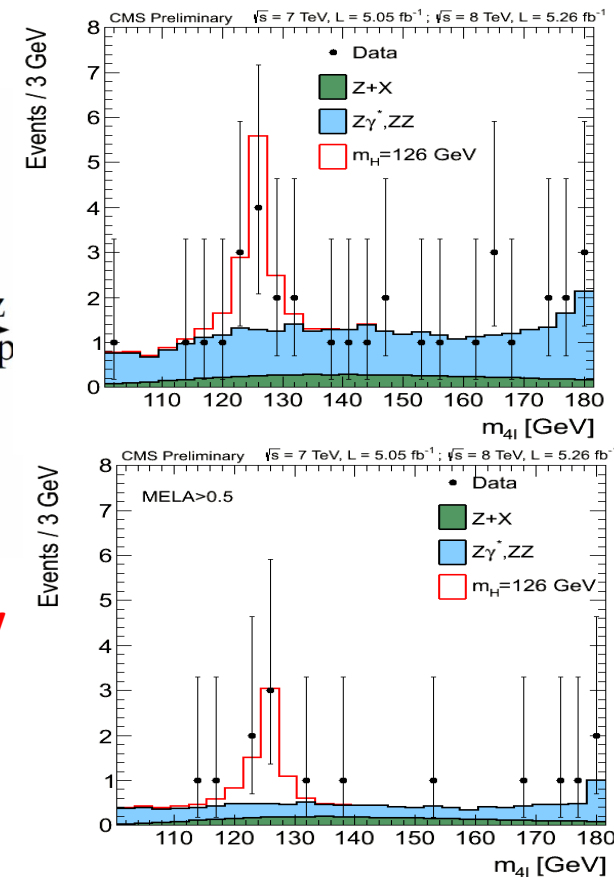


## **$H \rightarrow ZZ$ MELA**



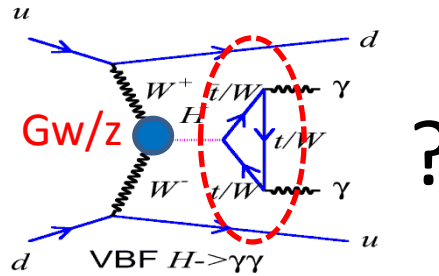
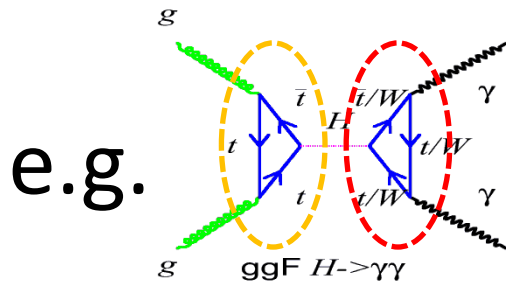
**Need to perform  
quantitative study**

**Truth level study  
No acceptance cut applied**



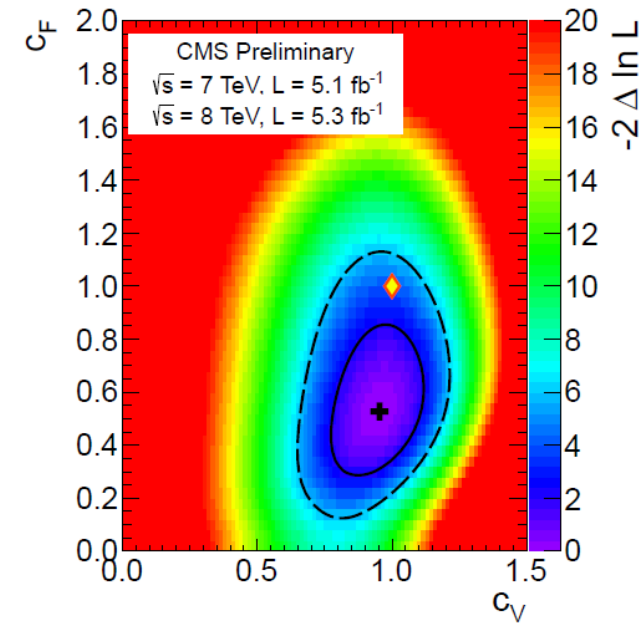
# Coupling I

- Gauge boson and fermion.

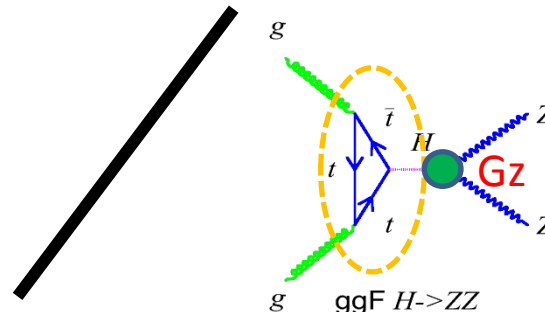
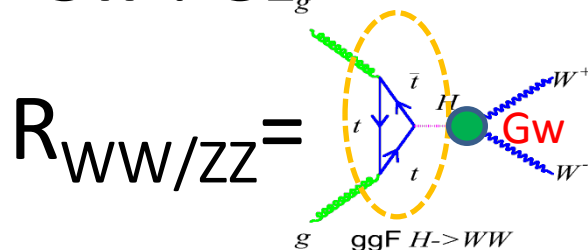


$c_V$  = coupling to W and Z  
 $c_F$  = coupling to fermion  
 $\gamma\gamma \Rightarrow$  ratios from the SM Higgs

CMS all channel fit.



- $G_W : G_Z$

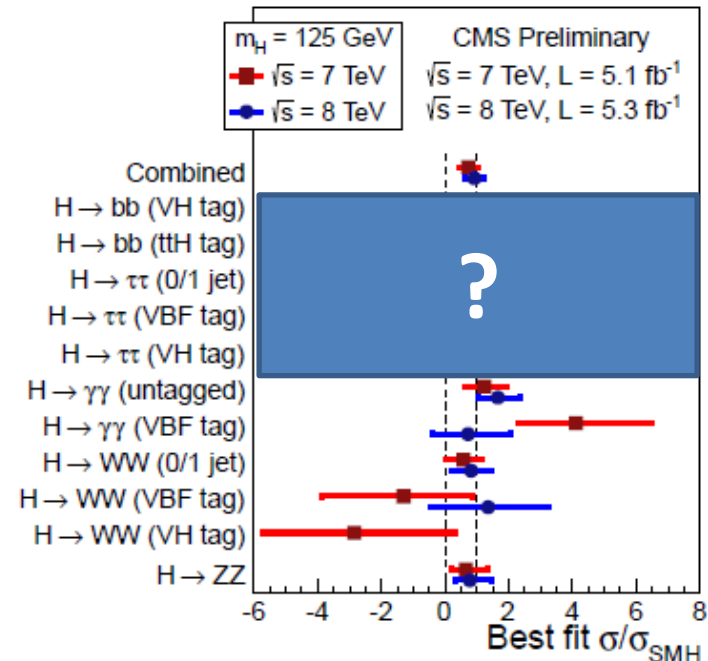
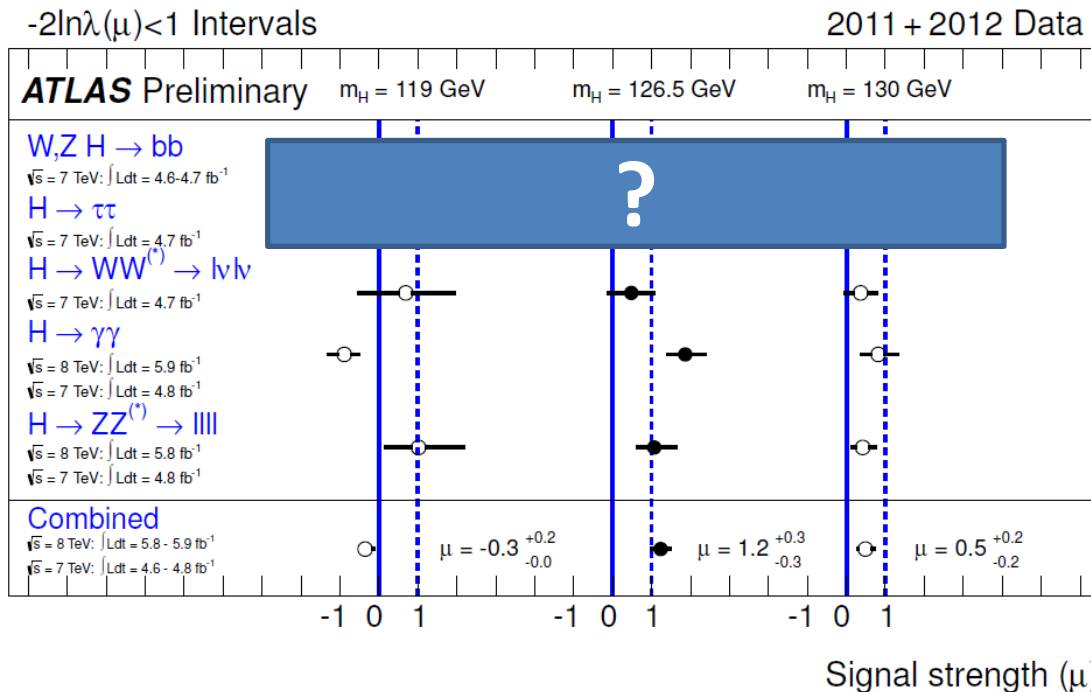
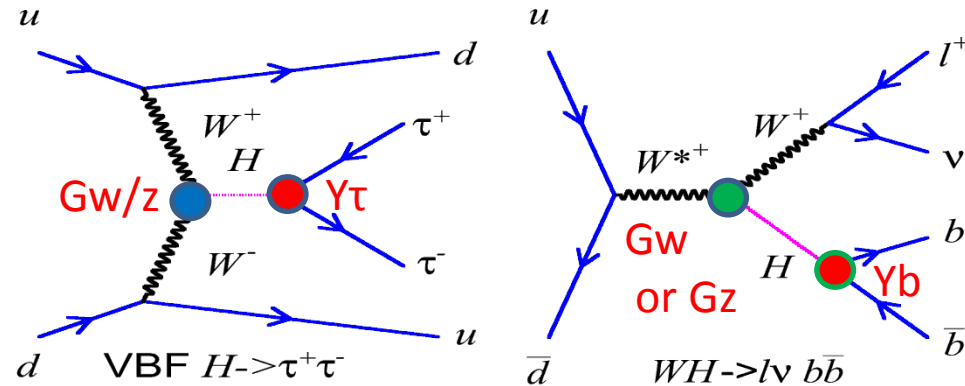


$$= 0.9^{+1.1}_{-0.6}$$

Measured by CMS.

# Coupling II

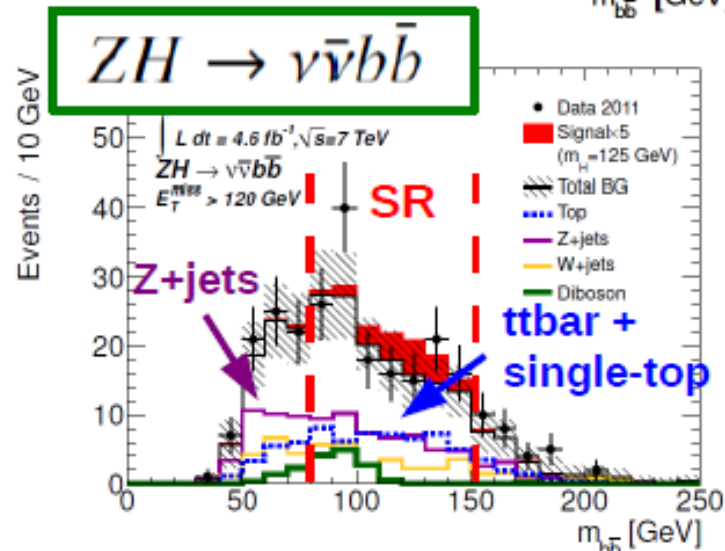
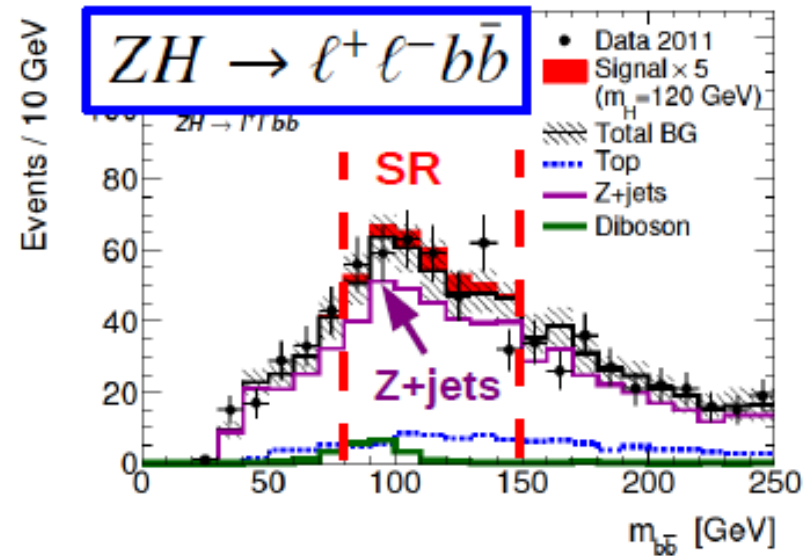
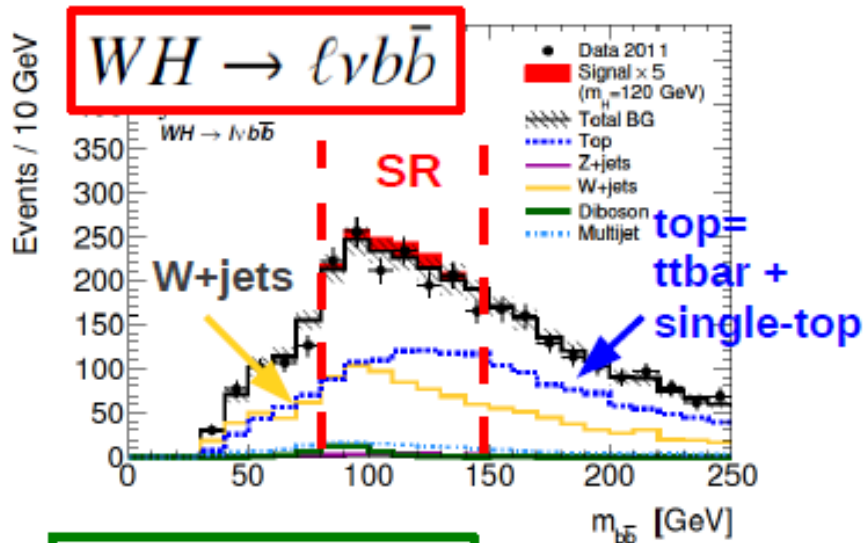
- Fermion coupling!
- Need  $\tau\tau$  and  $b\bar{b}$ .



---

$H \rightarrow bb$

# Main background and estimation.



Top, W+jets, Z+jets bkg are normalized by control region and side band region.

Top

WH : 3jets instead of two.

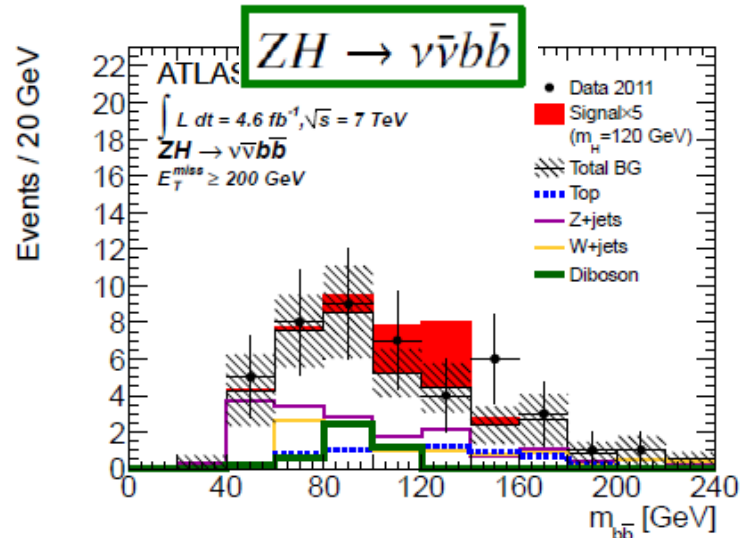
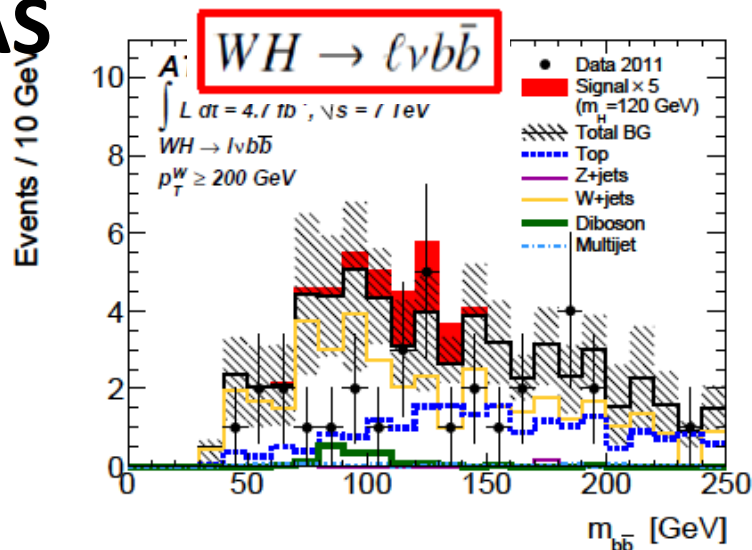
ZH : Zmass veto + MissingEt.

W/Z+jets

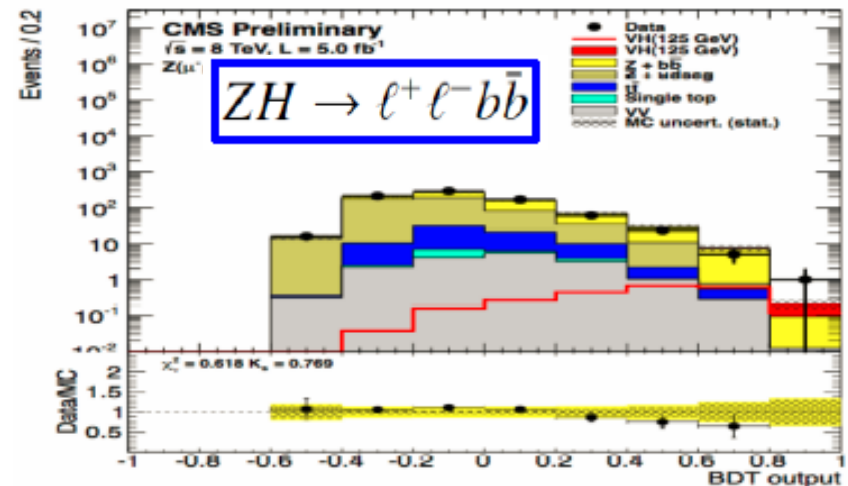
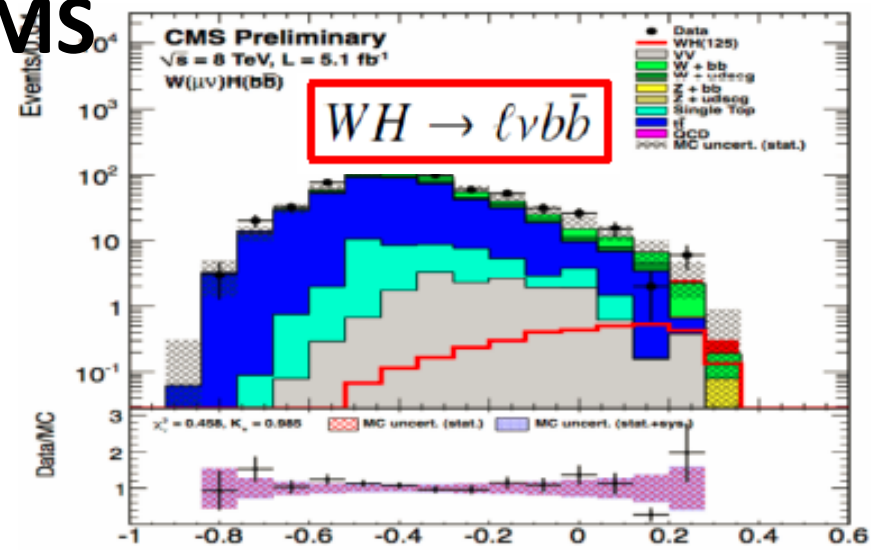
replace/loosen the b-tagging cut.

# Results : distributions (a part)

ATLAS

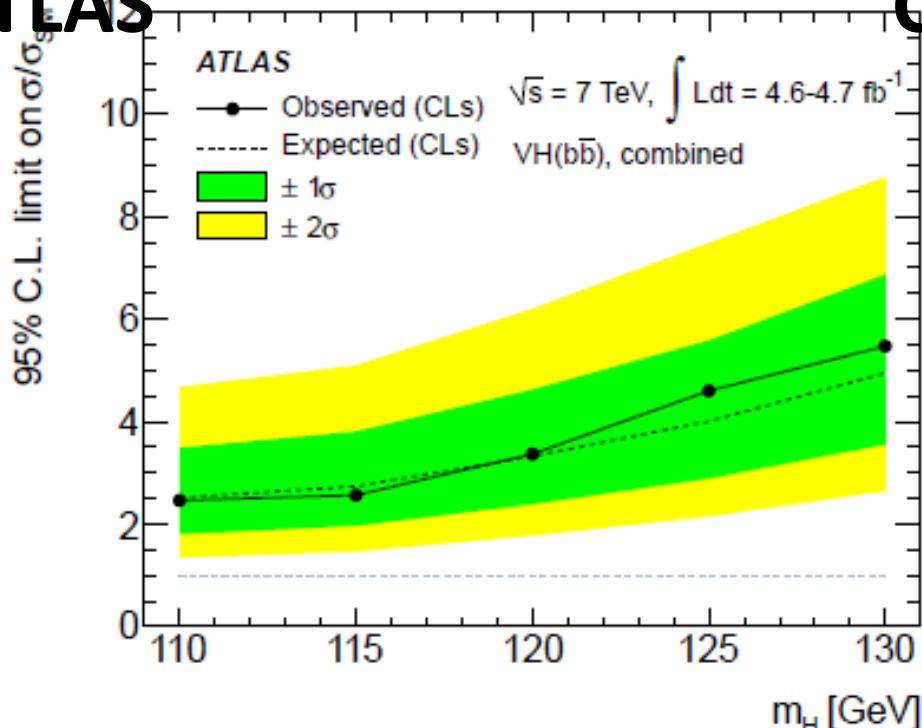


CMS

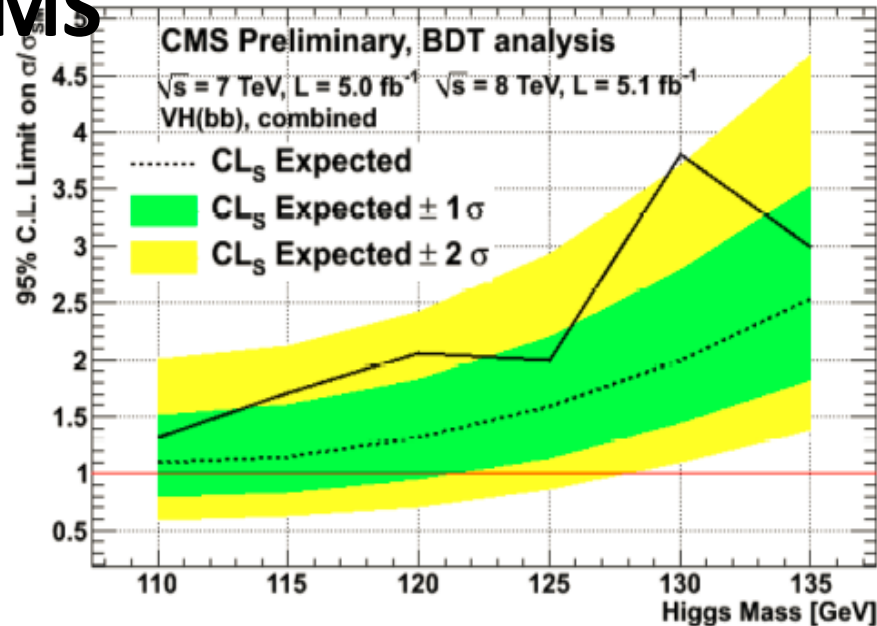


# Result : ATLAS 7TeV(5fb<sup>-1</sup>)

ATLAS



CMS



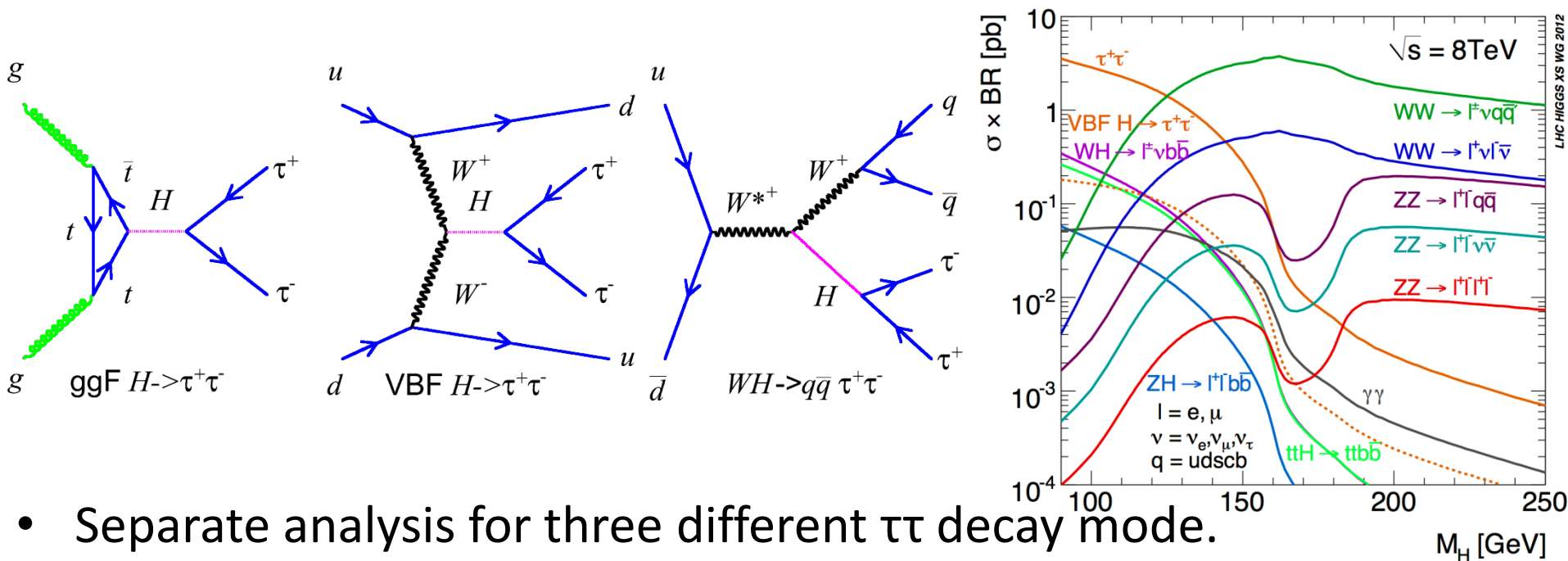
- Set 95% CL upper limit on xsec.
  - Expected : 2.5-5 x SM
  - **Observed : 4.6 xSM @ 125GeV**
- 2012 analyses with improvements are now ongoing.
- Almost reached to the SM xsec at  $m_{\text{H}} < 115 \text{ GeV}$ 
  - Expected limits are  $\sim 1.1 \text{ xSM}$
- **Observed(Expected) limits @125GeV are 2(1.6)xSM**

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$$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$$

# Event Topology and channels

- Three Higgs production processes are considered in this analysis.



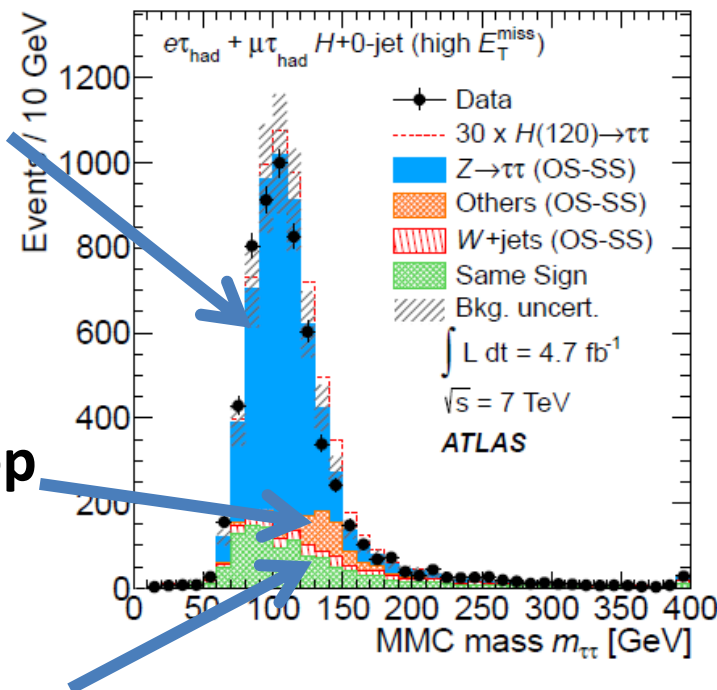
- Separate analysis for three different  $\tau\tau$  decay mode.
  - lep-lep =  $l\bar{l}4\nu$  :  $(ee)+e\mu+\mu\mu$
  - lep-had =  $l\bar{l}had3\nu$  :  $e\tau_{had}^+ \mu\tau_{had}^-$
  - had-had =  $\tau_{had}\tau_{had}\nu\nu$  :  $(\tau_{had}\tau_{had})$
- Combined all three channels to search for  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  signature.

Channels in () is ATLAS only

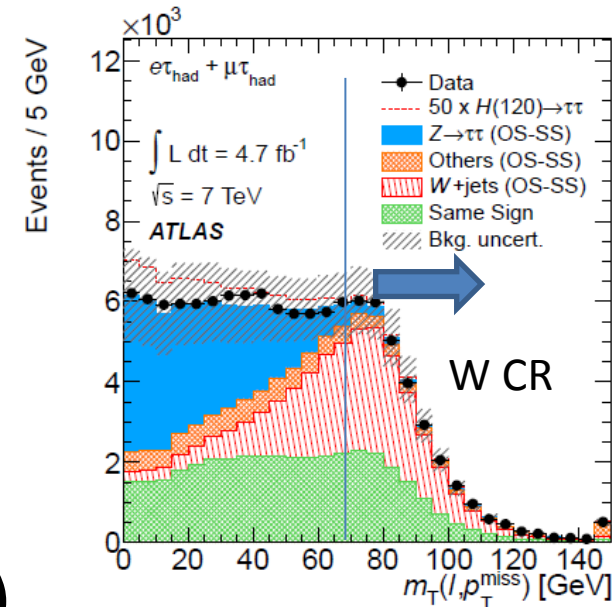
# Event selection & background modeling

- Opposite sign tau decay products are required.
- High Missing ET and low MT cuts are added.

**$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$  estimated by embedding**  
 -- used  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  data and replace by full simulated  $\tau$



**W+Jets – estimated by High MT control region**

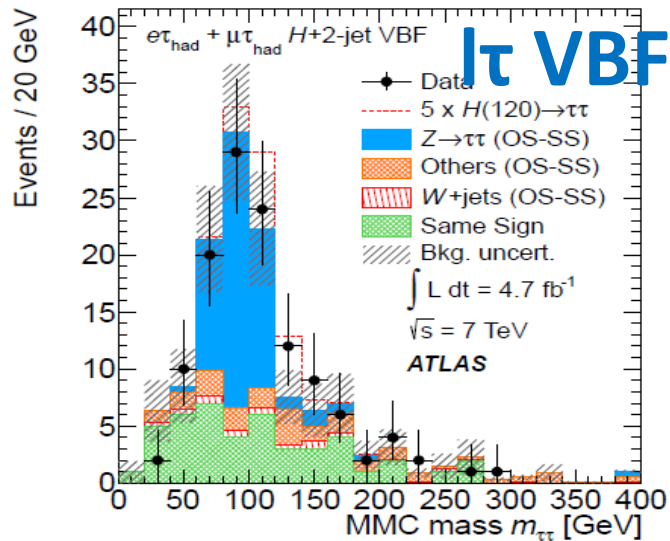
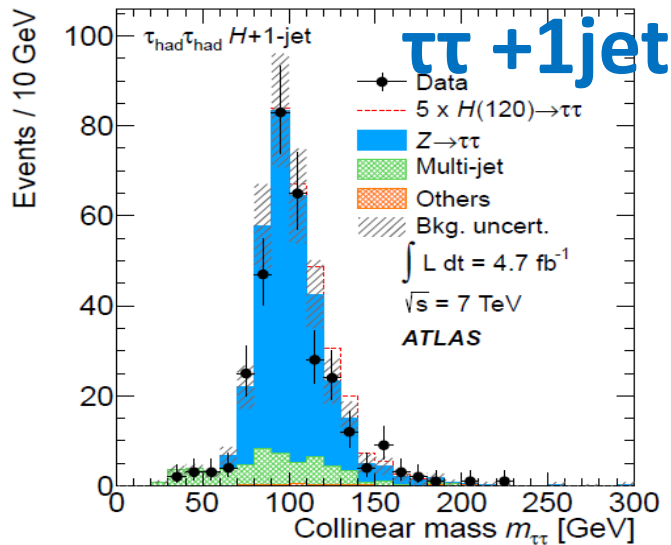


**$Z \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu + jets$ , Top**  
 Estimated by MC with correction.

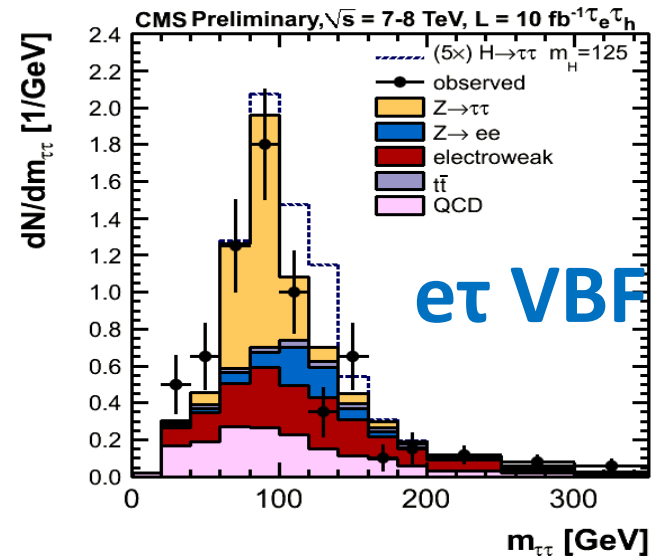
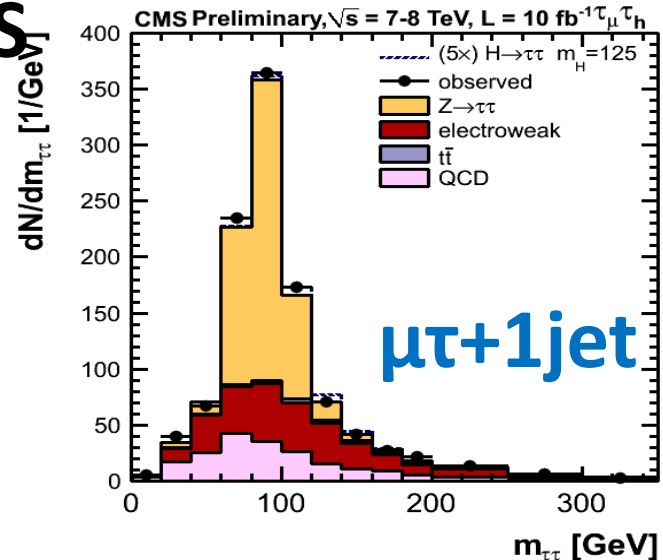
**QCD – Estimated from Same Sign events(lephad)**  
 -- Template fit by loose selection (lep-lep,hadhad)

# Result : Distributions (a part)

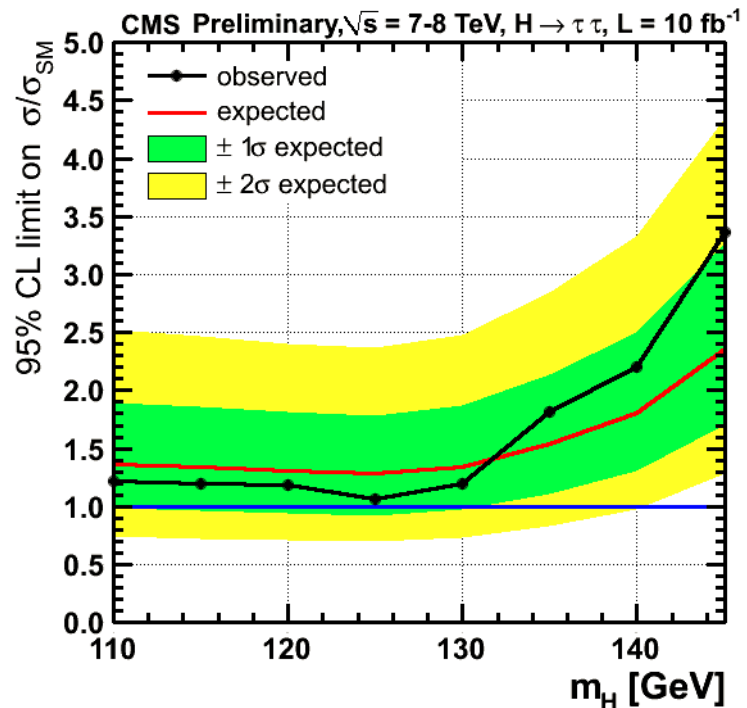
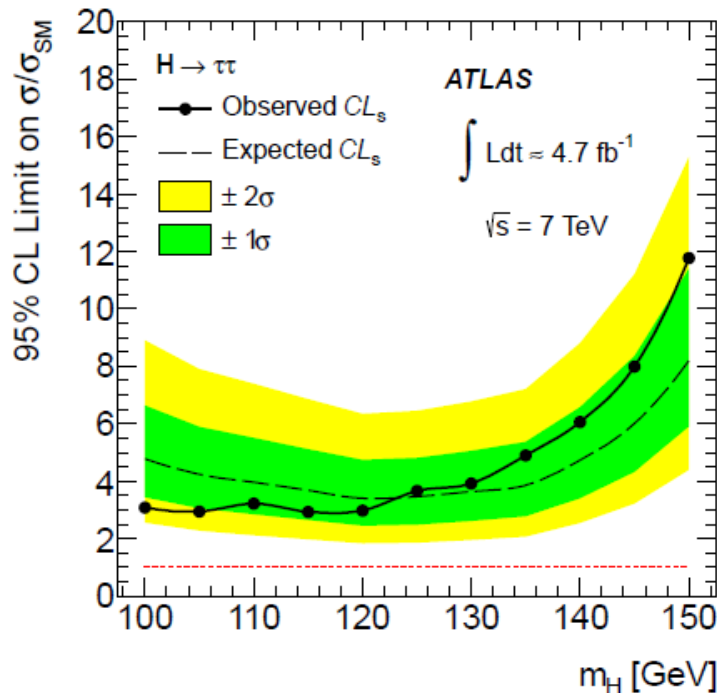
ATLAS



CMS



# Result : CMS 7TeV(4.9fb<sup>-1</sup>)+8TeV(5.1fb<sup>-1</sup>)



**Observed limit : 2.8-12.1**

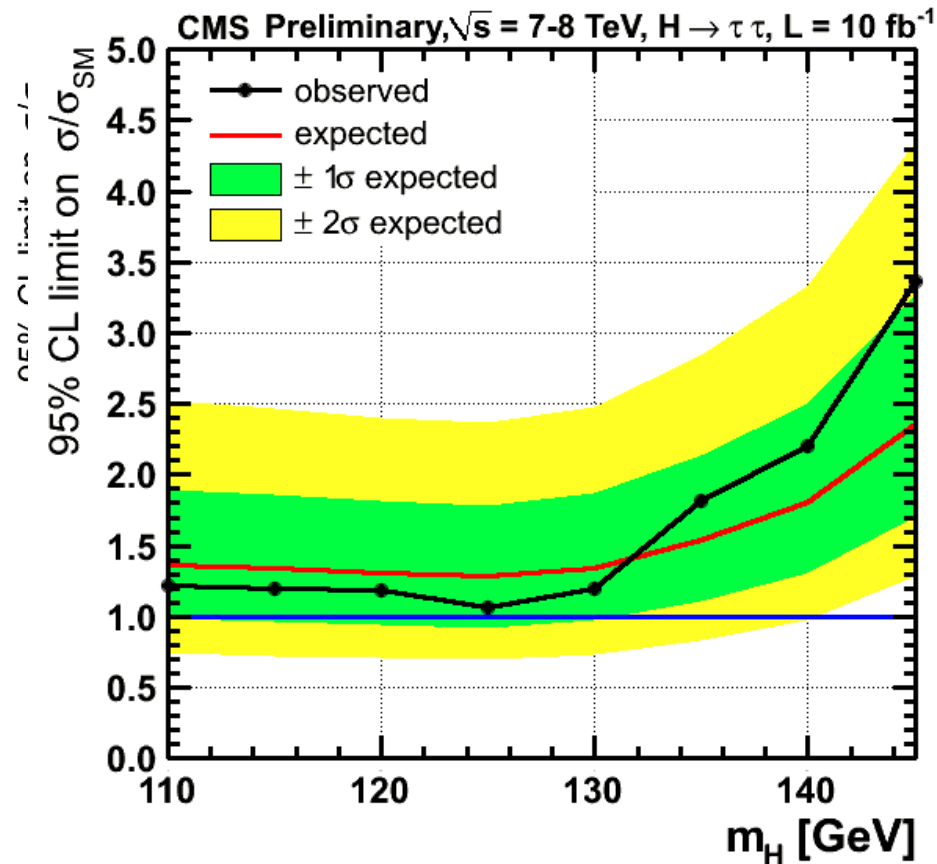
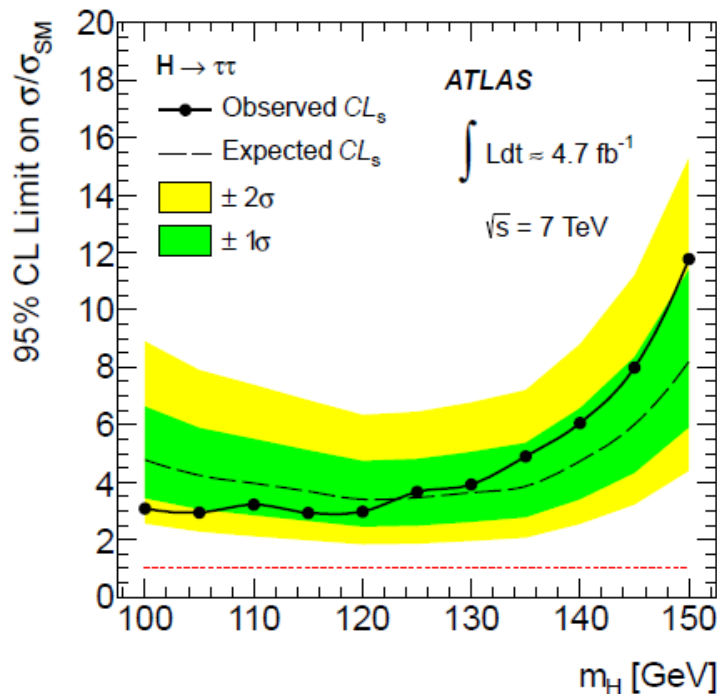
**Expected limit : 3.4-8.0**

@ 100-150GeV Higgs mass

2012 analyses with improvements  
are now ongoing.

- Analysis improved. 2x improvement from 2011.
- Observed(Expected) limit is 1.06(1.3)xSM!

# Result : CMS 7TeV(4.9fb<sup>-1</sup>)+8TeV(5.1fb<sup>-1</sup>)



**Observed limit : 2.8-12.1**

**Expected limit : 3.4-8.0**

@ 100-150GeV Higgs mass

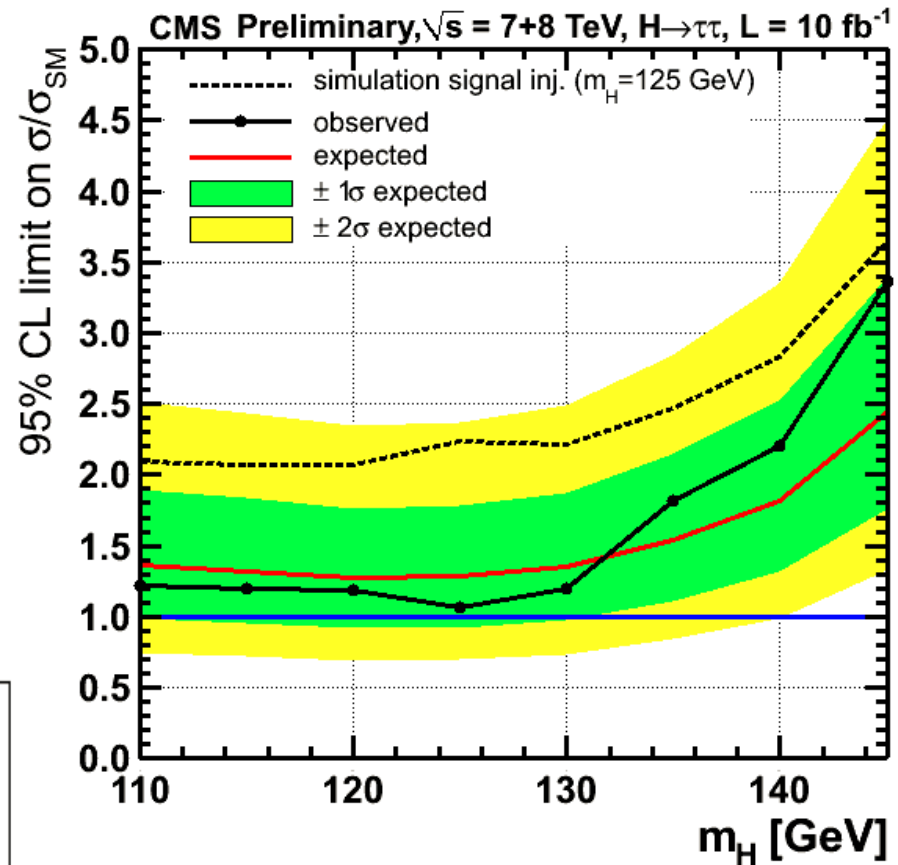
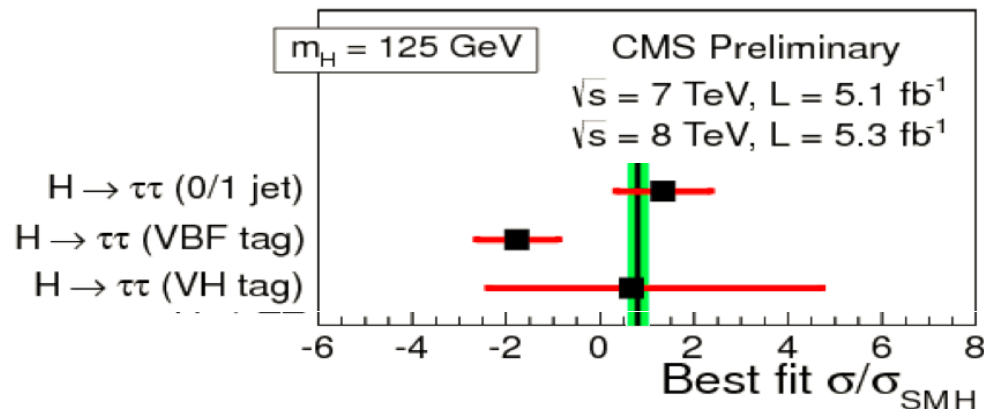
2012 analyses with improvements  
are now ongoing.

improvement from 2011.

- Observed(Expected)  
limit is 1.06(1.3)xSM!

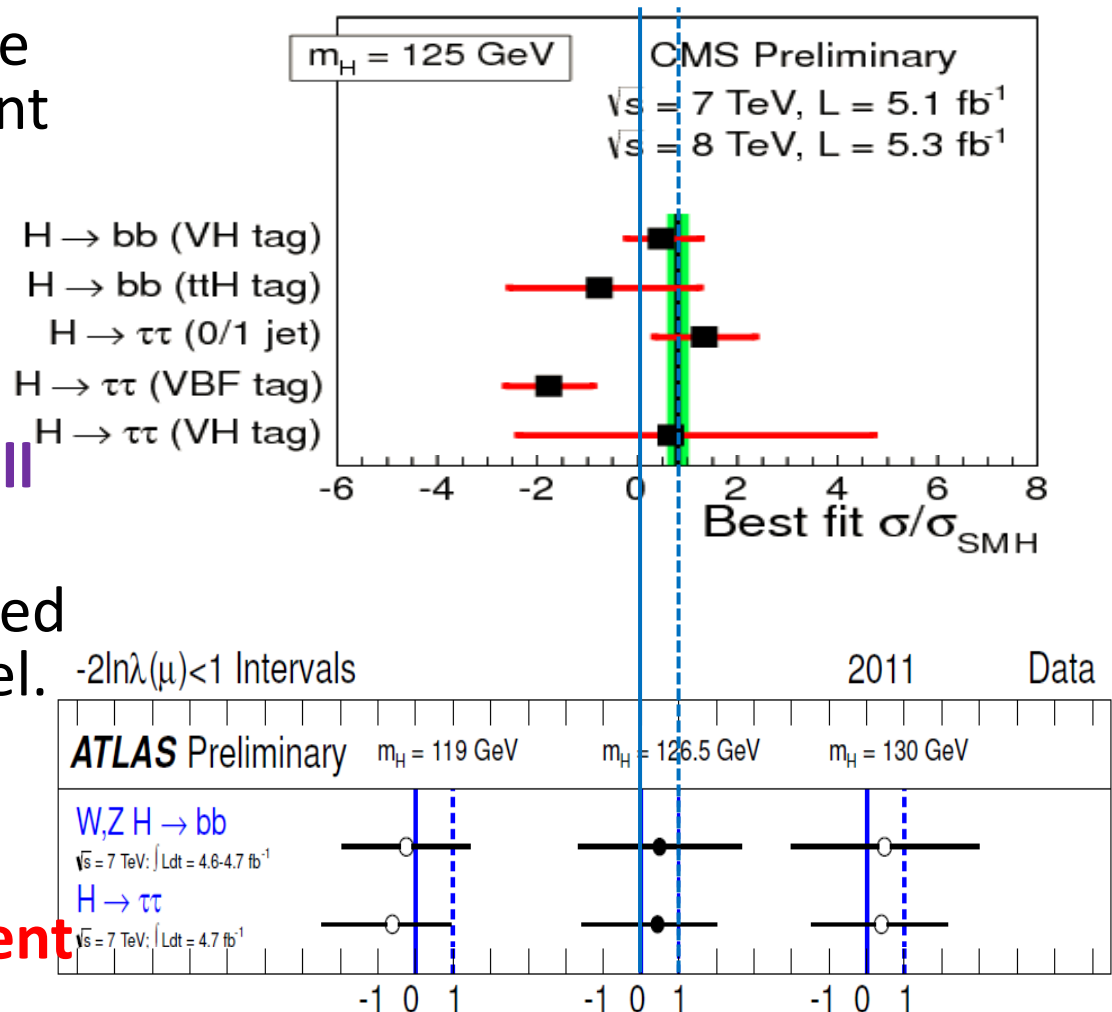
# Result : CMS 7TeV(4.9fb<sup>-1</sup>)+8TeV(5.1fb<sup>-1</sup>)

- Is this happened even if SM Signal exist?
- Made limit plot by injecting SM signal
- Signal cross section best fit value :
  - ggF dominant category : consistent to SM prediction.
  - VBF category : downward fluctuation. In consistent to SM prediction.



# Discussions about $\tau\tau$ and $bb$

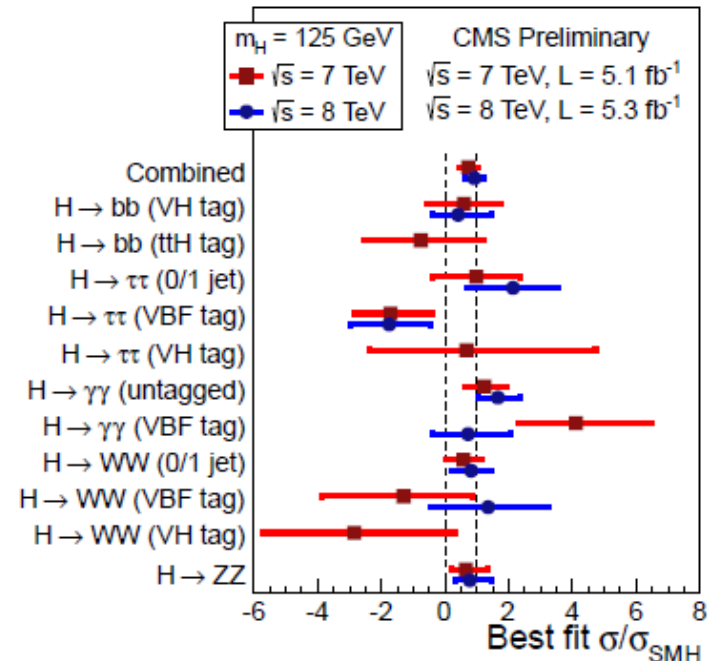
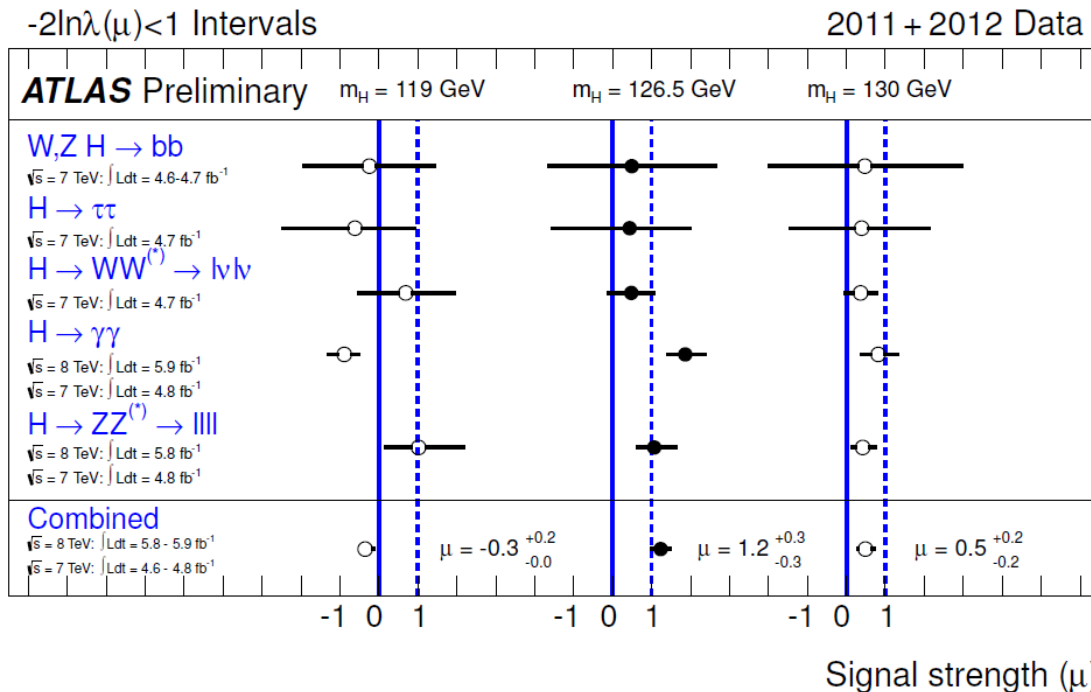
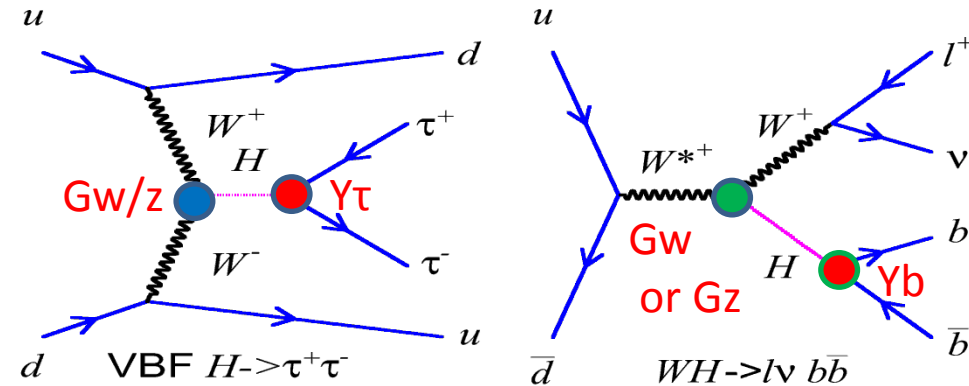
- $\tau\tau$  and  $bb$  decay modes are some of the most important channels to determine :
  - what we see is the Higgs!!
- ATLAS 2012 results will be published in September.
- Significant observation will be seen soon! (if exist)**
- An anomaly(?) was observed by CMS VBF tautau channel.
  - Need to see the ATLAS results if we observed the same properties.
- First precision measurement coming soon!!**



If your model would like to be tested could you let us know? Signal strength ( $\mu$ )

# Coupling II

- Fermion coupling!
- Need  $\tau\tau$  and  $b\bar{b}$ .



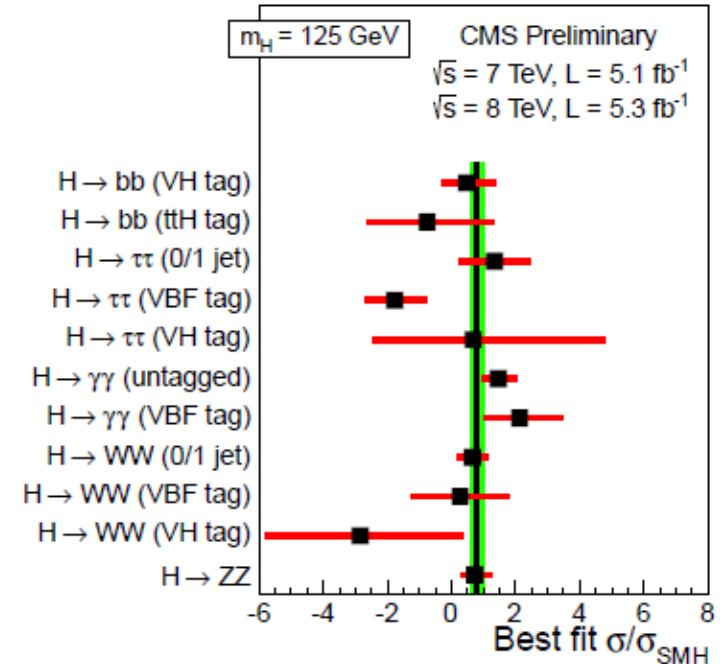
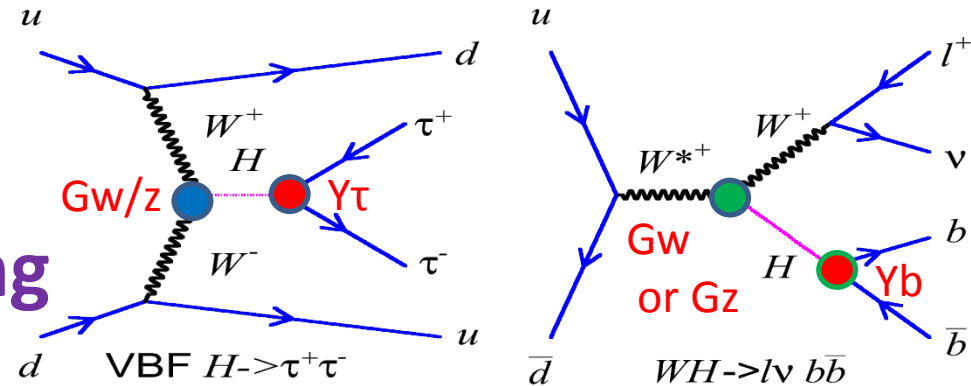
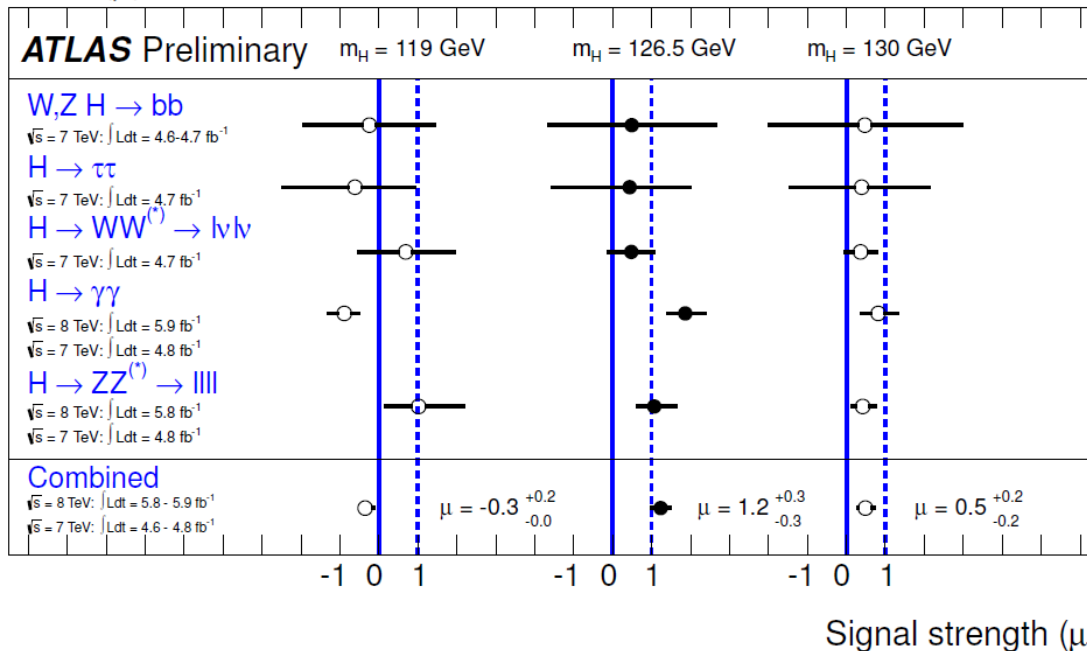
# Coupling II

- Fermion coupling!
- Need  $\tau\tau$  and  $b\bar{b}$ .

Will see how the coupling is converged.

$-2\ln\lambda(\mu) < 1$  Intervals

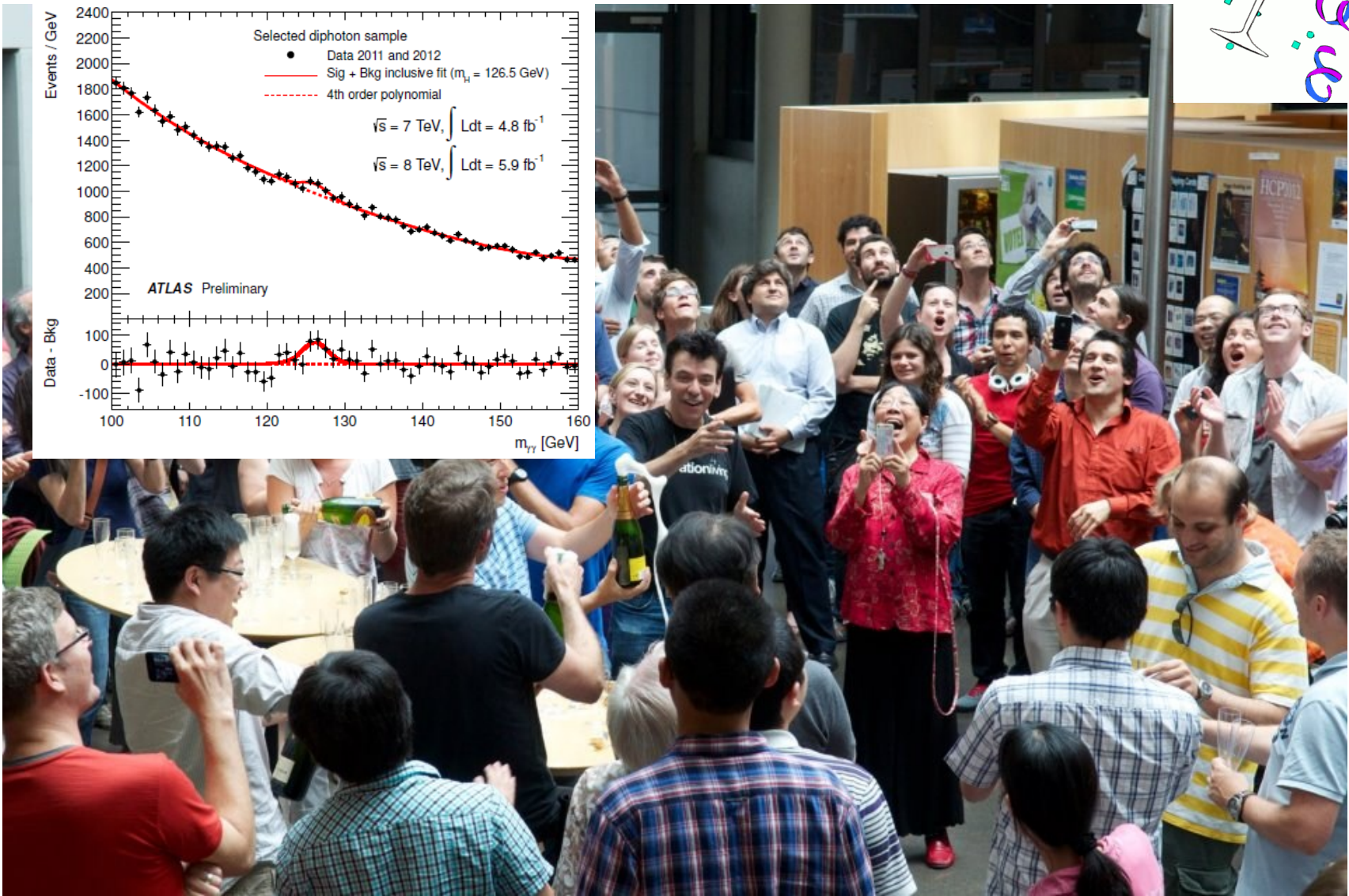
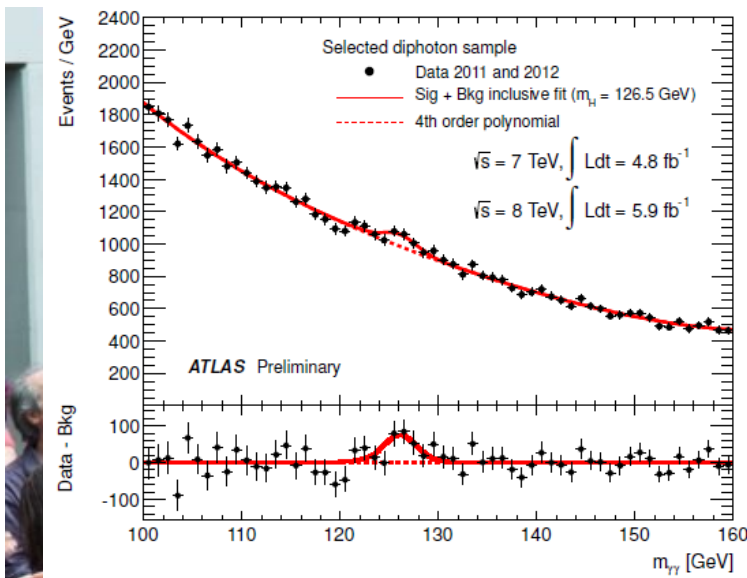
2011 + 2012 Data



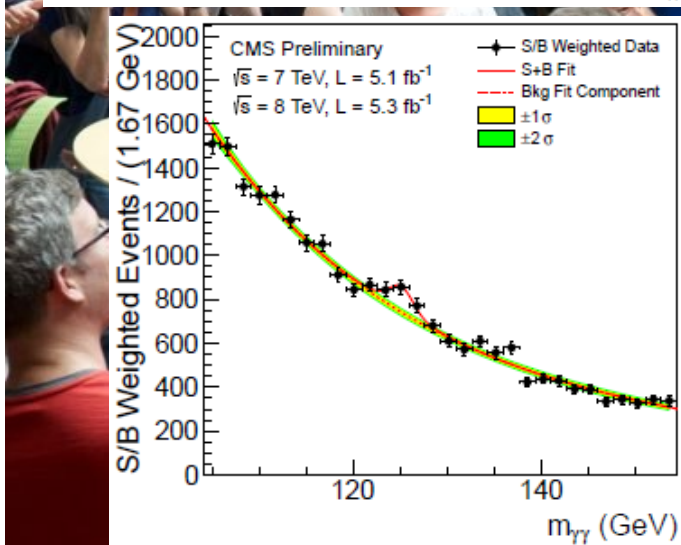
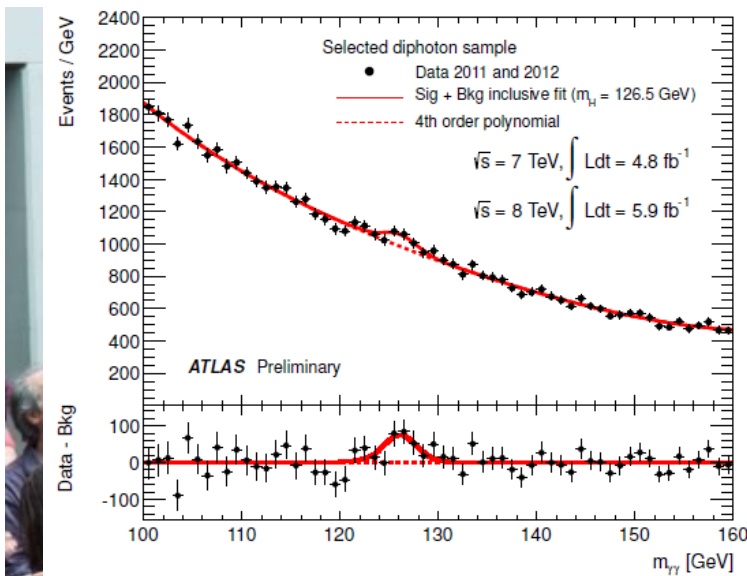
# Conclusion



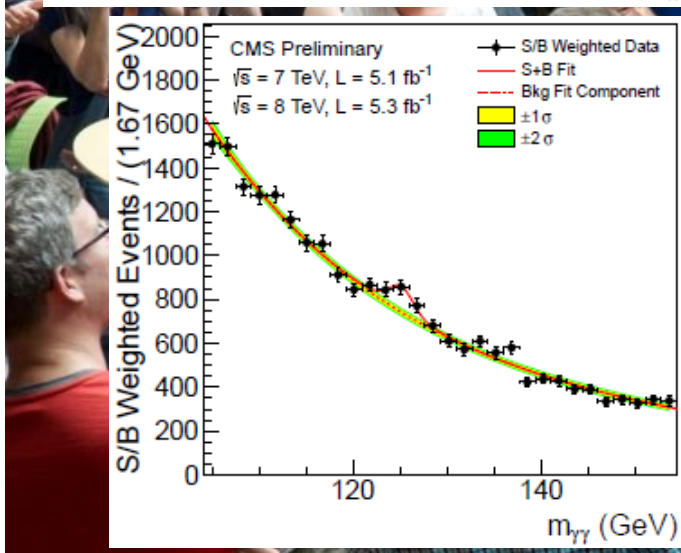
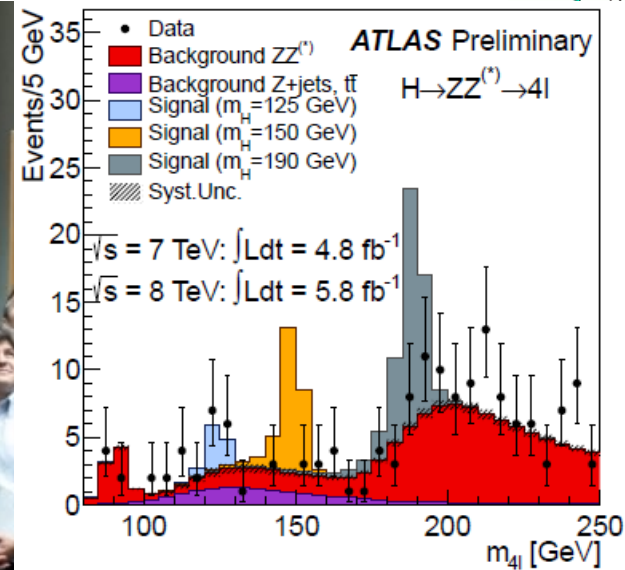
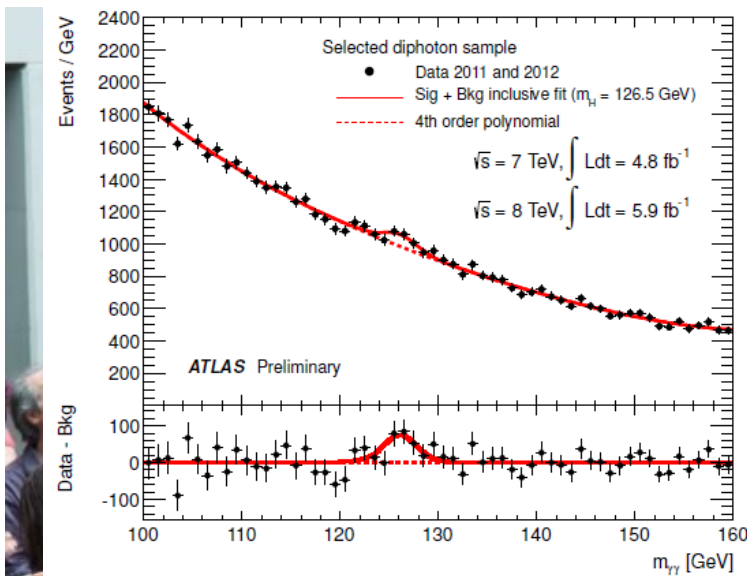
# Conclusion



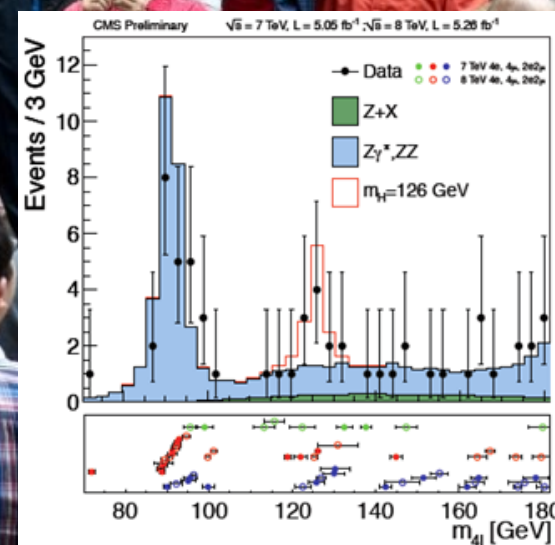
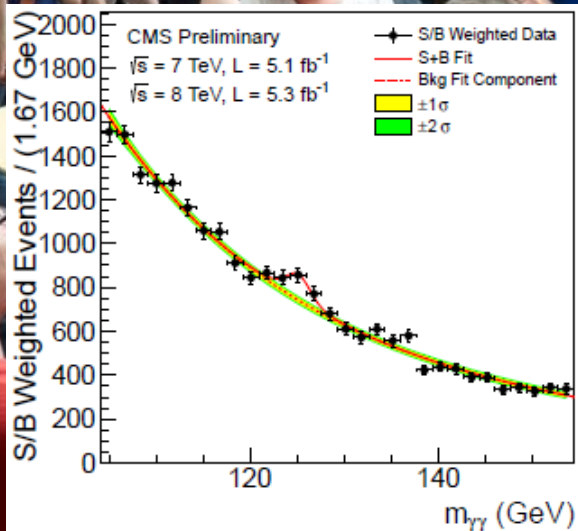
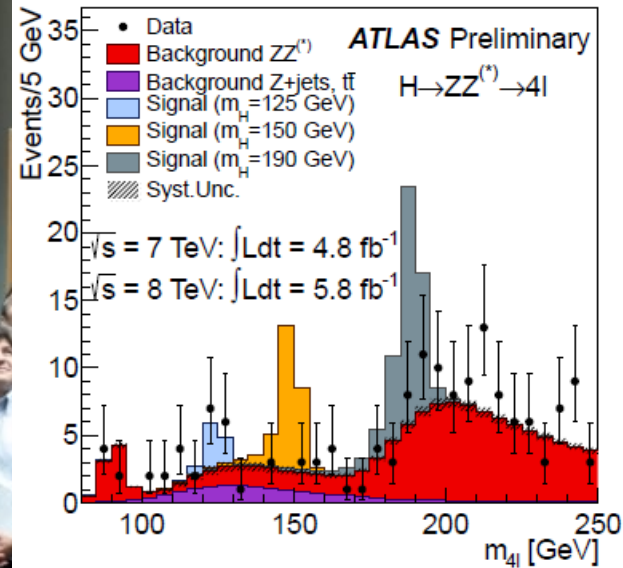
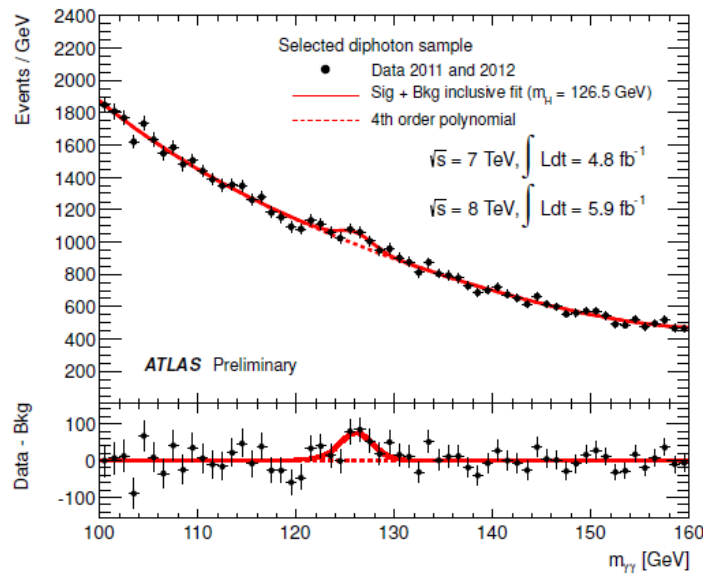
# Conclusion



# Conclusion



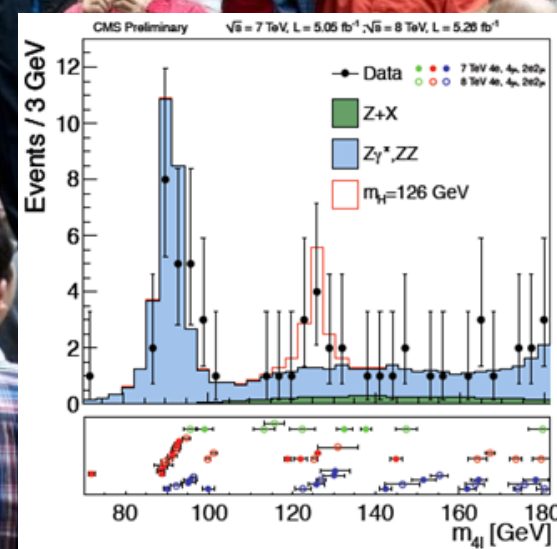
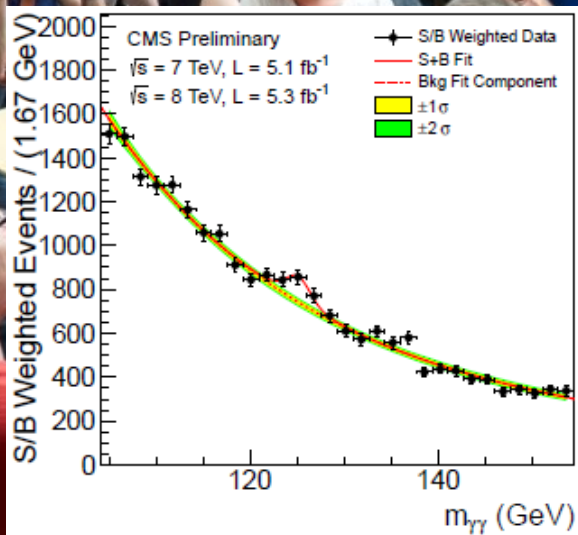
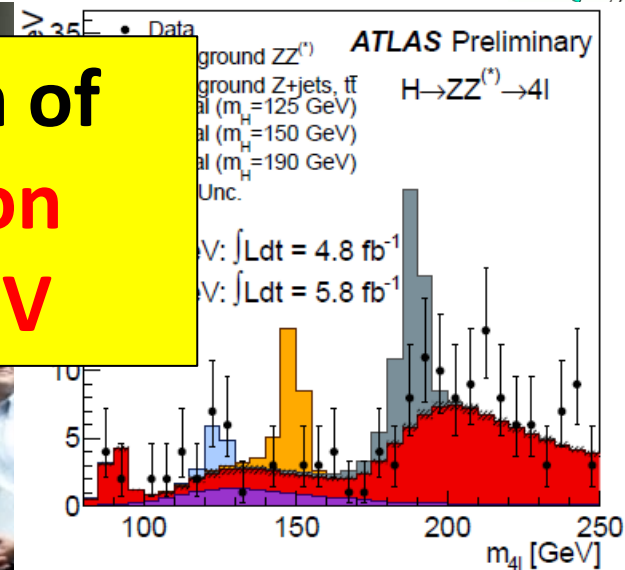
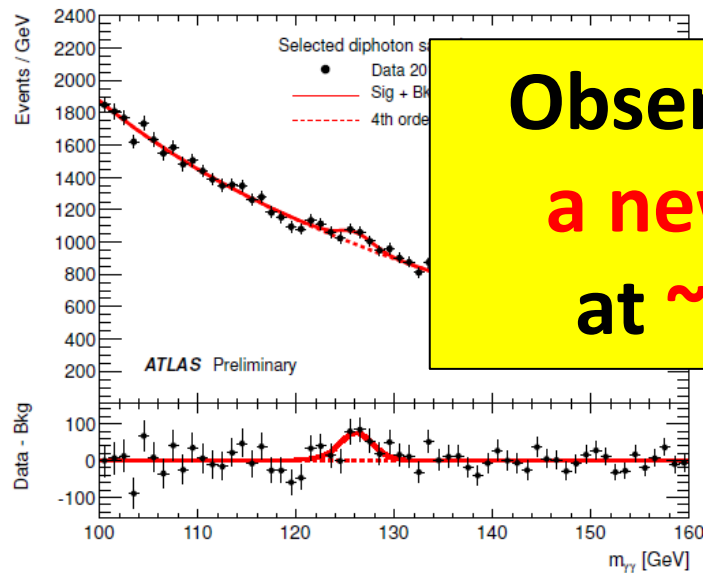
# Conclusion



# Conclusion



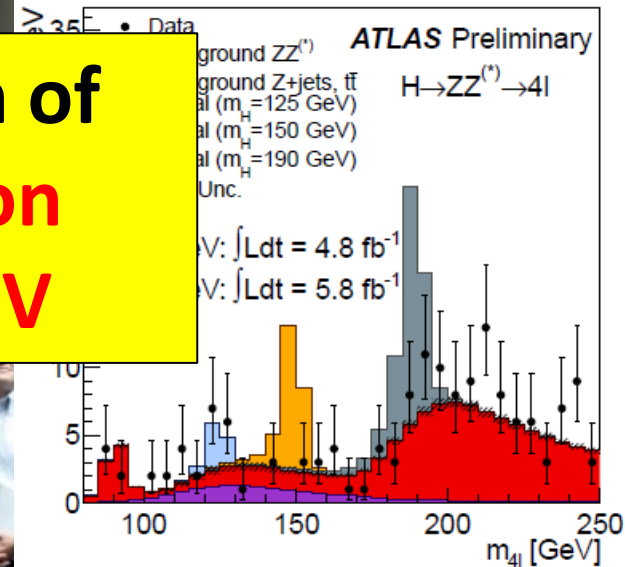
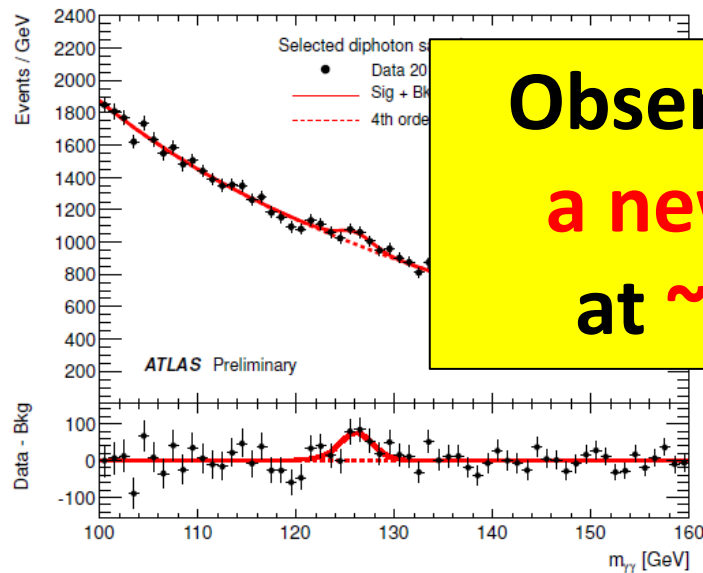
**Observation of  
a new boson  
at  $\sim 126\text{GeV}$**



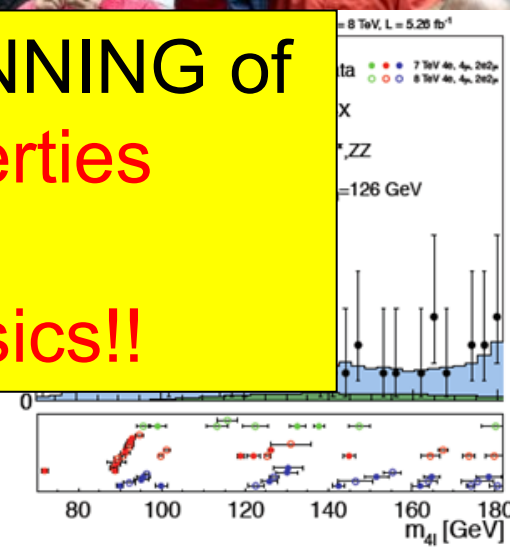
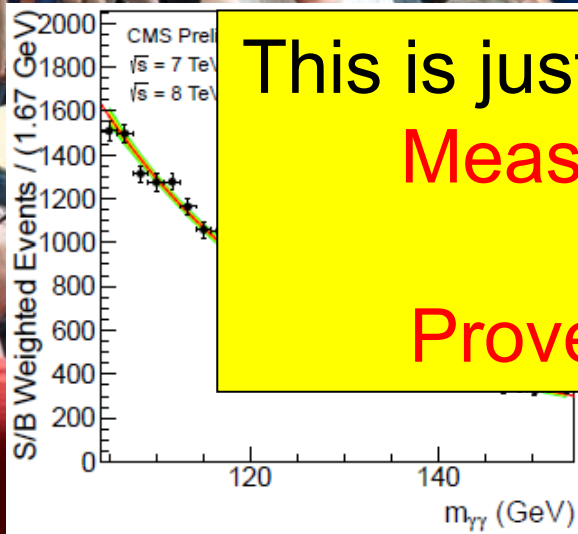
# Conclusion

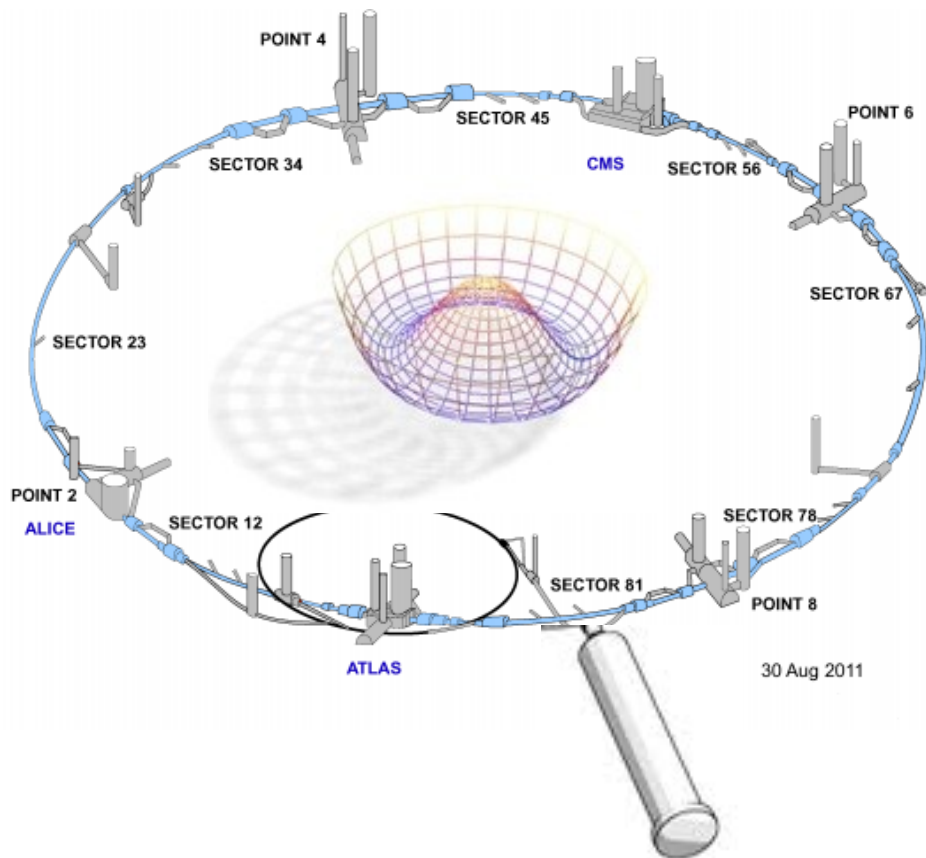


**Observation of  
a new boson  
at  $\sim 126\text{GeV}$**



**This is just the BEGINNING of  
Measuring properties  
And  
Prove New Physics!!**

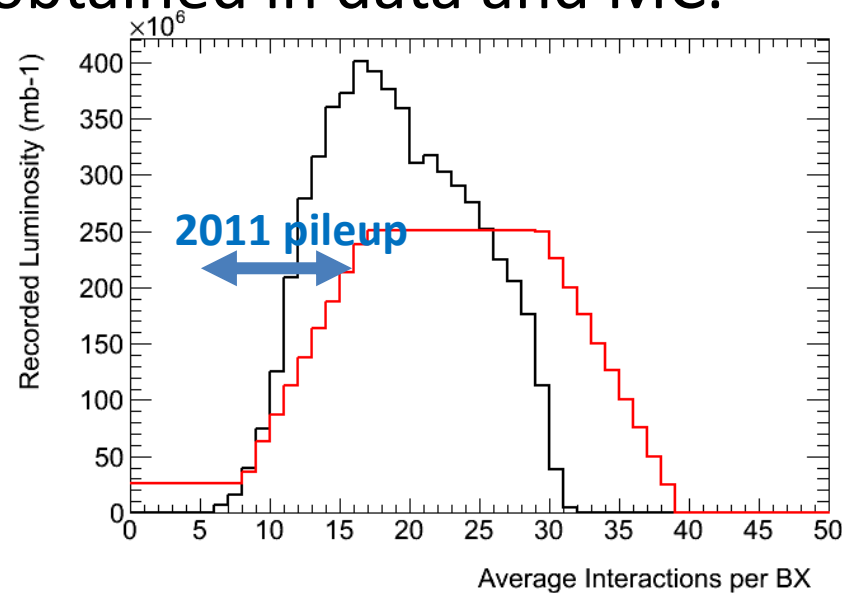
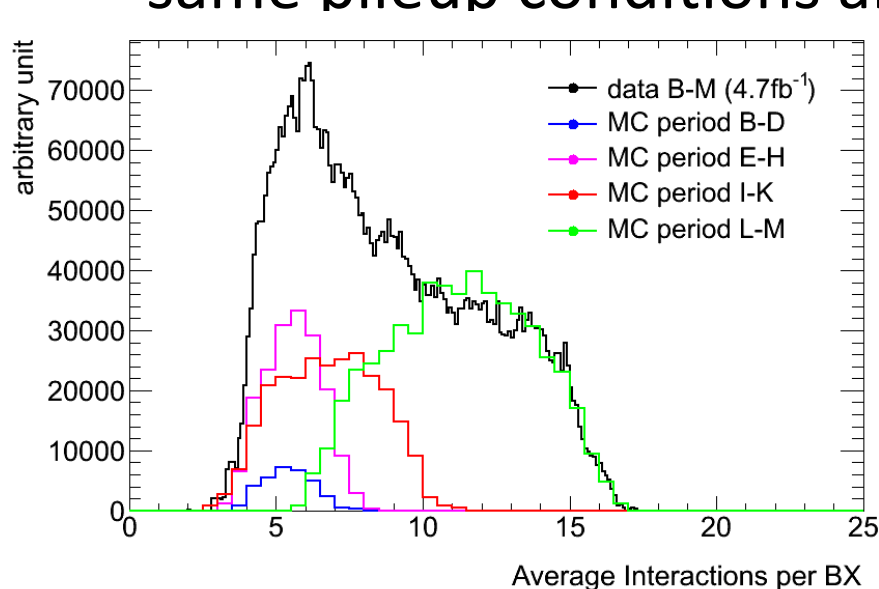




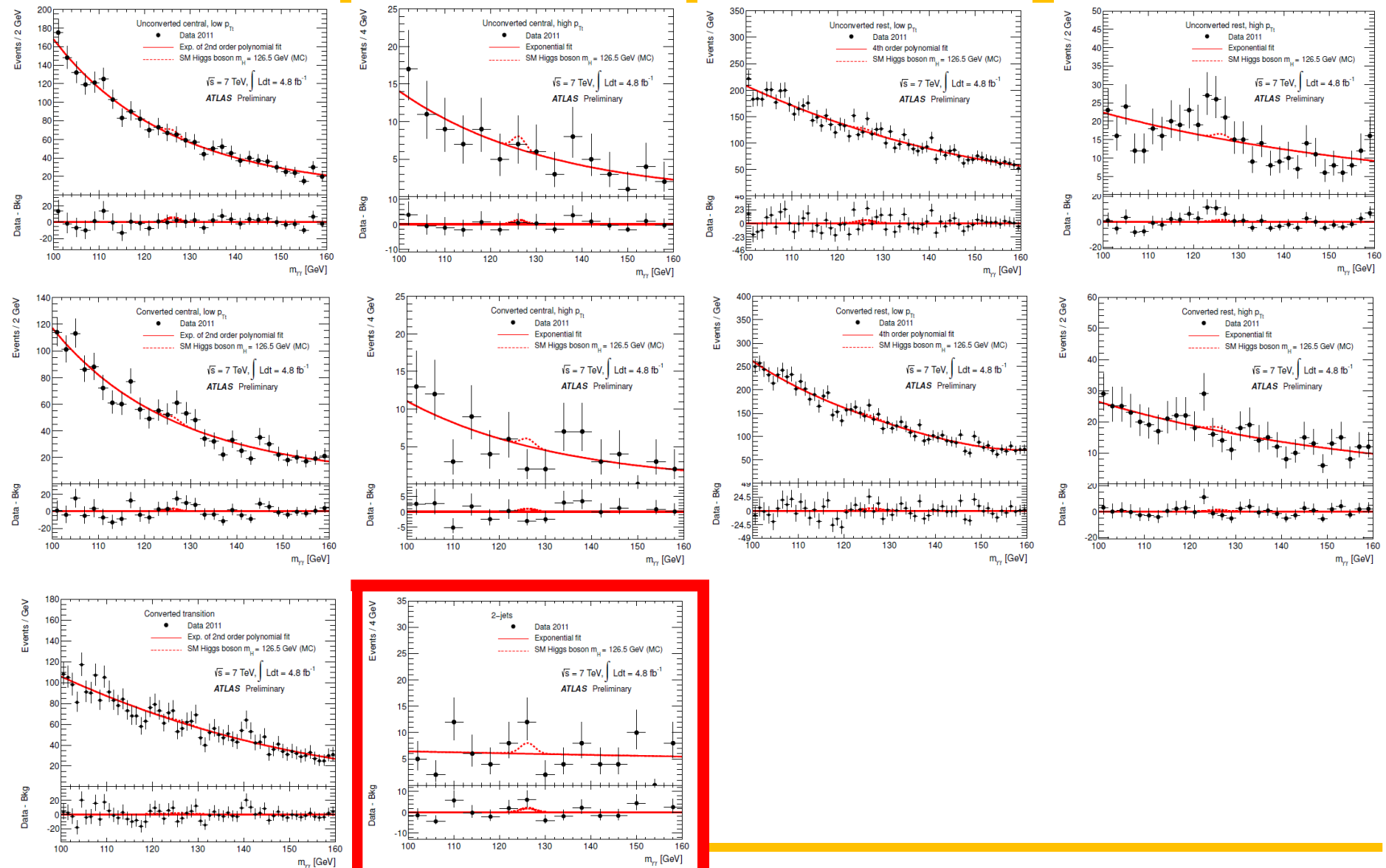
Back up

# Generating MC events

- MC events of Minimum bias collisions are mixed to the each background and signal MC events.
- Pileup condition is certainly getting heavier as getting higher instantaneous luminosity.
- MC samples are generated for corresponding pileup conditions and re-weighting by data/MC so that the same pileup conditions are obtained in data and MC.



# Results : mass distribution ATLAS 7TeV

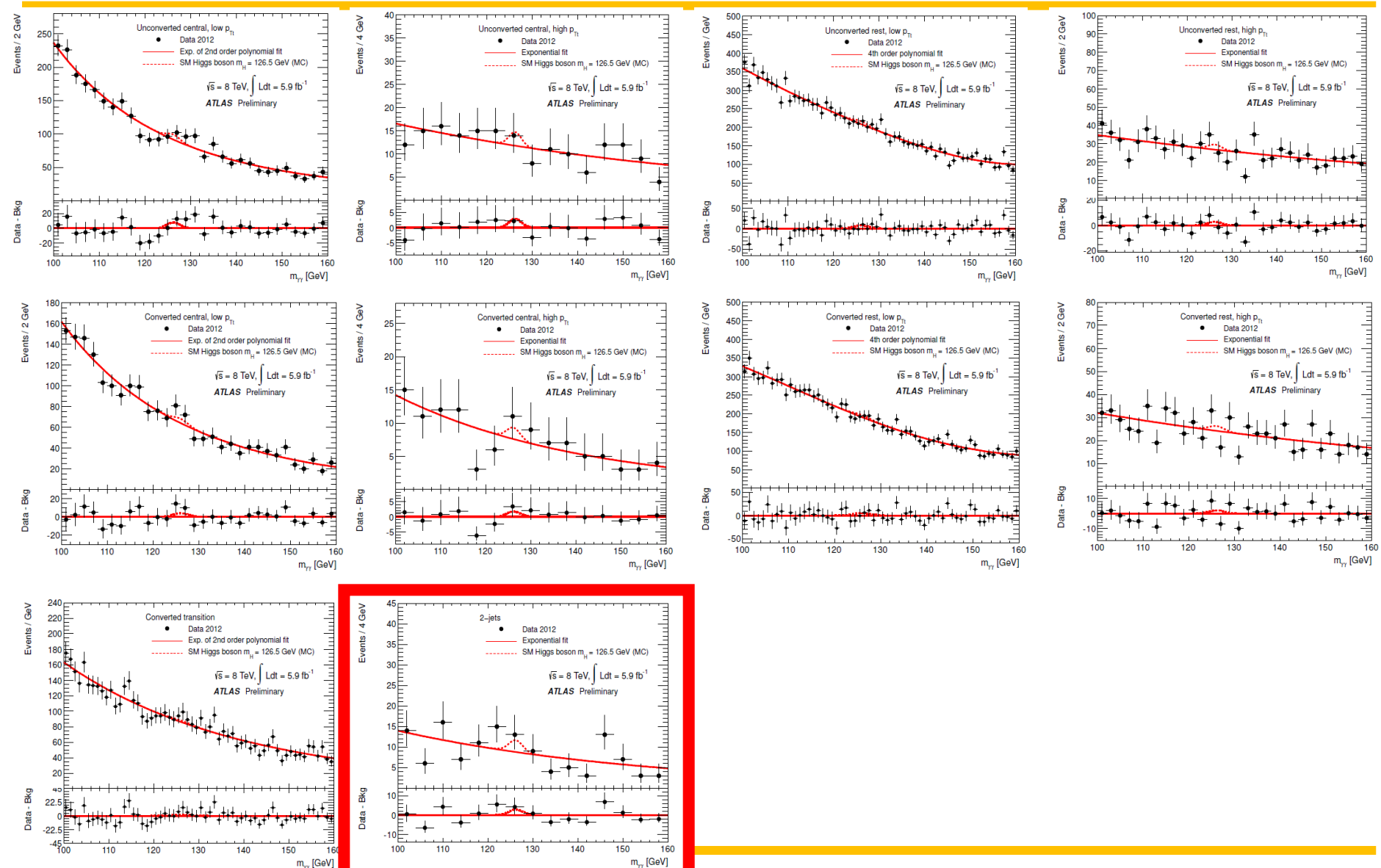


July 12th, 2011

KEK seminar

65

# Results : mass distribution ATLAS 8TeV

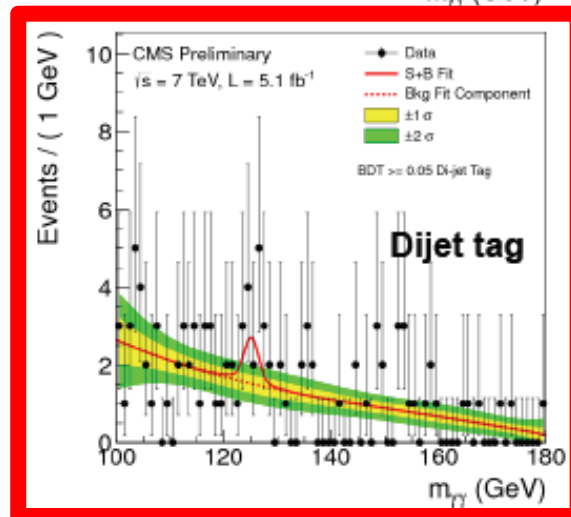
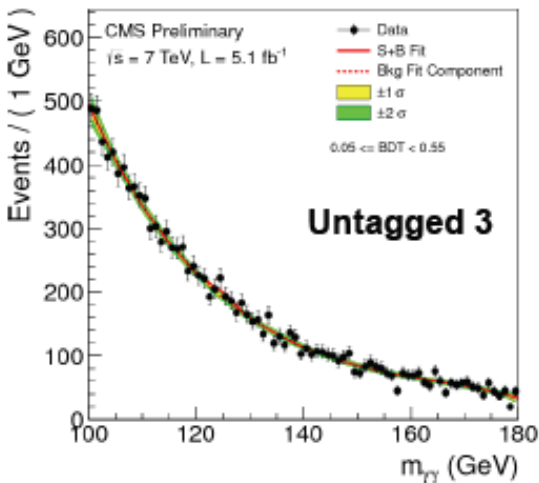
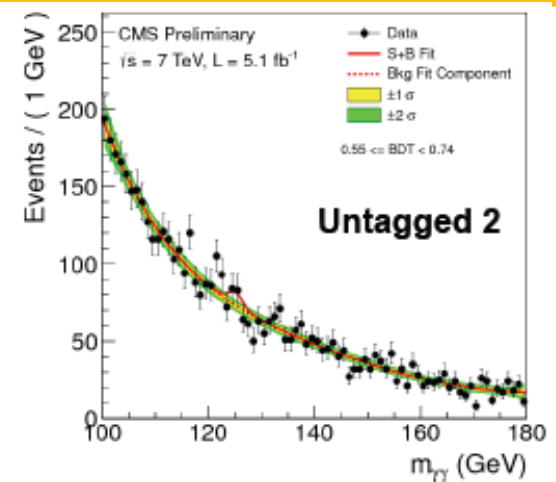
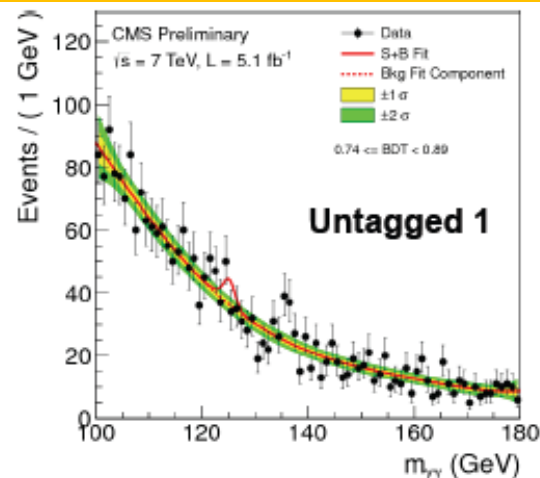
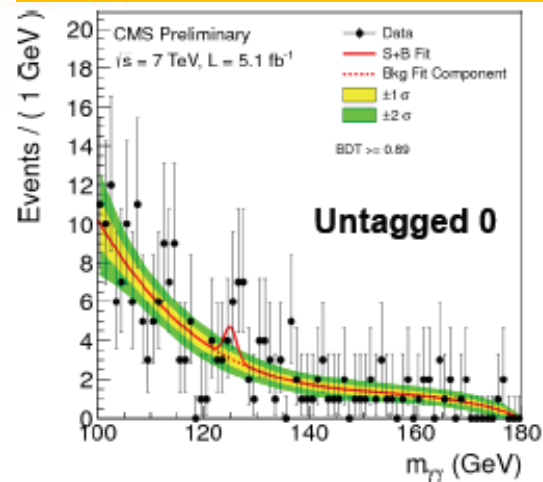


July 12th, 2011

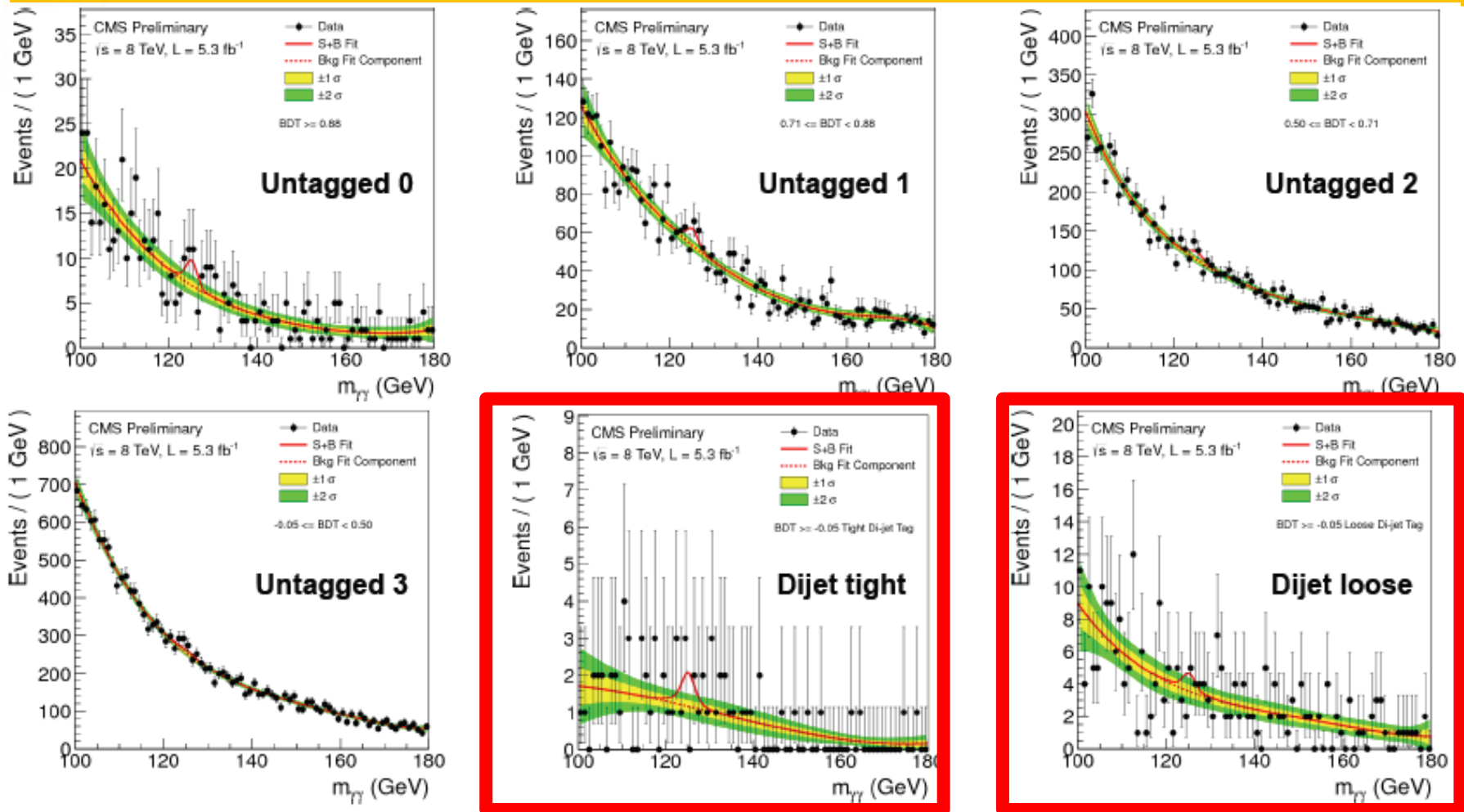
KEK seminar

66

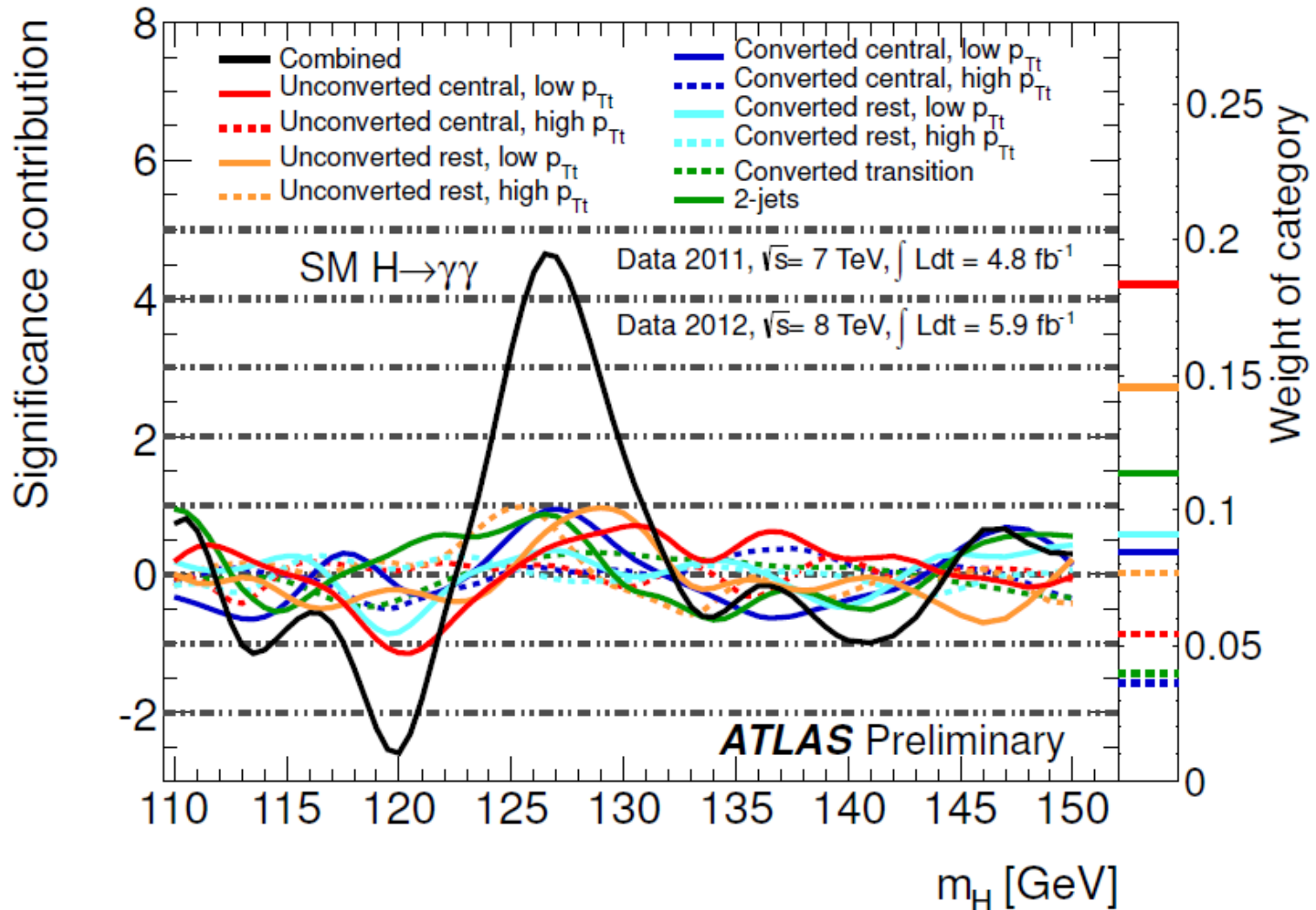
# Results : mass distribution CMS 7TeV



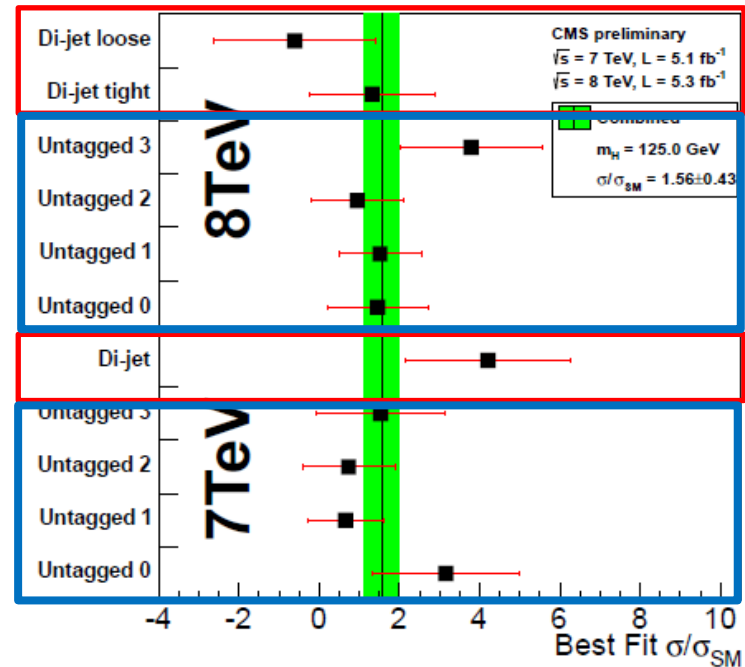
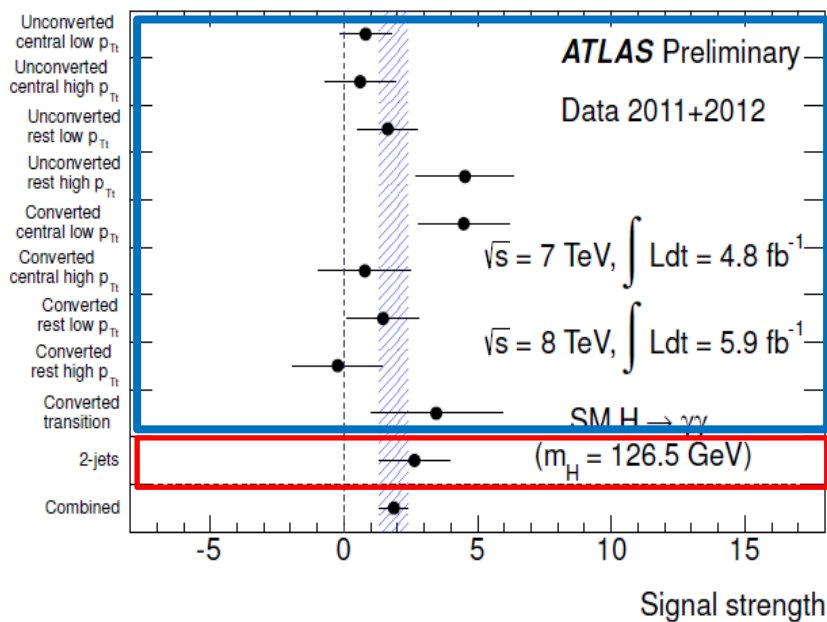
# Results : mass distribution CMS 8TeV



# Weighted sensitivity



# Signal strength break down



- No single channel is deviated from SM expectation.
  - is VBF dominant category .
  - is ggF dominant category.

# 4 lepton event yield

event yields in 110-160 GeV

Channel	4e	4 $\mu$	2e2 $\mu$	4 $\ell$
ZZ background	$2.7 \pm 0.3$	$5.7 \pm 0.6$	$7.2 \pm 0.8$	$15.5 \pm 1.0$
Z+X	$1.2^{+1.1}_{-0.8}$	$0.9^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$	$2.3^{+1.8}_{-1.4}$	$4.4^{+2.2}_{-1.7}$
All backgrounds	$3.9^{+1.1}_{-0.8}$	$6.6^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$	$9.5^{+2.0}_{-1.6}$	$19.9^{+2.4}_{-2.0}$
$m_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$	$0.8 \pm 0.2$	$1.6 \pm 0.3$	$1.9 \pm 0.5$	$4.4 \pm 0.6$
$m_H = 126 \text{ GeV}$	$1.5 \pm 0.5$	$3.0 \pm 0.6$	$3.8 \pm 0.9$	$8.3 \pm 1.2$
$m_H = 130 \text{ GeV}$	$2.1 \pm 0.7$	$4.1 \pm 0.8$	$5.4 \pm 1.3$	$11.6 \pm 1.6$
Observed	6	6	9	21

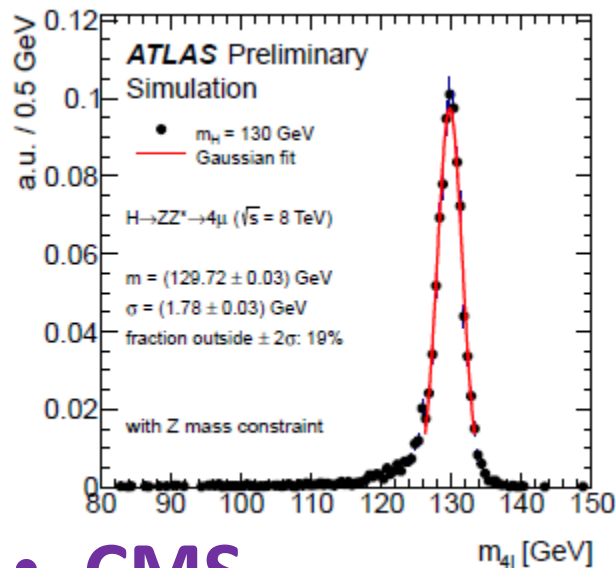
for  $m_{4\ell}$  region with  $125 \pm 5 \text{ GeV}$

Dataset	2011	2012	Combined
Exp. Background	$2.1 \pm 0.3$	$2.9 \pm 0.4$	$5.1 \pm 0.8$
Exp. Signal	$2.0 \pm 0.3$	$3.3 \pm 0.5$	$5.3 \pm 0.8$
Observed	4	9	13

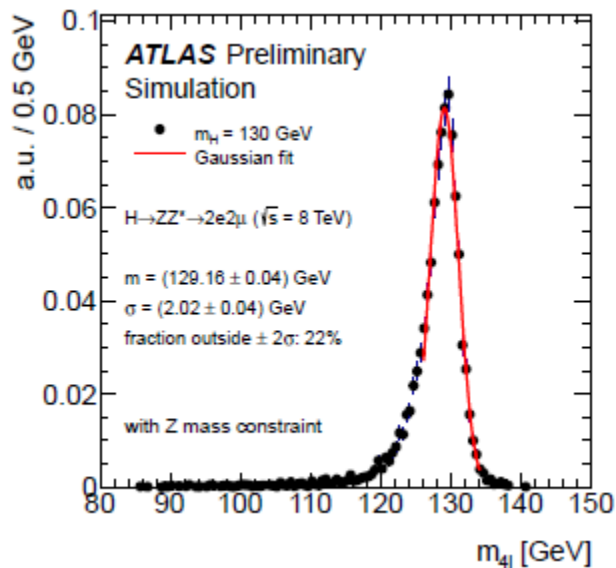
# Mass resolution

- ATLAS

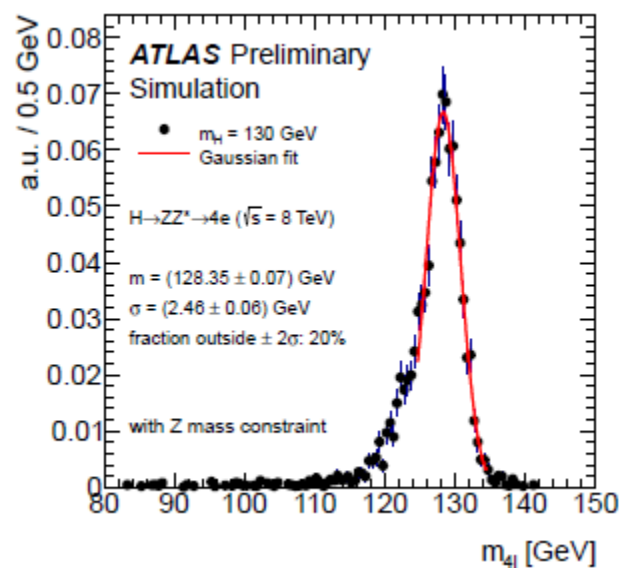
$4\mu : 1.8\text{GeV}$



$2e2\mu : 2.0\text{GeV}$



$4e : 2.5\text{GeV}$



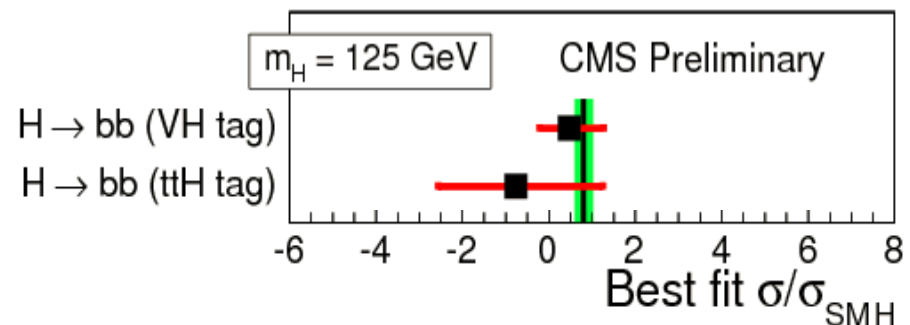
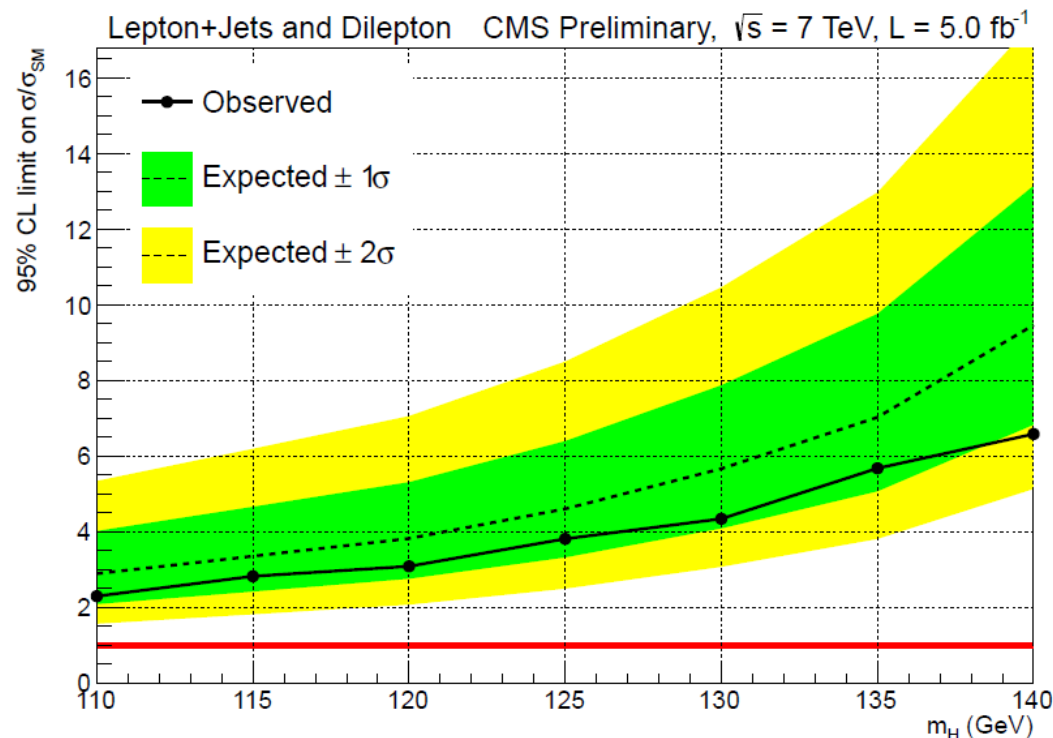
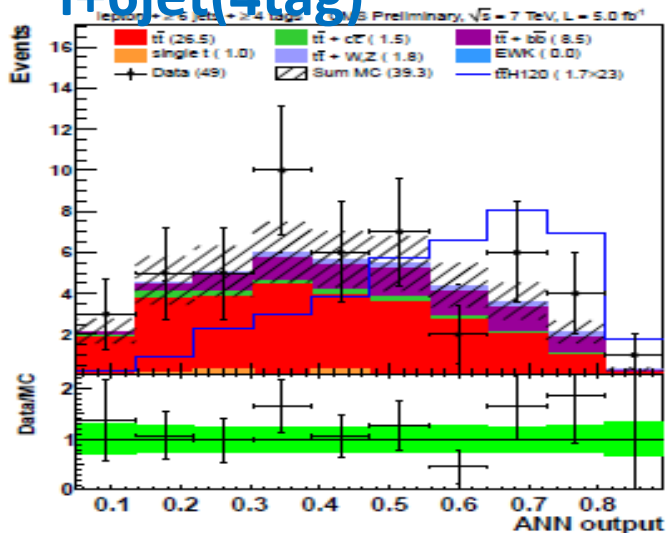
- CMS

- 1-2% ( $\sim 1.3\text{-}2.6\text{GeV}@130\text{GeV?}$ )

# One slide for $ttH \rightarrow ttbb$ (CMS)

- **Direct  $Y_t$  measurement.**
- Huge  $tt(+bb)$  and Combinatorial background.
- **Need Multivariate analysis.**
- Split events by
  - Lepton+jets or di-lepton
  - Lepton flavor
  - Number of b-tagging

## $l+6jet(4tag)$



Exclusion  
(CL<sub>s</sub> limit)

$$q_\mu = -2 \ln \frac{\mathcal{L}(\text{obs} | \mu \cdot s + b, \hat{\theta}_\mu)}{\mathcal{L}(\text{obs} | \hat{\mu} \cdot s + b, \hat{\theta})}$$

$$\text{CL}_s = \frac{P(q_\mu \geq q_\mu^{\text{obs}} | \mu \cdot s + b)}{P(q_\mu \geq q_\mu^{\text{obs}} | b)} \leq \alpha$$

Excess (p<sub>0</sub>)

$$q_0 = -2 \ln \frac{\mathcal{L}(\text{obs} | b, \hat{\theta}_0)}{\mathcal{L}(\text{obs} | \hat{\mu} \cdot s + b, \hat{\theta})}$$

$$p_0 = P(q_0 \geq q_0^{\text{obs}} | b)$$

$$p_0 = \int_Z^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp(-x^2/2) dx$$

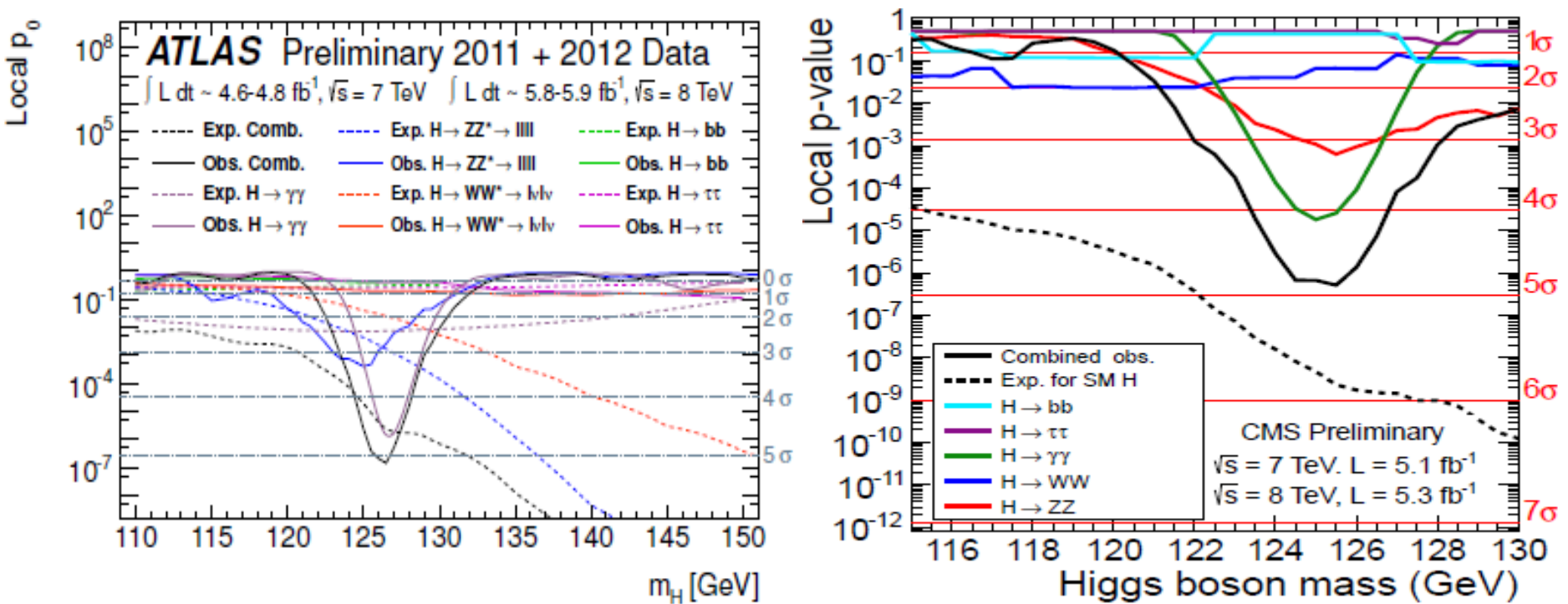
$$p_{\text{global}} = p_{\text{local}}^{\min} + C \cdot e^{-Z_{\text{local}}^2/2}$$

Extraction of  
signal parameters

$$q(a) = -2 \ln \frac{\mathcal{L}(\text{obs} | s(a) + b, \hat{\theta}_a)}{\mathcal{L}(\text{obs} | s(\hat{a}) + b, \hat{\theta})}$$

1D ... 1.0(3.8) for 68%(95%)  
2D ... 2.3(6.0) for 68%(95%)

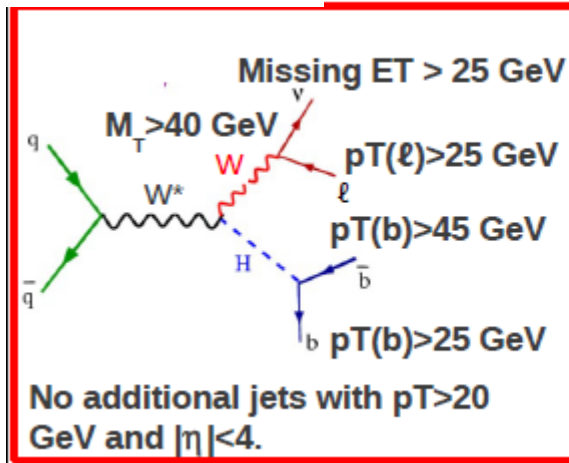
# Discovery significance break down



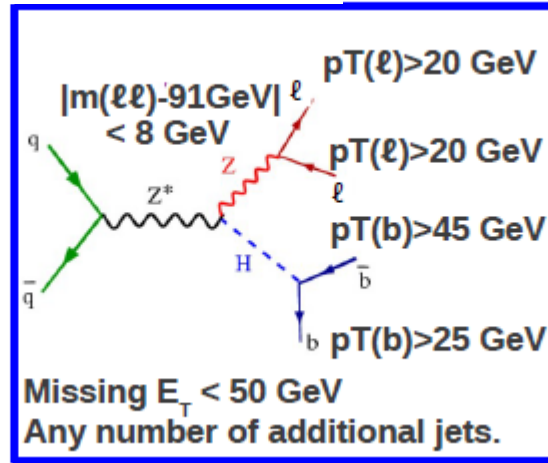
# Event selection & Analysis

- Three final states are considered.

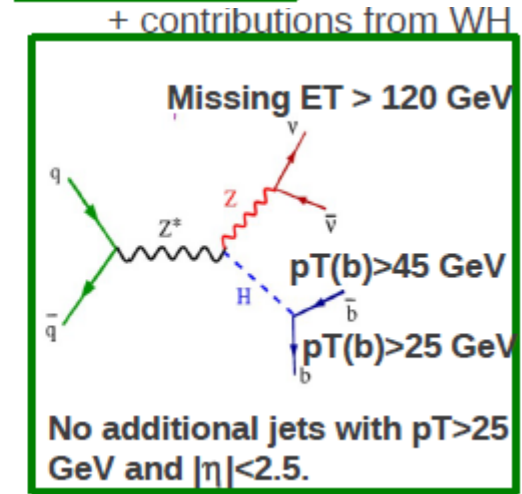
$$WH \rightarrow \ell \nu b \bar{b}$$



$$ZH \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- b \bar{b}$$



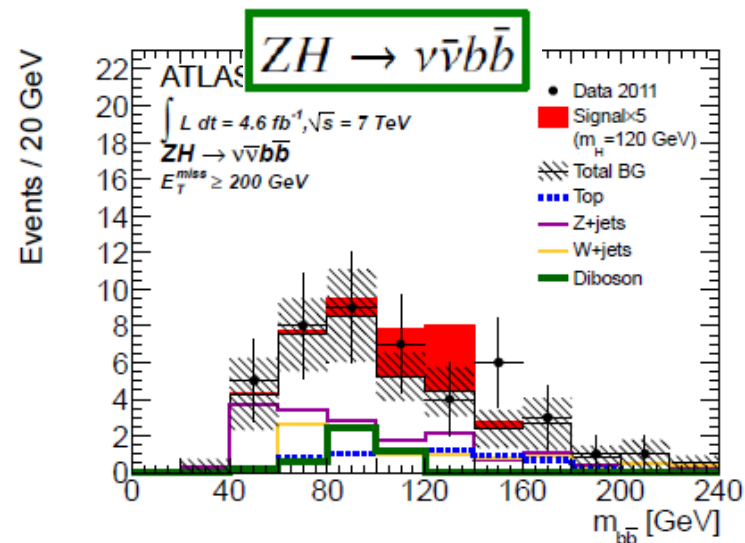
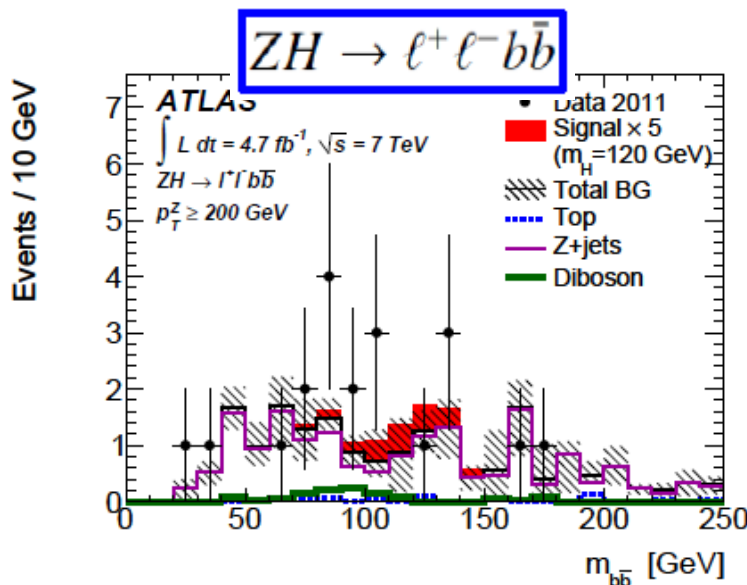
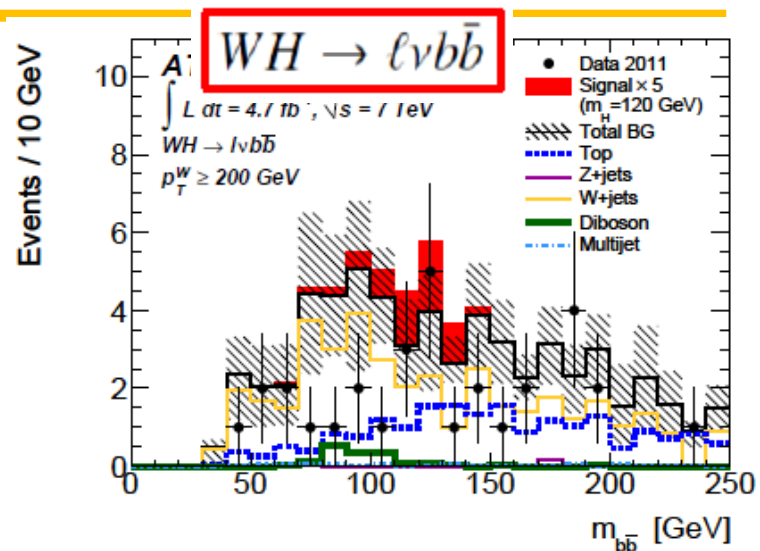
$$ZH \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} b \bar{b}$$



- Boosted event :
  - Require High momentum vector boson( $p_T^V$ ) was used to enhance S/N ratio.
- ATLAS : **Cut based analysis**. 4(3)  $p_T^V$  bins for  $\ell\nu b\bar{b}$ ,  $\ell\bar{\ell} b\bar{b}$  ( $\nu\nu b\bar{b}$ )
  - $m_{b\bar{b}}$  for the final discriminant.
- CMS : **Multivariate(BDT) analysis** with 2  $p_T^V$  bins.
  - BDT score for the final discriminant.

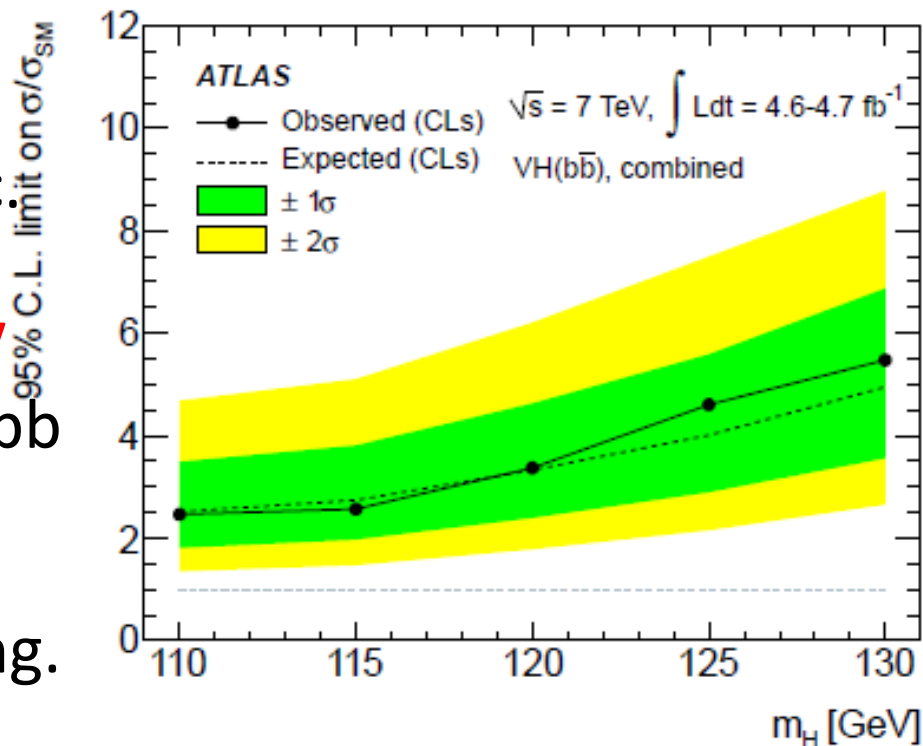
# Result : ATLAS 7TeV(5fb<sup>-1</sup>)

- Used mass of the two b quark as a discriminant.
- Showed highest  $p_T^V$  categories for each final state.

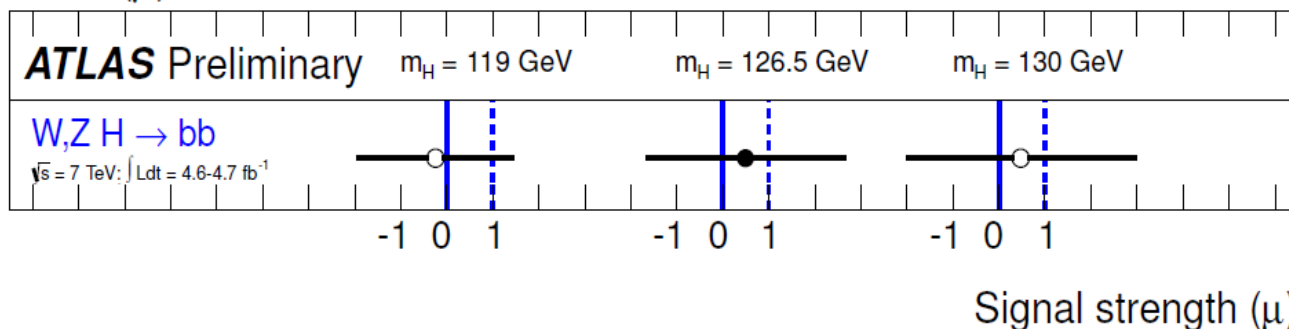


# Result : ATLAS 7TeV(5fb<sup>-1</sup>)

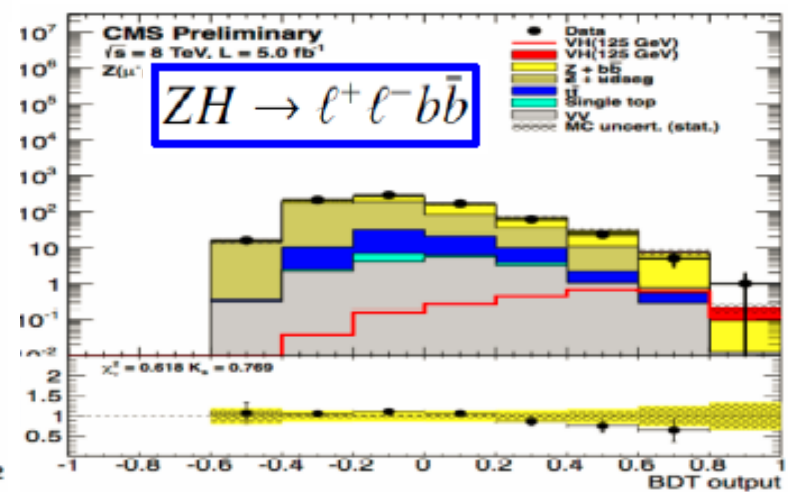
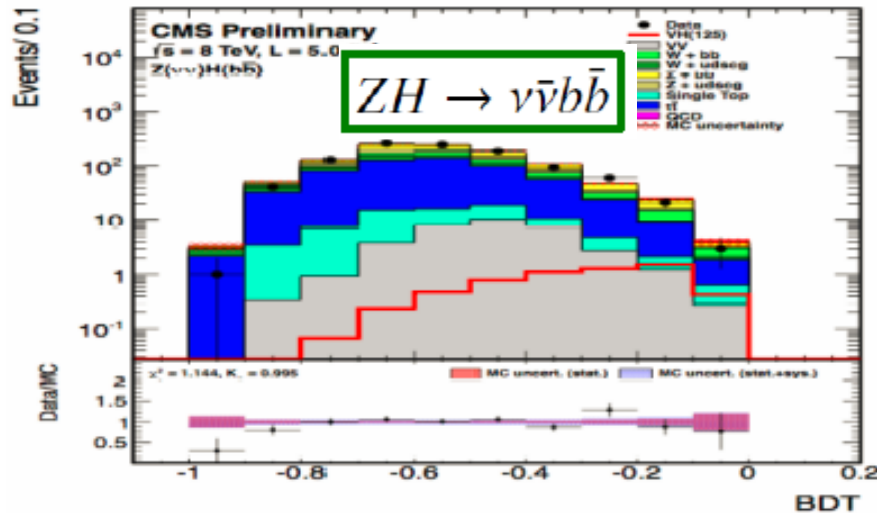
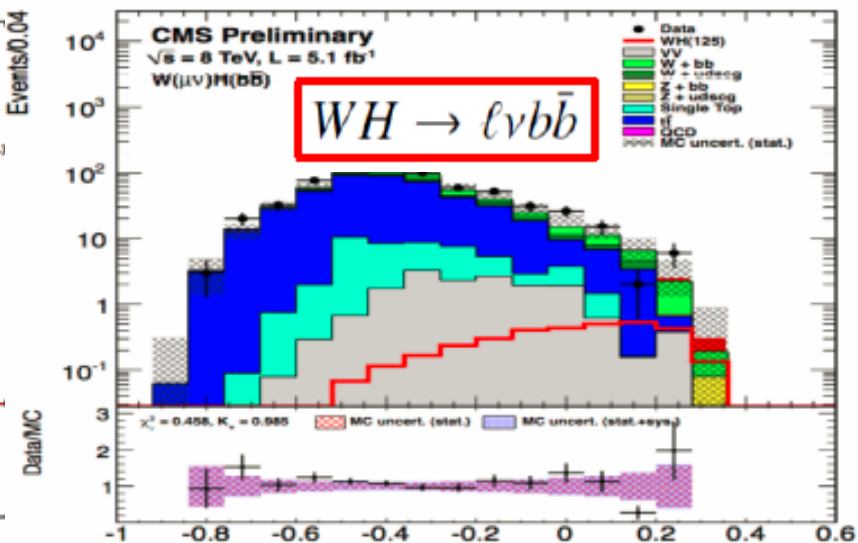
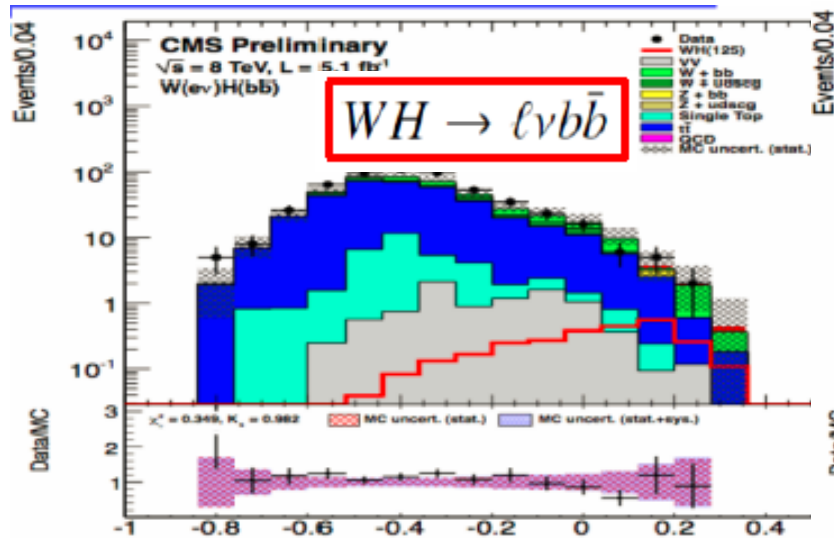
- No significant excess beyond background was observed.
- Set 95% CL upper limit on  $\mu$ 
  - Expected : 2.5-5 x SM
  - **Observed : 4.6 xSM @ 125GeV**
- Most sensitive channels are  $lvbb$  and  $vvbb$
- 2012 analyses with improvements are now ongoing.



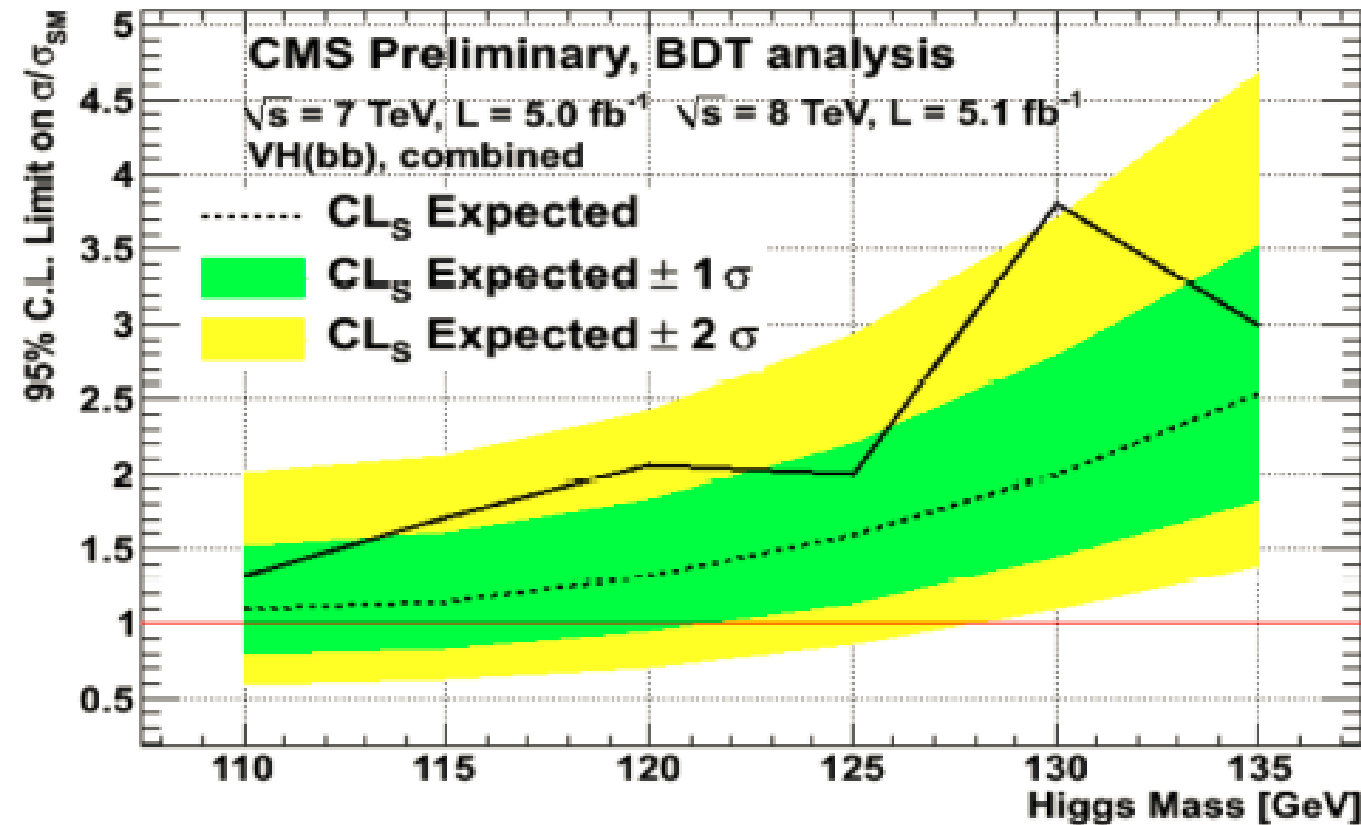
$-2\ln\lambda(\mu) < 1$  Intervals



# Result : CMS 7TeV(5fb<sup>-1</sup>)+8TeV(5.1fb<sup>-1</sup>)



# Result : CMS 7TeV(5fb<sup>-1</sup>)+8TeV(5.1fb<sup>-1</sup>)



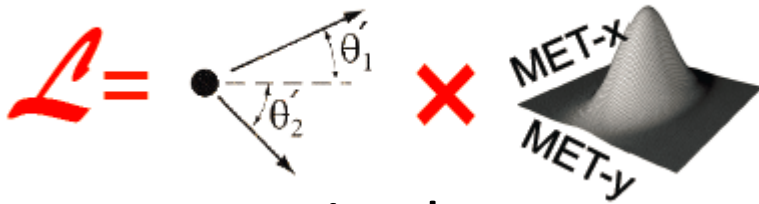
- Almost reached to the SM xsec at  $m_H < 115 \text{ GeV}$ 
  - Expected limits are  $\sim 1.1 \times \text{SM}$
- **Observed(Expected) limits @125GeV are 2(1.6) $\times \text{SM}$**

# Mass reconstruction

Event by Event estimator of true di- $\tau$  mass likelihood.  
Full reconstruction of event kinematics.

SV fit

CMS

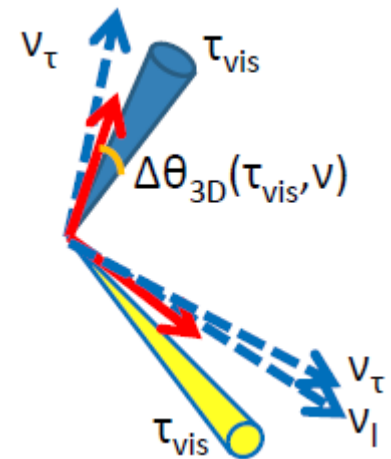
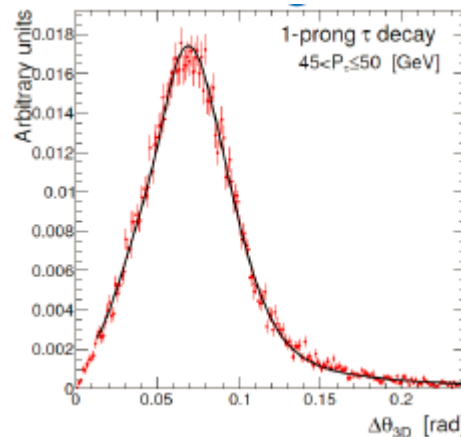


- Exact Matrix Element used for  $\tau \rightarrow l\nu\nu$
- Phase-Space is used for  $\tau \rightarrow \pi$
- Mass peaks at true value
- Better separation between H and Z.

ATLAS

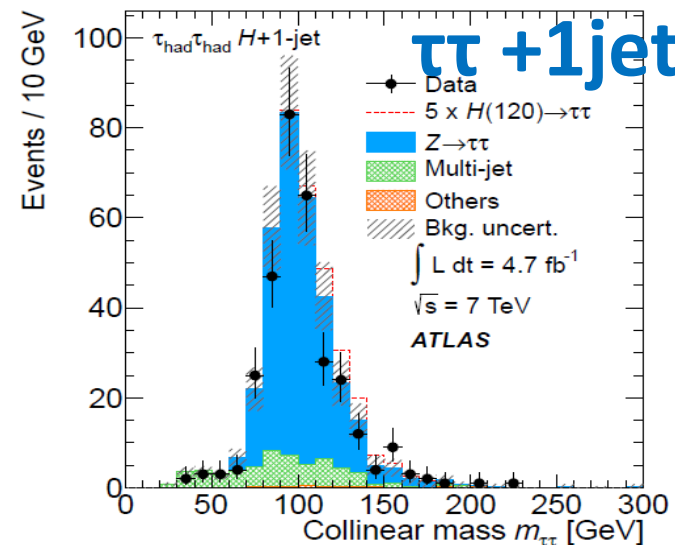
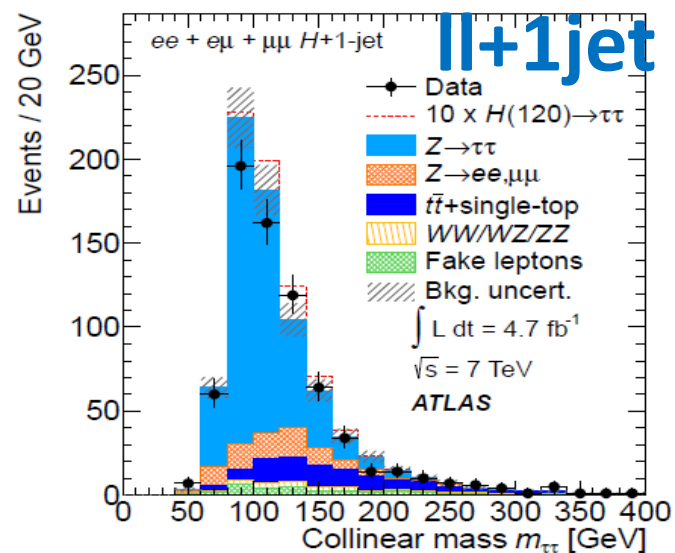
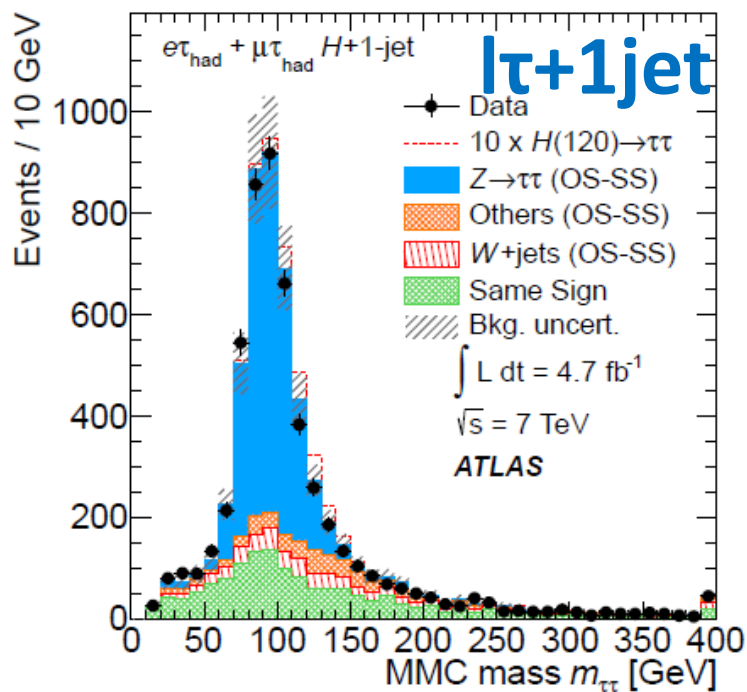
Missing Mass Calculator(MMC)

- Solve  $\tau$ ,  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  in  $\Delta\phi(\tau_{\text{vis}}, \nu)$  parameter space using  $\Delta\theta_{3D}(\tau_{\text{vis}}, \nu)$  template from simulation as PDF.



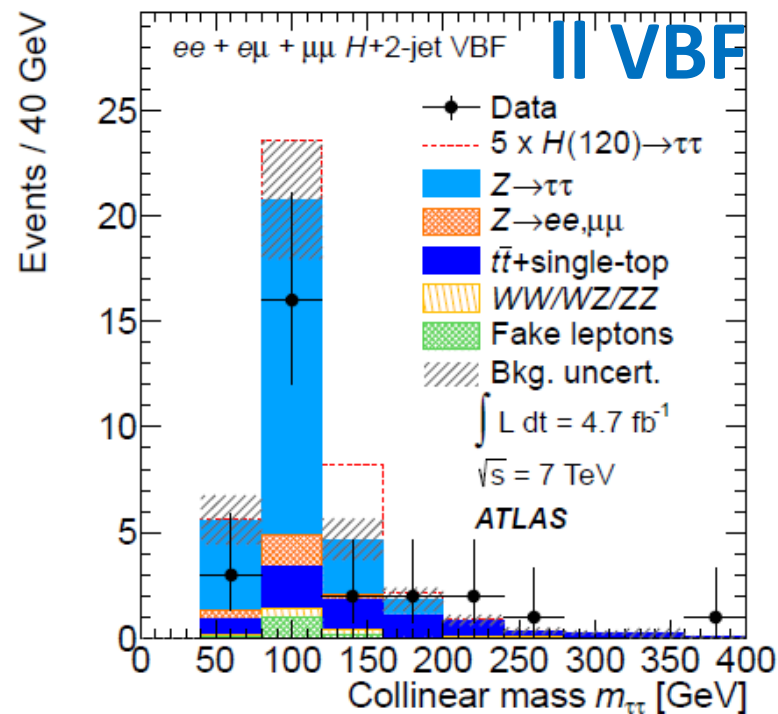
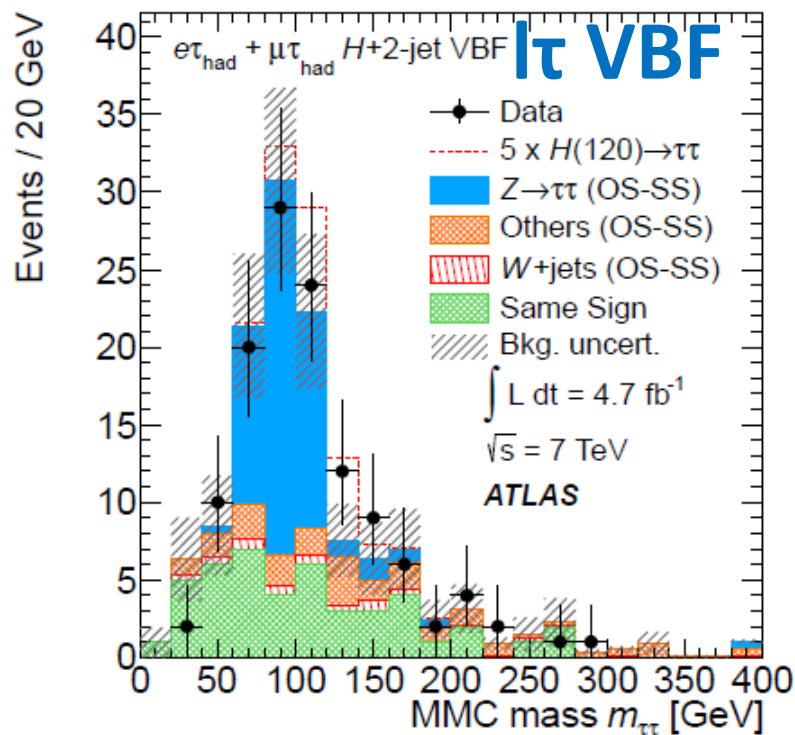
# Result : ATLAS 7TeV(4.7fb<sup>-1</sup>)

- 1 jet category.
  - dominated by ggF process.
- Boost Higgs events are selected (hadhad)
  - Non negligible VBF contribution (1/3)



# Result : ATLAS 7TeV(4.7fb<sup>-1</sup>)

- VBF category
  - High pt forward jets with large  $m_{jj}$  and  $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ .



(d)  $H + 2\text{-jet VBF}$

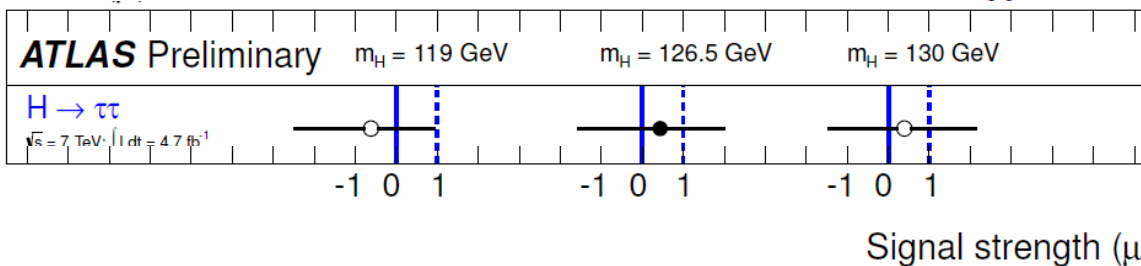
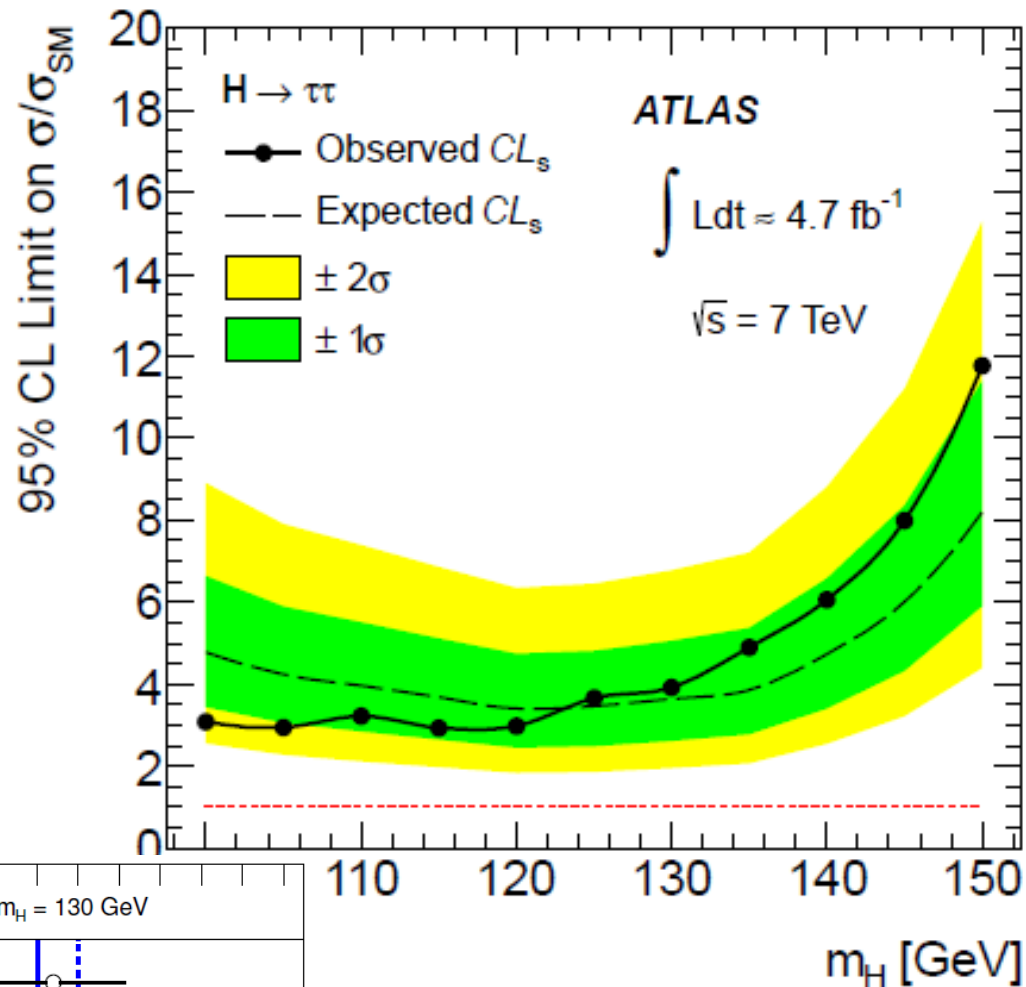
# Result : ATLAS 7TeV(4.7fb<sup>-1</sup>)

Combination of three channels

**Observed limit : 2.8-12.1**

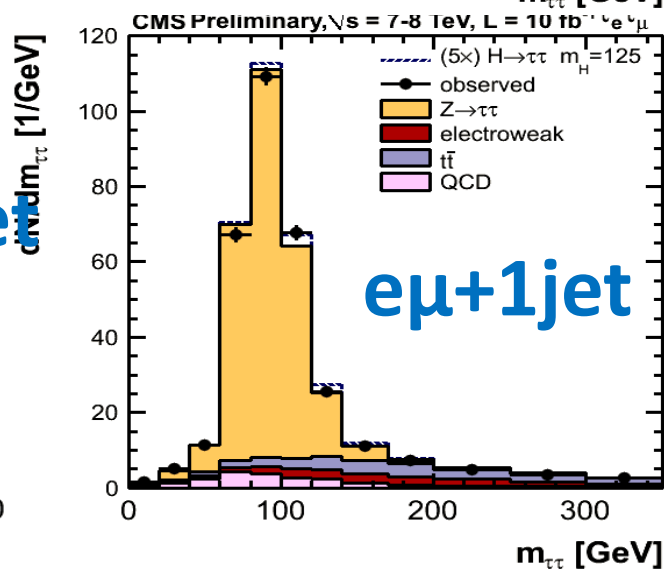
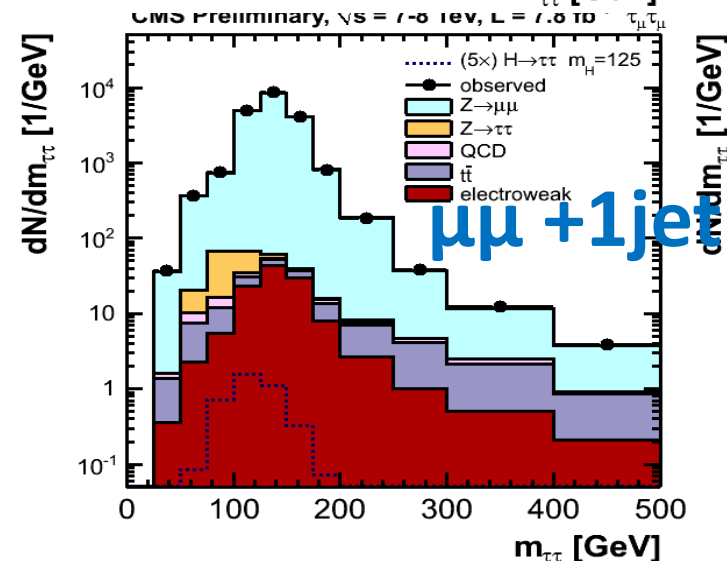
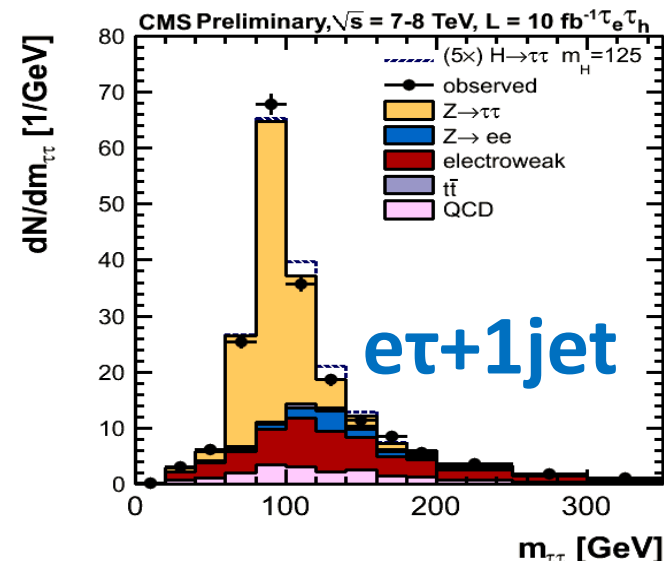
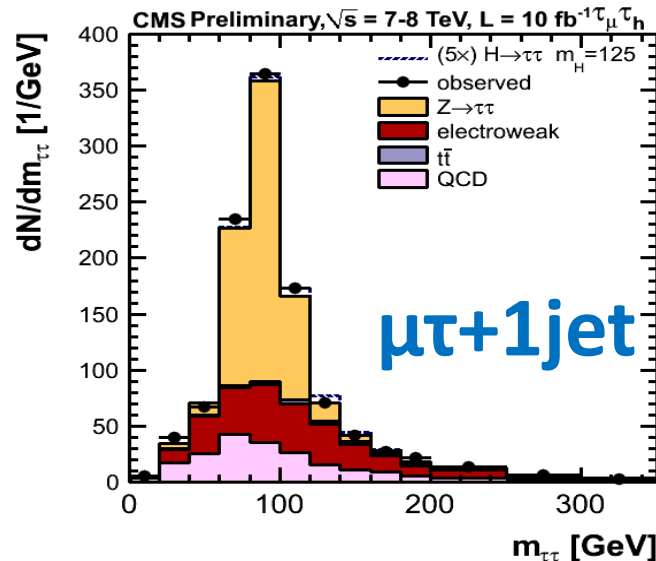
**Expected limit : 3.4-8.0**

@ 100-150GeV Higgs mass



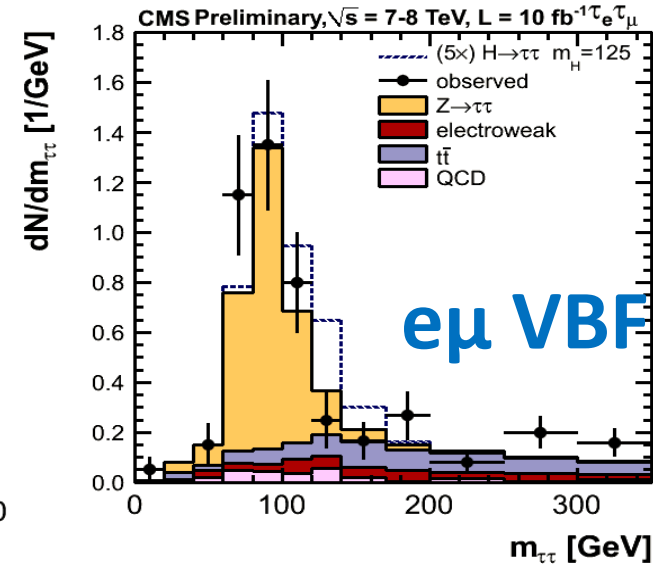
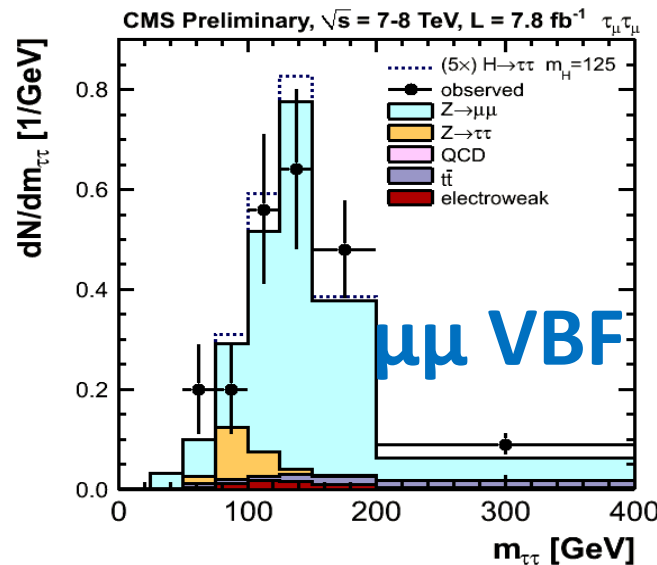
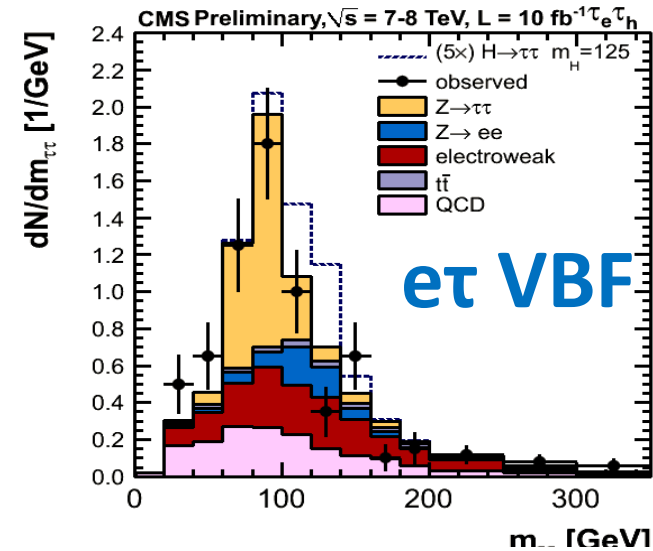
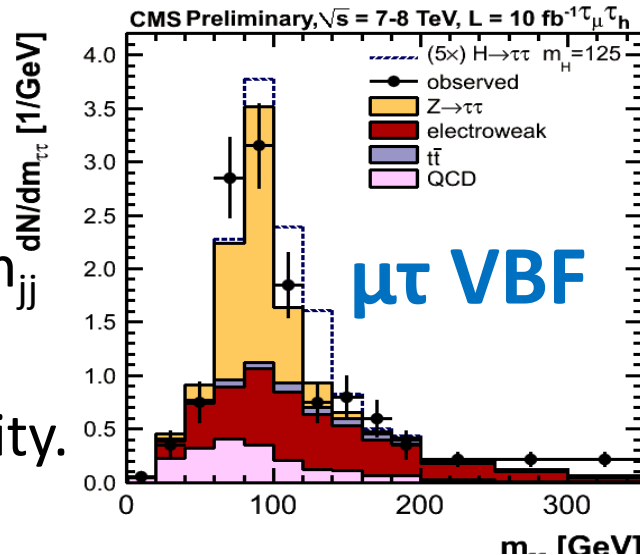
# Result : CMS 7TeV(4.9fb<sup>-1</sup>)+8TeV(5.1fb<sup>-1</sup>)

- 1jet category
- Enhances ggF production.
- Split into High/Low p<sub>T</sub> events.
- High p<sub>T</sub> events have better mass resolution.

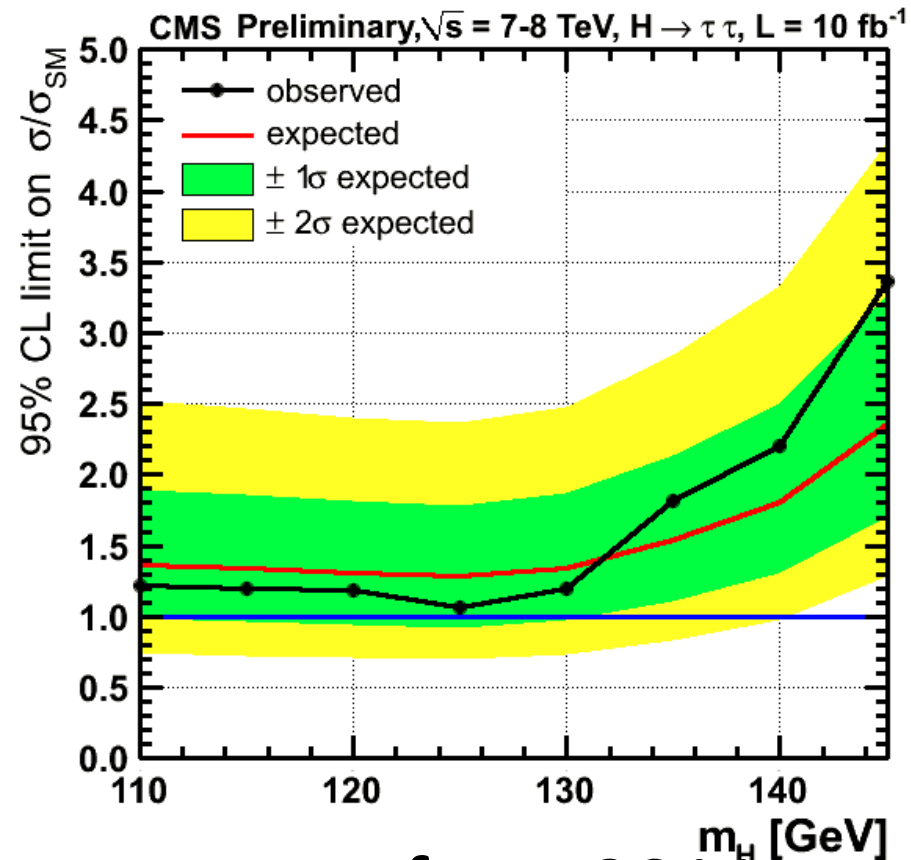
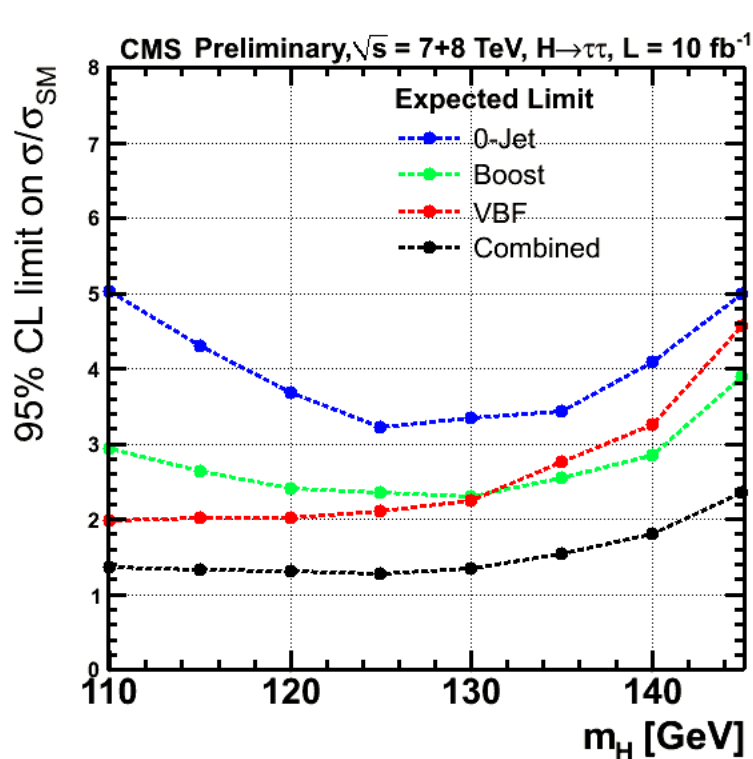


# Result : CMS 7TeV(4.9fb<sup>-1</sup>)+8TeV(5.1fb<sup>-1</sup>)

- VBF category
  - High pt forward jets with large  $m_{jj}$  and  $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ .
  - Highest sensitivity. ( $m_H < 130 \text{ GeV}$ )



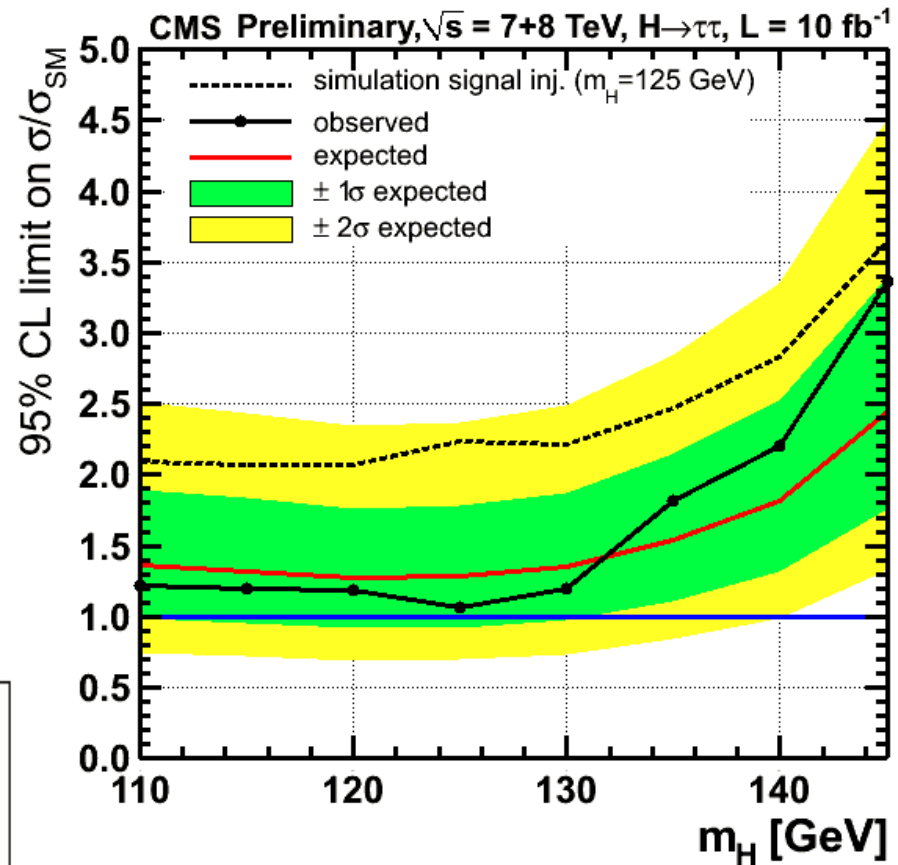
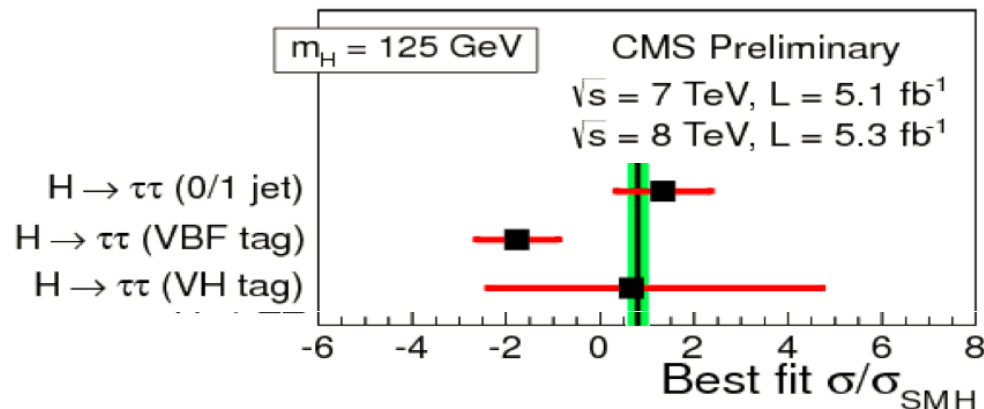
# Result : CMS 7TeV(4.9fb<sup>-1</sup>)+8TeV(5.1fb<sup>-1</sup>)



- Analysis improved. 2x improvement from 2011.
- Observed(Expected) limit is 1.06(1.3)xSM!

# Result : CMS 7TeV(4.9fb<sup>-1</sup>)+8TeV(5.1fb<sup>-1</sup>)

- Is this happened even if SM Signal exist?
- Made limit plot by injecting SM signal
- Signal cross section best fit value :
  - ggF dominant category : consistent to SM prediction.
  - VBF category : downward fluctuation. In consistent to SM prediction.



# Schedule for coming 10 years

- Length of LS2: minimum 12 months
- 2019 commissioning: several months

